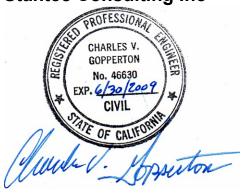
Appendix N
Initial Drainage Report

Initial Drainage Report Solar One LLC San Bernardino, California Project No. 200002430





Prepared for Stirling Energy Systems Ву **Stantec Consulting Inc**



Report Date: 7 October 2008

35

Table of Contents

Figure 6.3-1 Flood Plain Map

2.0 LOCATION	
	IDATIONS38
List of Figures	
2.0t 01 1 igu100	Page
Figure 2.1-1 Location Map	3
Figure 2.2-1 Site Map	4
Figure 3.2-1 Cross Section Map	6
Figure 3.2-2 Culvert and Trestle Locations	Лар 7
Photo 3.4-1 Sandy Soil in Wash Area	8
Photo 3.4-2 Silty Soil in Wash Area	9
Photo 3.4-3 Armoring	9
Photo 3.4-4 Lava Flow	10
Photo 5.3-1 BNSF Railroad Trestle	15
Photo 5.3-2 Typical Culvert at I-40	17
Figure 5.3-3 Hydrology Map	19
Photo 5.4-1 Sparse Vegetative Cover	22
Photo 6.1-1 Typical Sheet Flow Area	27
Photo 6.2-1 Erosion at Culvert Outlet	28
Photo 6.2-2 Typical Dry Wash	28
Figure 6.2-3 Estimated Scour at SunCatche	r Foundations 29

List of Tables

	Page
Table 5.4-1 Precipitation Depth – Duration - Frequency	20
Table 5.4-2 Runoff Curve Numbers	23
Table 5.4-3 Summary of Flood Discharges	24
Table 6.3-1 Summary of Floodplain Hydraulic Analysis	30
Table 6.4-1 Summary of Flows Through Railroad Trestles	36

List of Plates

Plate 1 - Hydrology Map	1 s	heet
Plate 2 – Floodplain Map	1 s	heet

List of Appendices

Appendix A – Hydrology Analysis

Appendix B – Hydraulic Analysis

This report was prepared by Stantec Consulting Inc. for *Project No. 200002430 Solar One Site for the Stirling Energy Systems, Inc.* The material in it reflects Stantec's judgment in light of the information available to it at the time of preparation. Any use which a third party makes of this report, or any reliance on or decisions made based on it, are the responsibility of such third parties. Stantec accepts no responsibility for damages, if any suffered by any third party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this report.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report documents the initial hydrologic analysis of the Stirling Energy Systems, Solar One Project. The goals of this study are to:

- 1. evaluate the storm runoff that impacts the site
- identify the locations on the proposed site which would be inundated by floodwater from a 100-year storm
- 3. estimate the approximate depth of flooding which could be expected

The study is not intended to provide a detailed floodplain analysis or to provide all the data necessary for design. It is intended, however, that the results provide sufficient information to support initial site layout and final design efforts.

Findings and Recommendations

- 1. Portions of the site are subject to active and / or inactive alluvial fan flooding hazards. However, due to the relatively low rates of precipitation observed in the area, the overall risk due to flooding is low.
- 2. To control flood impacts, consideration should be given to the siting of buildings and other infrastructure outside of defined washes and minimizing surface disturbing activities.
- 3. Some areas within the site exhibit a lack of well defined drainage channels. Site grading to provide adequate channels and drains to convey the storm water away from the roads, buildings and other improvements may be useful to control shallow sheet flows in these areas.
- 4. Site soils are erodible and storm runoff may cause erosion and deposition of sediment. Grading plan design and details should focus on preventing erosion and managing the sediment on the site to reduce the amount of maintenance that may be required. This may require erosion protection measures such as riprap and sediment control by constructing sediment basins. Stabilization of roads, parking areas and building sites may also be done by paving or applying soil binder to the surface which will reduce dust and erosion.

- 5. Arizona Crossings (roadway dips) or low flow culverts consisting of a small diameter storm drain with a perforated stem pipe should be placed on roadways as needed to facilitate crossing the minor and major channels / swales during rain storms.
- 6. Building sites should be developed per San Bernardino County drainage criteria. They should provide storm water retention basins to mitigate any increase in storm water runoff.
- 7. Care should be taken when siting ground mounted solar generating equipment (such as transformers) on the site to avoid existing wash areas.
- 8. Hector Road at the crossing of the railroad tracks is impacted by 100-year flows on both the north and south side of the tracks. These flows should be channelized through the proposed bridge if possible.

SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.1 General

This drainage report is prepared for Stirling Energy Systems (SES), Inc as part of the Application for Certification (AFC) to the California Energy Commission (CEC) for the Solar One Project. The project includes construction of a solar thermal electric generating facility about 34 miles east of Barstow, California, north of Interstate 40. Electrical power will be supplied to Southern California Edison (SCE). The first phase of the project will generate 500 MW and the second phase of the project includes the expansion of the solar field to develop another 350MW of power for a total of 850MW.

The energy is generated by solar generating equipment consisting of parabolic dish mirrors, which focus solar heat energy on a Stirling engine, which powers a generator. This assembly is referred to as a SunCatcher™. Approximately twenty thousand SunCatchers will be constructed on the Phase 1 project to generate the 500MW and fourteen thousand additional SunCatchers constructed in Phase 2 to generate the remaining 350MW.

The purpose of this study is to conduct a surface water investigation of the Solar One project site and to evaluate potential issues related to storm water runoff. The goals of this study are to:

- evaluate the 25- and 100-year storm runoff which impacts the site
- identify the locations on the proposed site which would be inundated during the 100year storm
- estimate the approximate depth of flooding which could be expected during the 100year storm

The study is not intended to provide a detailed floodplain analysis or to provide all the data necessary for design. It is intended to provide sufficient information to adequately evaluate the feasibility of the site for development of the project.

SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.2 Existing Data and Reports

The following data were obtained and reviewed for the analysis of the site hydrology.

USGS Maps

United States Geologic Survey (USGS) 7 ½ minute quadrangle maps of the area were obtained for the area including Ash Hill, Broadwell Lake, Hector, Hidden Valley West, Lavic Lake, Ludlow, Silver Bell Mine, Sleeping Beauty, Sunshine Peak, and Troy. These maps were obtained to provide topographic information necessary to define the watershed which contributes runoff to the project site. The maps were obtained in digital format and provide the base for the watershed map.

Aerial Photos

Lower resolution, non orthorectified aerial photos of the project site and surrounding area were obtained and used to help delineate the watershed boundary and flow paths.

Mapping

Aerial topography with 1 foot contours was acquired for a small portion of the site for the pilot project site in 2006. Additional aerial survey data is currently being acquired, however it was not yet available for use in this analysis.

Hydrology

Hydrology methodology and data are defined in the San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual¹.

¹ Revised County of San Bernardino Hydrology Manual (1986), Williamson and Schmid, Civil Engineers

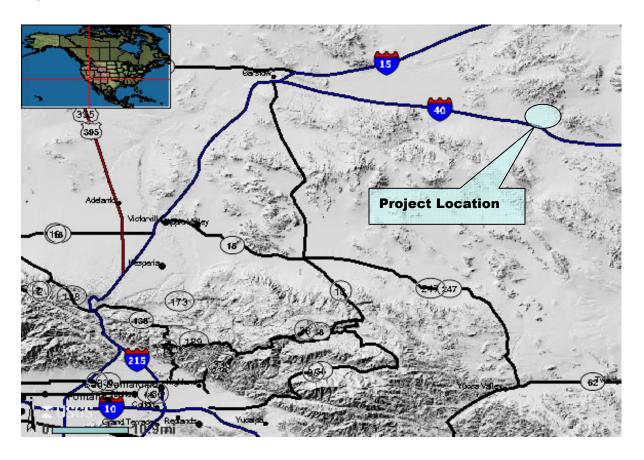
SECTION 2.0 LOCATION

2.0 LOCATION

2.1 General Location

The project is located in San Bernardino County in southern California about 37 miles east of Barstow, California, just north of Interstate 40. (straight-line distances taken from Pisgah Substation). Additionally, it is located approximately 115 miles east of Los Angeles, 17 miles east of Newberry Springs, 30 miles east of Daggett, 38 miles south west of Baker, 57 miles north east of Victorville and 13 miles west of Ludlow. See Figure 2.1-1, Location Map.

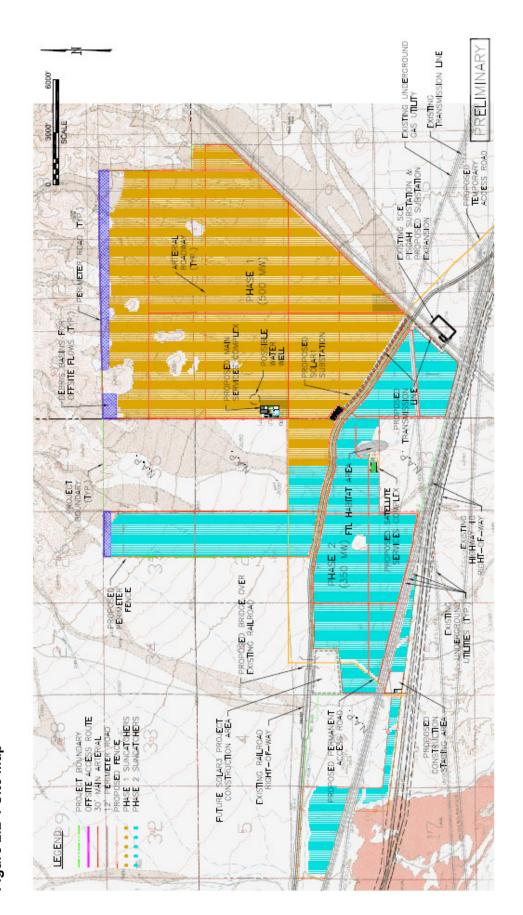
Figure 2.1-1 Location Map



2.2 Site Plan

The Solar One site occupies approximately 10,500 acres of land. The project boundaries are shown on Figure 2.2-1, Site Map. Most of the land is managed by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM), however there are also portions which are privately owned. Those private lands are shown as Not a Part (N.A.P.).

Figure 2.2-1 Site Map



3.0 SITE DESCRIPTION

3.1 Field Investigation

Field inspections of the site by Stantec were conducted on the following dates:

16 August 2006 – Solar 1 Pilot Site field investigation

This trip was conducted for the purpose of investigating the site for the hydrology analysis of the pilot site.

14 March 2007 - Solar 1, 3 & 6 Site field investigation

This trip was conducted for the purpose of investigating the area north of the railroad tracks, specifically the northwest area for preparation of the Plan of Development.

14 October 2008 - Solar 1, Phase 1 & 2 Site field investigation

This trip was conducted prior to completing this report to investigate the culverts, trestles and the watershed areas both south and north of the railroad tracks and south of the highway.

28 October 2008 - Solar 1, Phase 1 & 2 Site field investigation

This trip was conducted for a general project site overview with members of Stantec, SES, BLM, CEC and URS Corp.

Field trips involved primarily driving the site on the existing unimproved roads and trails and due to the size of the site, a limited amount of walking and observations were made of the following:

- Observed general drainage flow paths
- Observed the culverts along the interstate
- Observed the railroad embankment and trestles
- Took photos of the site
- Evaluated the soil types with regard to drainage characteristics
- Evaluated the presence of alluvial fans / plains

Evaluated sediment transport processes at the site

3.2 Field Survey

Survey crews collected the following information in October 2008:

- cross section elevations of some of the major washes on the site
- culvert locations and sizes

Locations of the surveyed cross sections, culverts and trestles are shown on Figure 3.2-1, Cross Section Map. Locations of culverts and trestles as well as the Pisgah Crater lava flows are also shown on an aerial photo in Figure 3.3-2, Culvert and Trestle Location Map.

Figure 3.2-1 Cross Section Map

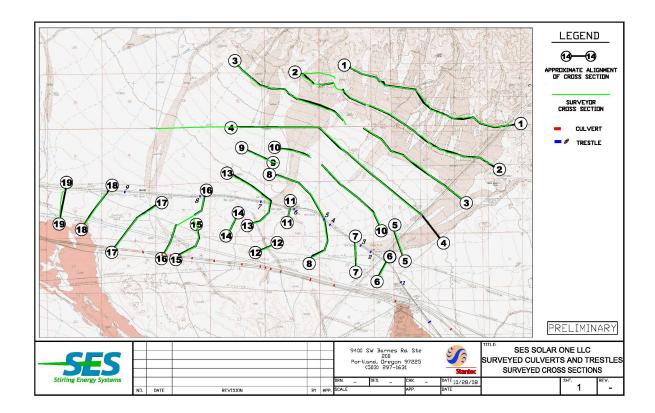


Figure 3.2-2 Culvert and Trestle Locations Map



3.3 Watershed General Characteristics

The watershed is characterized by rugged, weathered mountains on the north and east sloping down to a moderately sloped plain, typical of the basin and range province. The ground surface at the proposed site generally slopes from the northeast to the southwest from an approximate high point elevation of 2,240 feet above mean sea level (msl) to the southwestern side of the site with an elevation of approximately 1,800 feet. Slopes range from approximately 2% - 4% across the site except along the most westerly wash where the slope is approximately 1%. Average slopes in the mountainous offsite watershed range to 10% with maximum elevation of over 3,600 feet.

The site lies in the Mojave desert and the climate is hot and arid. The 100-year, 24-hour rainfall total depth is estimated to be just 3.8 inches. Vegetation is sparse and consists of sage brush, creosote and some patches of grass. The site is overlain with primarily alluvial deposits of sand with some gravel and a few cobbles and boulders. Near the site to the south is a massive lava flow from the Pisgah Crater which is approximately 3 miles south of

the pilot site. It appears that there are also volcanic deposits which are presumed to emanate from the Pisgah Crater.

The offsite watershed extends easterly into the Cady Mountains. Runoff emanating from these mountains flows across alluvial fans and then across a broad alluvial plain into the project site. There is also a watershed south of the project site which emanates from the Pisgah Crater. That runoff flows northwesterly and crosses through the highway to impact the southerly part of the site.

3.4 Soils

Site soils are generally of four different types. Within wash areas, soils vary from silty to gravelly fine sands which are loose, un-compacted and exhibit little cohesion. Soils in these areas are deposited by fluvial action and are often uniformly graded (sorted). See Photo 3.4-1 for an example of Sandy soil in a wash crossing the road north of the Pisgah Substation.

Photo 3.4-1 Sandy Soil in Wash Area



See Photo 3.4-2 for an example of silty soil within a dry wash.

In higher areas, which are not subject to concentrated water flows, soils are more densely compacted and contain larger gravels, cobbles and boulders. Soils in these areas exhibit relatively little desert varnish but in places, do appear to be armored. See Photo 3.4-3 for an example of armoring.

Photo 3.4-2 Silty Soil in Wash Area



Photo 3.4-3 Armoring



In some areas, rock outcrops are observed which appear to be either exposed bedrock (near the mountains) or lava flows near the crater. See Photo 3.4-4 for an example of a lava flow which is south of the Pisgah Substation.

Part of the area is littered with pyroclastic material presumably from the Pisgah Crater which is several miles southeast of the project site. The mountainous offsite watershed area includes massive outcrops of bedrock. The bedrock is highly fractured and weathered.

Photo 3.4-4 Lava Flow



3.5 BNSF Railroad

The Burlington Northern Santa Fe (BNSF) Railroad line bisects the site generally in an east – west direction and divides Phase 1 and Phase 2. Phase 1 is entirely north of the tracks and the majority of Phase 2 is south of the tracks. A small portion of Phase 2 also lies north of the tracks on the west side. The railroad is elevated above the natural ground where it passes through the project site and generally consists of 2 or more sets of rails. Upstream and downstream of the railroad embankment, drainage channels have been formed which divert stormwater and protect the rail lines. Trestles pass stormwater under the tracks generally from north to south and from east to west.

3.6 Interstate 40

Interstate 40 forms the approximate southern boundary of the project site. It is generally elevated slightly above the natural ground where it passes through the project site. Culverts and bridges pass the stormwater under the highway onto the project site.

4.0 FEMA FLOODPLAIN CLASSIFICATION

4.1 Alluvial Fan

The watershed areas lying immediately below the mountains on the north side of the site are determined to be part of a series of alluvial fans and meet the description provided by FEMA for stage 1 determination of an alluvial fan².

FEMA provides the following definitions for Alluvial Fans and Alluvial Fan Flooding:

Alluvial Fan -- An alluvial fan is a sedimentary deposit located at a topographic break such as the base of a mountain front, escarpment, or valley side, that is composed of stream flow and/or debris flow sediments and which has the shape of a fan, either fully or partially extended.

Alluvial Fan Flooding - flooding occurring on the surface of an alluvial fan or similar landform which originates at the apex and is characterized by high-velocity flows; active processes of erosion, sediment transport, and deposition; and, unpredictable flowpaths.

An alluvial fan may exhibit both active and inactive alluvial fan flood hazards. Determination has not been positively made whether the fans are active or inactive. However, it should be assumed that portions are active. Counter to active alluvial fan flooding, inactive alluvial fan flooding is characterized by relatively stable flow paths. Even if parts of the project site are in inactive alluvial fans, they may still be subject to sediment deposition and erosion, but to a degree that does not cause flow path instability and uncertainty. Although project development on the fan, outside of the existing wash locations is at risk of flooding in the future, it is assumed that the risk from 100-year flooding, outside of the limits of these washes is <u>low</u>.

As is typical with alluvial fans, storm runoff through the site consists of both channelized flows as well as sheet flows. Sometimes, both types of flow pattern occur in the same wash. Existing USGS topographic mapping accurately depicts the approximate alignment of the washes. In most cases however, the alignment is shown simply as a blue line. This doesn't define the limits (width) of the wash. In other cases, the maps show a shaded flooding area

_

² Federal Emergency Management Agency, Guidelines for Determining Flood Hazards on Alluvial Fans, February 2000

which does illustrate the fact that the wash is larger and varies in width. These shaded areas are typically quite conservative and show a large area with the potential for storm runoff. However, again the limits of the wash and width of the flood prone areas may not be accurately shown on the USGS maps.

4.2 FEMA Flood Mapping

The site is not mapped on FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM), however the area is designated as Zone D.

FEMA provides the following definition for Zone D:

The Zone D designation is used for areas where there are possible but undetermined flood hazards. In areas designated as Zone D, no analysis of flood hazards has been conducted. Mandatory flood insurance purchase requirements do not apply, but coverage is available. The flood insurance rates for properties in Zone D are commensurate with the uncertainty of the flood risk.

As described in section 4.1, Alluvial Fan, the site meets the Stage 1 definition of an alluvial fan and areas within the site are subject to active and / or inactive alluvial fan flooding. However, due to the relatively low rates of precipitation observed in the area, the overall risk due to flooding is low.

5.0 HYDROLOGY

5.1 Hydrologic Setting

The project site lies within the Mojave Desert, and is part of the Great Basin. The Great Basin is a 200,000 square mile area that drains internally. All precipitation in the Great Basin evaporates, sinks underground or flows into lakes (mostly saline). Creeks, streams, or rivers find no outlet to either the Gulf of Mexico or the Pacific Ocean. The Great Basin is bounded by the Wasatch Mountains to the east, the Sierra Nevada to the west, and the Snake River Plain to the north.

The topography of the watershed is typical of the Basin and Range Province. The site lies along the edge of the valley at the foot of the Cady Mountains. As is typical with the basin and range system, the basin is bounded by the Pisgah and Lavic Lake Faults. Weathering and erosion from the mountain ranges over thousands of years has created a layer of sediment which has been deposited due primarily to alluvial processes in the valley, mostly burying the bedrock.

The site is located northwest of the Pisgah Crater, also known as Pisgah Volcano. The volcano is the youngest vent in the Lavic Lake volcanic field. It is speculated that there may have been activity at this site as recent as 2,000 years ago, though more likely 20,000 to 50,000 years ago. The lava flows extend over 10 miles from the cone and are visible at the ground surface within portions of the project site. The crater and lava flows can be clearly seen in the aerial photo in Figure 3.3-2.

The project site is located generally on a gently sloping alluvial surface. On the west side of the site, slopes vary from about 1.5% - 4.5% and exhibit the characteristics of an alluvial fan or plain. Slopes within the mountainous watershed north and east of the site are steeper. These slopes promote runoff of floodwater when the precipitation rate exceeds the infiltration rate of the soil.

The Mojave Desert is one of the hottest and most arid regions in North America. The project site lies approximately 80 miles south of Death Valley. This region is one of the more arid parts of the Mojave Desert with an average annual precipitation of approximately 5 inches (measured in Barstow). Maximum recorded 24-hour precipitation is 1.57 inches (measured in Barstow). February is the wettest month with a mean rainfall of 0.99 inches and a

maximum of 4.22 inches. June is the driest month with a mean rainfall of 0.06 inches and maximum of 0.60 inches. Average annual maximum and minimum temperatures are 80° F and 50° F. Daily maximum and minimum temperatures are 115° F and 8° F. Average annual pan evaporation is over 140 inches.

Storm runoff through the site is likely during short duration thunderstorms where precipitation intensity exceeds the infiltration and losses on the site. Since thunderstorms typically cover small aerial extents, it is possible that localized flooding will be experienced in parts of the site while other parts may remain unaffected. Overall, the risk from flooding is low.

5.2 Surface Water

There are no perennial streams within the project site or in the area. The nearest major ephemeral stream is the Mojave River which is approximately 15 miles northwest of the site and does not pose a flooding hazard to the project. The site is traversed by a number of small ephemeral washes. These are normally dry streambeds, which may flow after significant rainfall. Washes fill up quickly during rains, and there may be a sudden rush of water after a thunderstorm begins upstream, such as during monsoon conditions.

No floodplains have been delineated by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), however a preliminary floodplain delineation is presented in this study to identify significant washes within the project site, which may pose a flooding hazard during the 100-year storm. However, it is apparent from observations that much of the stormwater runoff through the site occurs by sheet flow with relatively low velocities and flow depths.

5.3 Watershed

Phase 1

In general, drainage in Phase 1 of the project area flows southwest from the Cady Mountains, however along the south boundary of Phase 1, some flows are diverted by the railroad and flow straight west.

As shown there is an offsite watershed area of nearly 20 square miles which drains either directly to the Phase 1 project site or drains to the railroad tracks and is partially diverted into Phase 1. The Phase 1 site is nearly 10 square miles so the total watershed area for

Phase 1 is approximately 30 square miles. Approximately 10 blue line streams pass through the Phase 1 project area. Several of these coalesce into larger washes and all drain to the railroad at the southern boundary of the Phase 1 site.

The runoff from Phase 1 flows through the existing trestles at the railroad. Photo 5.3-1 shows a typical trestle at the BNSF railroad. Some of the trestles may have insufficient capacity to pass 100-year flows and some flow is diverted west along the railroad on the southern boundary of the project site and eventually flows through trestles along the southern boundary of the Phase 1 site.

Photo 5.3-1 BNSF Railroad Trestle



It is assumed that the 100-year flood will generally be conveyed along the railroad and through the trestles along the railroad right of way. This right of way is excavated and maintained by the BNSF Railroad Company to allow the water to pond and flow at low velocities. The right of way is delineated along the north line with a barb wire fence.

The offsite watershed impacting Phase 1 emanates from the Cady Mountains which flank the northeast side of the project area. Field investigation and review of the topographic maps suggest that the watershed consists of a series of alluvial fans which coalesce to form a Bajada. From review of the topographic mapping in the field, it appears that the areas with the highest current risk of active flooding are generally shown on the USGS 7.5 minute quadrangles. These areas are indicated as blue lines and as shaded wash areas. While these areas are easily identifiable on the mapping, they may be occasionally difficult to identify in the field. Washes are often well incised near the base of the mountains. However, these same washes transition into sheet flow and shallow concentrated flow areas which do not have a well incised channel or with a series of small channels which are

braided and all may carry a fraction of the total wash flow. The sheet flow areas can be clearly seen in the aerial photo in Figure 3.3-2. Sheet flow is defined as flow of water as broad sheets that are unconfined by channel boundaries. Because the sheet flow and braided wash flow may carry a sediment load and follow unpredictable flow paths, development within these areas might be impacted by the storm water. Sheet flow areas appear to be more prevalent at distal locations from the apex of the fan. These locations are primarily within the proposed site development area.

Phase 2

The Phase 1 watershed which emanates from the Cady Mountains drains through the trestles on the railroad and then flows west through the Phase 2 site. This watershed has an area of nearly 30 square miles, however the railroad embankment has diverted and channelized much of the flow creating numerous ponding areas upstream of the railroad trestles. The trestles and ponding areas attenuate the peak flow and allow most of the sediment to drop out on the upstream (north or east) side of the railroad embankment. Additional drainage flows south from the Cady Mountains, west of the Phase 1 property limits, is diverted at the railroad tracks and then flows south in the Phase 2 area. This is another 10 square miles of watershed.

In addition to the Cady Mountain watershed, a second watershed is located south of the freeway and includes the Pisgah Crater and lava flow area. Runoff from this watershed generally flows either north or west. It reaches the Interstate highway and then continues north through numerous culverts and bridges into the Phase 2 project area. Photo 5.3-2 shows a typical culvert at I-40. After flowing through the culverts at the highway, the runoff commingles with the flow from the Cady Mountains and then flows west to the outfall. This watershed is approximately 13 square miles. As with the Cady Mountain Watershed, the Pisgah Watershed is diverted by the Interstate highway embankment and associated dikes and berms to be passed through culverts. Ponding occurs at these culvert locations and this reduces the peak flow and sediment loads which pass through the culverts.

Photo 5.3-2 Typical Culvert at I-40



In addition to these two offsite areas impacting Phase 2, the Phase 2 project site area which lies between the railroad tracks and the highway is over 6 square miles. Total watershed area impacting the downstream end of Phase 2 is roughly 60 square miles.

Temporary Site Access Road

Temporary site access is proposed along a new roadway alignment southeast of the project site and is shown on Figure 2.1-1. Storm runoff impacting this alignment is from a watershed area of approximately 4 square miles. There is just one blue line stream impacting the roadway alignment with a contributing drainage area of approximately 2 ½ square miles.

Primary Site Access Road

Primary access for the site is along Hector Road from I-40, north to the railroad crossing the Phase 2 site. There are three blue line streams which cross the proposed access road alignment and all of these drain large watersheds.

Nearly all of the runoff from the Cady Mountain watershed which passes through Phase 1 and from the Pisgah Crater watershed combines to flow towards Hector Road in three main washes. The largest (most northerly) wash flows northwest where it crosses back north through a trestle about ½ mile east of Hector Road. This allows flow to continue back to the north side of the tracks. From review of the aerial photos, it appears that this trestle allows flow to cross back to the north during most small storms. However, during larger storms,

some of the flow bypasses the trestle and continues west towards the Hector railroad crossing along the railroad right of way.

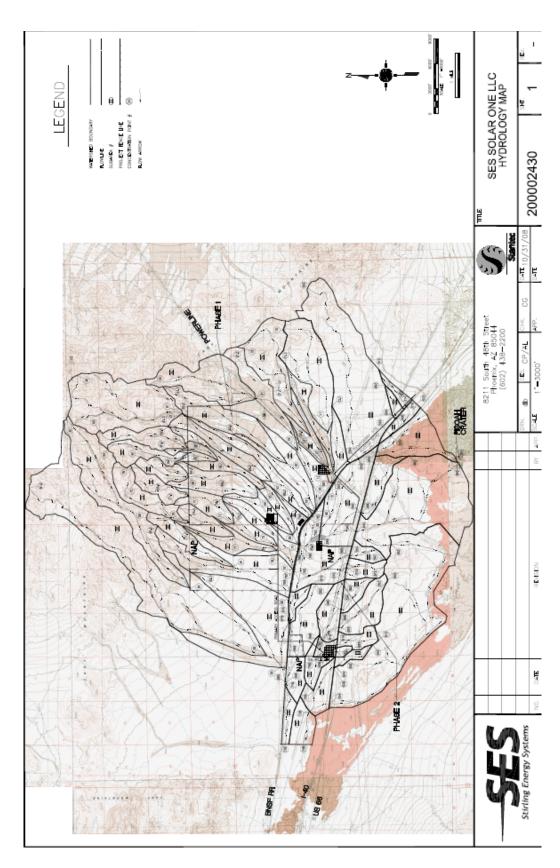
Once the flow is diverted back north through the tracks, it turns west, combines with additional runoff from the north side and then crosses Hector Road on the north side of the tracks. The area along the railroad right of way on both the north and south sides is a graded road which acts as a channel. Field investigation shows that it appears to have carried flows which have deposited sediment in the right of way.

The other two washes cross Hector Road south of the railroad crossing. It appears from observation in the field that stormwater runoff crosses the road in these washes along with some sediment which is deposited on the low sections of the roadway.

The washes carry sediment including silt, sand, gravel and cobbles from the mountains where they emanate. The material settles out as the flows continue down slope, with the larger gravels and cobbles dropping out first in the alluvial fan areas at the toe of the mountains and the finer particles being passed farther downstream on the alluvial plain. Most of the fine sand and silt is dropped within the project site or on the north side of the railroad tracks where the water ponds and then is diverted through the trestles and to the west. Fine sands are also deposited in the existing roadways and trails which exist throughout the site. These roadways perform as shallow flood channels, capturing stormwater and conveying it down slope.

Figure 5.3-3, Hydrology Map illustrates the general drainage system in and surrounding the project area.

Figure 5.3-3 Hydrology Map



5.4 Runoff Estimates

Storm runoff is estimated using a rainfall – runoff modeling procedure which utilizes the unit hydrograph procedures, guidelines and criteria presented in the San Bernardino County Hydrology Manual (Manual). Analysis is done using Advanced Engineering Software³ (AES) to calculate stormwater runoff rates coming from the watershed and flowing through the project site.

Precipitation

Rainfall data from gages are limited in this area due to the lack of rainfall and the lack of populated areas. Precipitation is estimated using published values in NOAA 14⁴. Values were obtained based on latitude and longitude of the site and an average value for the site was determined using the internet based Precipitation Frequency Data Server (PFDS) at http://hdsc.nws.noaa.gov/hdsc/pfds/. The design precipitation values are summarized in Table 5.4-1, Precipitation Depth – Duration – Frequency.

Table 5.4-1 Precipitation Depth – Duration - Frequency

	Rainfall (in)				
Duration	10-year	25-year	100-year		
5 min	0.29	0.39	0.57		
30 min	0.74	0.99	1.45		
60 min	0.92	1.22	1.80		
3 hours	1.32	1.68	2.33		
6 hours	1.70	2.15	2.89		
24 hours	2.33	2.89	3.80		

Design storm is based on the Soil Conservation Service⁵ (SCS) 24-hour storm pattern as modified by the San Bernardino County Flood Control District (SBCFCD). Precipitation

³ AES 2008, Version 15.0, San Bernardino County Method - Flood Hydrograph and Link Node

⁴ NOAA Atlas 14. Precipitation-Frequency Atlas of the United States, Volume 1 Version 4.0: Semiarid Southwest (Arizona, Southeast California, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah), U.S. Department of Commerce, National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, National Weather Service, Silver Spring, Maryland, 2004, revised 2006
⁵ National Resource Conservation Service

amounts are adjusted for the runoff analysis by using the depth - area reduction relationship given in the Manual.

Antecedent moisture conditions (AMC) II is assumed. The SBCFCD recommends using AMC III for 100-year storm runoff analysis, however for the proposed site it is assumed that under typical circumstances, the site is generally AMC I and rarely obtains sufficient rainfall to be classified as AMC II.

Losses

Storm runoff is a function of precipitation, losses and routing process. Losses are considered to be depression storage, vegetation interception and transpiration, evaporation and infiltration. For modeling purposes, losses are grouped into two components including: infiltration and initial abstraction. Infiltration is primarily related to the soil types and compaction.

Soils

A major factor affecting the loss rates of storm water is the nature of the soil. For hydrologic purposes, soils are grouped into types A – D which range from very deep, pervious, well draining soils such as sands and gravels to soils which are shallow and lie over an impervious layer or clay soils which have a very slow rate of water transmission. According to the hydrologic soils group map provided in the Manual, the soils in the project area on the alluvial fan and alluvial plain are type C which is described as having slow infiltration rates and consisting chiefly of silty-loam soils with a layer that impedes downward movement of water, or soils with moderately fine to fine texture.

From field investigation, it was observed that the surface soils on the site and on the alluvial plain are generally loose sand with some gravel and cobbles and small to moderate amounts of silt. There is not a well developed desert pavement or crust in most areas. This would correspond to a Type A or B soil group. For this analysis it is conservatively estimated that most project site soils are Type B. This soil type is defined as having moderate infiltration rates when thoroughly wetted and consisting chiefly of moderately deep to deep, moderately well to well drained sandy-loam soils with moderately fine to moderately coarse textures. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

According to the hydrologic soils group map, the mountainous area of the watershed, east of the site are classified as type D which has a very slow rate of water transmission and a high runoff potential. For this analysis it was assumed that the mountainous area should be a combination of Type C and Type D. This accounts for areas within the mountains or near the base of the mountains which have significant depth of sandy soil overlying the bedrock. These soils will have a slow to very slow rate of water transmission.

Even though the lava flows consist of massive outcrops of rock and piles of boulders and cobbles, they are considered to be type C soils. Based on the field review, this is a reasonable assumption as the lava flows were observed to be highly fractured and faulted and will result in considerable runoff losses due to relatively high rates of infiltration and depression storage. In general, they overly alluvial sands and gravels that are moderate to well draining.

Vegetative Cover

As can be seen from Photo 5.4-1, vegetative cover is sparse on the site and is assumed to be approximately 10 - 20 percent density.

Photo 5.4-1 Sparse Vegetative Cover



Type of vegetative cover has a large impact on the infiltration capacity of the soil. The cover is natural desert and will remain relatively undisturbed even after development. Some cover will be removed during development where roads are graded and where the solar arrays are located. Currently, cover condition is poor and cover will be reduced somewhat by construction. SCS curve numbers are estimated for the site assuming AMC II and shown in Table 5.4-2, Runoff Curve Numbers. In general, these estimated curve numbers are high and result in a conservative estimate for the amount of storm runoff impacting the site.

Table 5.4-2 Runoff Curve Numbers

Area	Cover Type	Quality of Cover	Curve Number
Mountain Type C/D soil	Barren (rockland, eroded and graded land)	barren	92-93
Alluvial Plain Type B soil	Open Brush (creosote, sage, etc.)	poor	82-83
Lava Flows Type C soil	Barren (rockland, eroded and graded land)	barren	90

Land Use

Under present conditions the watershed is nearly completely undeveloped. The assumption is made that in the future, the only significant development will be light industrial use on the project site itself and that the offsite watershed will remain undeveloped. This use will include operation and maintenance of the dish array which will primarily consists of cleaning and inspections on a periodic basis. No significant change in the loss rates from existing condition to developed condition is anticipated.

Unit Hydrograph

Unit hydrograph lag times are calculated using the Corps of Engineers method and the San Bernardino County Desert S-graph is used to generate the unit hydrographs. Basin N-values generally range from 0.035 to 0.040 and this is considered a conservative estimate. However, N-values for areas containing lava flows are estimated considerably higher, up to 0.080.

Flood Routing

Channel routing is calculated using the convex method. Culverts are routed using the pipe routing method. Storage routing at culverts and trestles is not done since there is insufficient data to estimate the parameters necessary for such a routing. This results in a conservative estimate of the routing times and flows.

Peak Flood Runoff

The areas draining through the project site have been delineated as previously illustrated in Figure 5.3-2. The following Table 5.4-3, Summary of Flood Discharges summarizes drainage area and projected peak discharges for 100- and 25- year storm runoff under assumed future conditions for each of these basins.

Table 5.4-3 Summary of Flood Discharges

Basin	Node	Area (ac)	Q ₂₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Comment
1A	11	1,102	913	1,442	
1B	12	304	1,103	1,776	
1C	13	293	2,262	3,615	At Railroad
2A	21	917	798	1,242	
2B	22	272	985	1,564	At construction laydown area
3A	31	997	1,103	1,702	
3B	32	761	1,723	2,698	At Hector Road
3C	33	310	1,791	2,927	At Railroad
4A	41	1,687	1,738	2,654	
4B	42	826	2,408	3,740	At Hector Road
4C	43	549	2,829	4,391	At Railroad
5B	52	452	2,117	3,316	At Hector Road
5C	53	495	2,440	3,822	
6A	61	1,426	1,745	2,651	
6B	62	107	1,875	2,856	
6C	64	366	483	733	
6D	62	93	590	903	
6E	65	353	2,680	4,141	At Hector Road
6F	66	166	2,745	4,253	At Railroad
6G	68	254	337	512	At site boundary
6H	69	556	906	1,429	Hector Road Upstream of Main Admin. Complex
61	66	246	1,088	1,699	
6J	66.5	246	3,806	6,000	
7A	71	291	386	585	
7B	72	328	744	1,170	At Hector Road

Basin	Node	Area (ac)	Q ₂₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Comment
7C	73	246	900	1,462	At Primary Access Road
7D	76	487	509	800	
7E	77	305	863	1,364	At Hector Road
7F	78	304	1,048	1,627	At Primary Access Road
7G	79	442	2,216	3,576	At Railroad
8A	81	351	413	632	At Hector Road
8B	82	1,070	1,309	2,025	At Railroad
9A	91	1,426	1,293	1,963	At site boundary
9B	92	3,747	3,650	5,624	
9C	93	1,558	4,512	6,974	
480	484	370	308	482	At highway
490	494	83	155	238	
500	504	2,473	1,820	2,842	
510	514	102	154	239	
520	524	158	298	440	
530	534	655	548	807	At highway
540	544	2,381	1,243	1,920	At highway
550	558	1,042	2,982	4,504	
560	564	155	257	397	At highway
570	574	223	357	553	At highway
590	594	207	307	475	At highway
600	604	497	659	1,024	At highway
610	614	202	336	518	At highway
620	624	103	162	250	At highway
630	634	46	116.5	177	At highway
650	654	3,283	1,189	1,860	At highway bridge on west end
660	668	361	1,129	1,847	
670	676	126	9,684	11,565	Flows north through railroad trestle
680	688	562	824	1,291	At Hector Road
720	728	336	2,686	4,099	
730	738	199	1,374	1,896	At outfall
740	748	288	2,727	4,181	At outfall
750	758	114	1,412	2,174	At Hector Road

Basin	Node	Area (ac)	Q ₂₅ (cfs)	Q ₁₀₀ (cfs)	Comment
760	768	205	1,466	2,269	
770	778	239	1,413	1,908	
780	789	895	9,694	11,608	

SECTION 6.0 HYDRAULICS

6.0 HYDRAULICS

6.1 Flow Characteristics

Flood flow through the site consists of channelized flows as well as sheet flows and shallow concentrated flows. Precise limits of flood inundation in these areas are difficult to accurately define since the flow paths are uncertain and changing. In addition, small floods may remain in better-defined channels while larger floods will likely carry larger amounts of sediment and are more likely to break out, flow overbank and potentially shift course during the flood event. Photo 6.1-1, Typical Sheet Flow Area depicts a typical area of the site which experiences frequent sheet flow during rain storms.

Photo 6.1-1 Typical Sheet Flow Area



6.2 Erosion and Sedimentation

Erosion, sediment transport and deposition all occur on the site. In general, it appears that the sediment balance is positive, that is the net amount of sediment on the site is increasing with time. Portions of the watershed are identified as alluvial fans. Construction of the interstate and railroad embankments has altered the flow conditions through the site. However, sediment is still being deposited within the site which is generated in the alluvial fan areas.

In addition to sediment deposition, erosion is also expected to occur on the site during rainfall events. Where flow is channelized, both naturally and by site grading operations, erosion can be expected to occur. Where roads are constructed, these often provide a preferential location for flow to concentrate and for erosion and sedimentation to occur.

SECTION 6.0 HYDRAULICS

Photo 6.2-1 Erosion at Culvert Outlet



Photo 6.2-1 shows erosion which has occurred since the highway culvert was constructed. Flow from several of the highway culverts along the south boundary of Phase 2 have created eroded channels similar to the one shown in the photo. These channels continue for just a short distance until the channel "daylights" and then flow fan out and return to sheet flow or shallow concentrated flow.

Photo 6.2-2 Typical Dry Wash



Photo 6.2-2, Typical Dry Wash also clearly shows a shallow, partially incised channel which could be expected to cause minor erosion if a structure was placed next to the channel.

Pier Scour Analysis

Scour analysis was conducted for the SunCatcher foundation piers. Analysis was based on the CSU Pier Scour equation⁶⁷. Estimated scour for the range of flow conditions expected in

⁶ USDOT, 1995b. Evaluating Scour at Bridges, Hydraulic Engineering Circular No. 18, Federal Highway

SECTION 6.0 HYDRAULICS

the solar field is shown in Figure 6.2.3, Estimated Scour at SunCatcher Foundations. Maximum scour expected at the SunCatcher foundations is approximately 2-3 feet which is not an excessive amount.

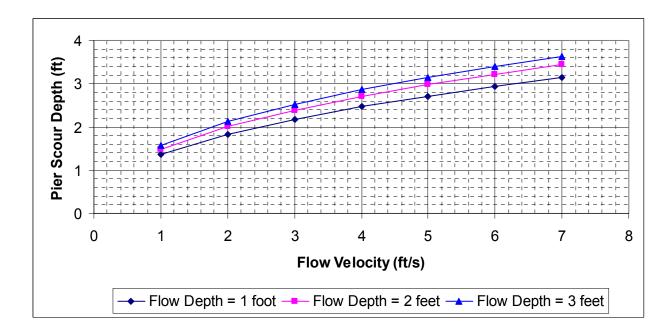


Figure 6.2-3 Estimated Scour at SunCatcher Foundations

6.3 Floodplain Analysis

All significant drainage channels within the project area were analyzed using a combination of HEC-RAS⁸ and FlowMaster (Bentley) to determine the extent of inundated areas during flood events. In addition to the USGS topographic information, surveyed cross sections were obtained as shown in Figure 3.2-1.

Discharges presented in the previous section were used in this analysis. Starting water surface elevations were determined by assuming normal depth at the downstream end of the stream. Manning's roughness coefficients were assigned to each cross-section based on photos of the site. Values are generally 0.040 for channels and 0.050 for overbank flow. Hydraulic output showing each of the channels and cross-sections can be found in Appendix B.

Administration, FHWA-IP-90-017, 3rd Ed.

⁷ Richardson, E.V., D.B. Simons, and P.F. Lagasse, 2001, "Highways in the River, Environment," FHWA NHI 01-004, Federal Highway Administration, Hydraulic Series No. 6, Washington, D.C.

⁸ River Analysis System, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Hydrologic Engineering Center

A summary of the hydraulic analysis are presented in Table 6.3-1, Summary of Floodplain Hydraulic Analysis. The results of the hydraulic analysis are interpreted and plotted on Figure 6.3-1, Floodplain Map.

Table 6.3-1 Summary of Floodplain Hydraulic Analysis

Basin 3A

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
		(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
1	100-year	1702	1.31	196
2	100-year	1702	0.68	525
3	100-year	1702	0.52	799
4	100-year	2698	0.70	805
10	100-year	2698	0.93	727

Basin 4B

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
X-0001		(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
1	100-year	2654	1.39	279
2	100-year	2654	1.17	364
3	100-year	2654	0.78	682
4	100-year	3740	1.11	558
10	100-year	3740	0.87	800
8	100-year	4392	1.70	436

Basin 5B

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
X 5001		(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
1	100-year	2654	1.59	233
2	100-year	2654	1.04	437
3	100-year	2654	2.01	163
4	100-year	3174	1.22	408
10	100-year	3174	1.01	930
8	100-year	3822	1.77	358

Basin 6B+6D

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
X-Sect		(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
1	100-year	3759	1.82	266
2	100-year	3759	1.80	272
3	100-year	3759	1.34	240
4	100-year	4141	1.55	518
10	100-year	4141	1.00	706
8	100-year	5952	1.31	915

Basin 6G

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
		(615)	(11)	(11)
1	100-year	512	0.82	120
2	100-year	512	0.85	113
3	100-year	512	1.00	88
4	100-year	1430	1.08	358
10	100-year	1430	0.51	662
8	100-year	5952	1.54	695

Basin 7A

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
	400	` ` ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '	` '	` '
1	100-year	512	0.83	119
2	100-year	512	0.68	157
3	100-year	512	0.62	184
4	100-year	1430	0.75	381
10	100-year	1430	1.64	152

Basin 7D

X-Sect	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
1	100-year	800	0.36	655
2	100-year	800	1.02	136
3	100-year	800	0.59	311
4	100-year	1364	0.55	581
10	100-year	1628	1.45	204
8	100-year	1628	0.53	875
13	100-year	1628	1.75	154

Basin 550

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
7	C3	100-year	1576	0.6	599
7	C4	100-year	1576	0.9	288
8	C1	100-year	1576	2.9	541
8	C2+C3	100-year	1576	0.4	1088
8	C4	100-year	1576	1.0	490

Basin 780

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
A-Seci	Chamilei	LVEIIL	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
8	C5	100-year	2398	0.9	852
8	C6	100-year	2398	1.4	406
11	C7	100-year	3177	1.6	280
13	C8	100-year	3934	2.2	512
13	C9	100-year	841	1.2	324
12	C10	100-year	379	0.7	117
14	C12	100-year	5278	0.9	1052

Basin 670

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
16	C13	100-year	8461	2.2	805

Basin 680

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
16	C14	100-year	8461	2.0	847
14	C11	100-year	5278	1.41	550

Basin 770

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
17	C15	100-year	1291	0.4	755
18	C16	100-year	1908	1.3	829

Basin 730

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
19	C14	100-year	4181	1.3	690

Basin 660

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
15	C18	100-year	1023	1.2	230
15	C19	100-year	429	8.0	188
15	C20	100-year	429 ⁹	0.7	224

⁹ Estimated based on similar nearby channel

Basin 750

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
16	C21	100-year	1847	2.4	178
16	C22	100-year	1847	1.4	210
16	C23	100-year	1847	0.9	502

Basin 760

X-Sect	Channel	Channel Event		Depth	Top Width
X-Sect	Chamie	Lvent	(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
17	C25	100-vear	2270	0.9	509

Basin 720

X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q)	Depth	Top Width
			(cfs)	(ft)	(ft)
17	C24	100-year	2270	1.5	223

Basin 740

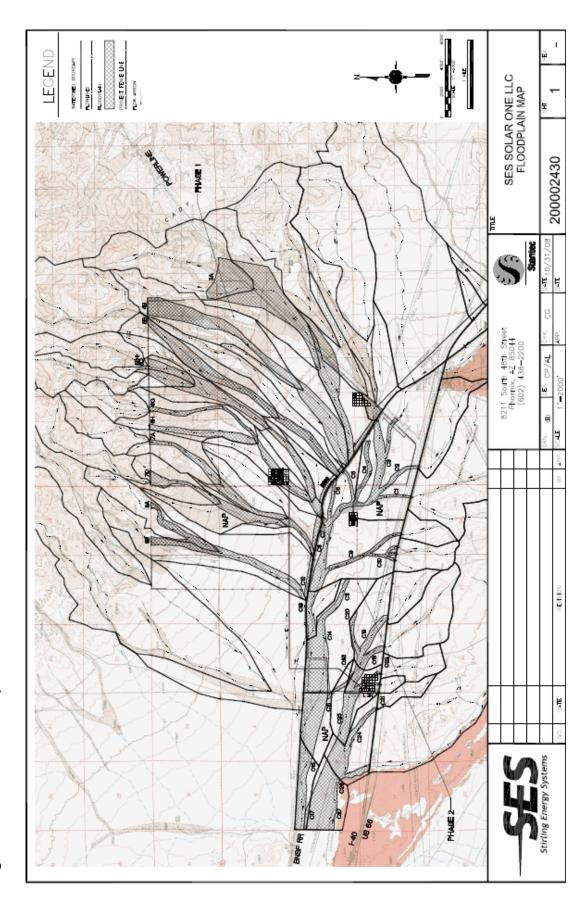
X-Sect	Channel	Event	Flow (Q) (cfs)	Depth (ft)	Top Width (ft)
18	C26	100-year	4099	1.1	1495
19	C27	100-year	4181	0.7	2107

HEC-RAS Modeling Assumptions

Due to the braided terrain on the fans, limited survey and topographic data and limitations of HEC-RAS to model such distributed flow areas, modeling assumptions based on engineering judgment were applied. For instance, on a given cross section, HEC-RAS will analyze the areas near the low point (thalweg) assuming they will convey all the stormwater. For smaller flood events this may be appropriate. However, during large flood flows the inertia of water from upstream is expected to spread the water over an extended area outside the thalweg. Particularly on an alluvial fan, such a condition cannot be readily simulated using a one-dimensional model like HEC-RAS. For more accuracy, it would require two-dimensional modeling. For the aforementioned limitation in HEC-RAS, the active top widths reported in HEC-RAS models were adjusted to cover greater or smaller widths as warranted by observation of topography. This adjusted width is shown on Figure 6.3-1 but is not reported in the table 6.3-1. Given the greater resistance to flow that is typical under braided conditions, this assumption should not change the hydraulic depth reported in HEC-RAS. Velocities are also not reported due to the limitations of the modeling method.

Hydraulic analysis of the floodplains relies on field measurements along a limited number of cross sections. Detailed survey such as high resolution aerial photos and photogrammetric mapping was not available. Detailed survey information when available could be used in future analysis to provide more accurate analysis of the floodplains.

Figure 6.3-1 Flood Plain Map



6.4 Trestle Analysis

For storms less than approximately 100-year, the railroad embankment is assumed to be able to pass the flow through the trestles and along the railroad embankment without overtopping the rails. Peak discharge through the trestles is limited to the capacity of those structures. Capacity of the structures was estimated using HY-8¹⁰ software. Capacity analysis relies on field measurements taken of the structures. Detailed survey information providing the channel slopes, height of rails, height of berms, elevations of the low chord, and dimensions of the upstream and downstream channels was not available. Detailed information on these trestles could be used in future analysis to provide more accurate estimates of the flow capacities of the trestles.

Estimates of the hydraulic capacity of the trestles are shown in Table 6.4-1, Summary of Flows Through Railroad Trestles. The table shows full flow capacity of the trestles at the 100-year flows with an estimate of the breakout flows bypassing and continuing along the railroad tracks.

Table 6.4-1 Summary of Flows Through Railroad Trestles

Trestle	Capacity ft³/s	Bypass ft³/s	Total Flow ft³/s
1	863	137	1000
2	2038	1577	3615
3	686	891	1577
4	4656	3552	8209
5	1577	5797	7374
6	6017	5779	11797
7	2162	7193	9355
8	6466	9699	16164
9	1664	14500	16164
10	7886	6614	14500

HY-8 Trestle Modeling Assumptions

1. The input flows, i.e., design and maximum flows included bypass from the immediate upstream trestle, as calculated by HY-8, along with the subarea tributary flows for the 100-year storm.

_

¹⁰ Version 7.0, FHWA, 2007

SECTION 6.0

- 2. Tailwater data was derived from the approximate width (span) of the trestle and 4:1 side slopes in a trapezoidal cross section, a 1% slope, Manning's "n" = 0.035 and the channel invert the same as the surveyed downstream flow line.
- 3. Railroad crest elevations were estimated from the soffit elevation of the beam (chord) spanning the trestle, depending on the measurements taken in the field.
- 4. Trestles were modeled as culverts with conventional inlet type, no inlet depression, beveled edge condition with Manning's "n" = 0.035.
- 5. All trestles were modeled as one barrel. There was insufficient measurements to input all the coordinates for the pier walls so the trestles are assumed to have no piers.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.1 Conclusions

The following conclusions can be developed based on the site observations and analyses presented.

- Portions of the site are subject to active and / or inactive alluvial fan flooding hazards. However, due to the relatively low rates of precipitation observed in the area, the overall risk due to flooding is low.
- The site is traversed by a number of major and minor washes. Some areas within
 the site exhibit a lack of well defined drainage channels. Site grading to provide
 adequate channels and drains to convey the storm water away from the roads,
 buildings and other improvements may be useful to control flooding in these areas.
- Site soils are erodible and storm runoff will cause both erosion and deposition of sediment.
- Estimated 25-, and 100-year discharges at the site boundary and other points of interest throughout the site have been determined and are presented in the report.
- Hydraulic analyses have been conducted for the major streams crossing the project site. In general these results confirm that broad shallow flooding with mostly low velocities and depths can be expected during flood events.
- Hector Road at the crossing of the railroad tracks is impacted by significant 100-year flows on both the north and south side of the tracks.

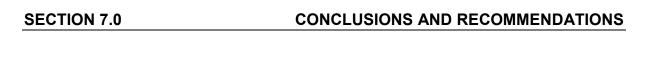
7.2 Recommendations

Based on site observations and analyses conducted, the following recommendations are offered.

 If possible, the site layout should be based on avoiding major washes and minimizing surface disturbing activities. However, given that much of the site is subject to alluvial fan and sheet flows, site facilities should be protected from flood damage. Protection methods include erosion protection, elevation, channelization, and control of sediment.

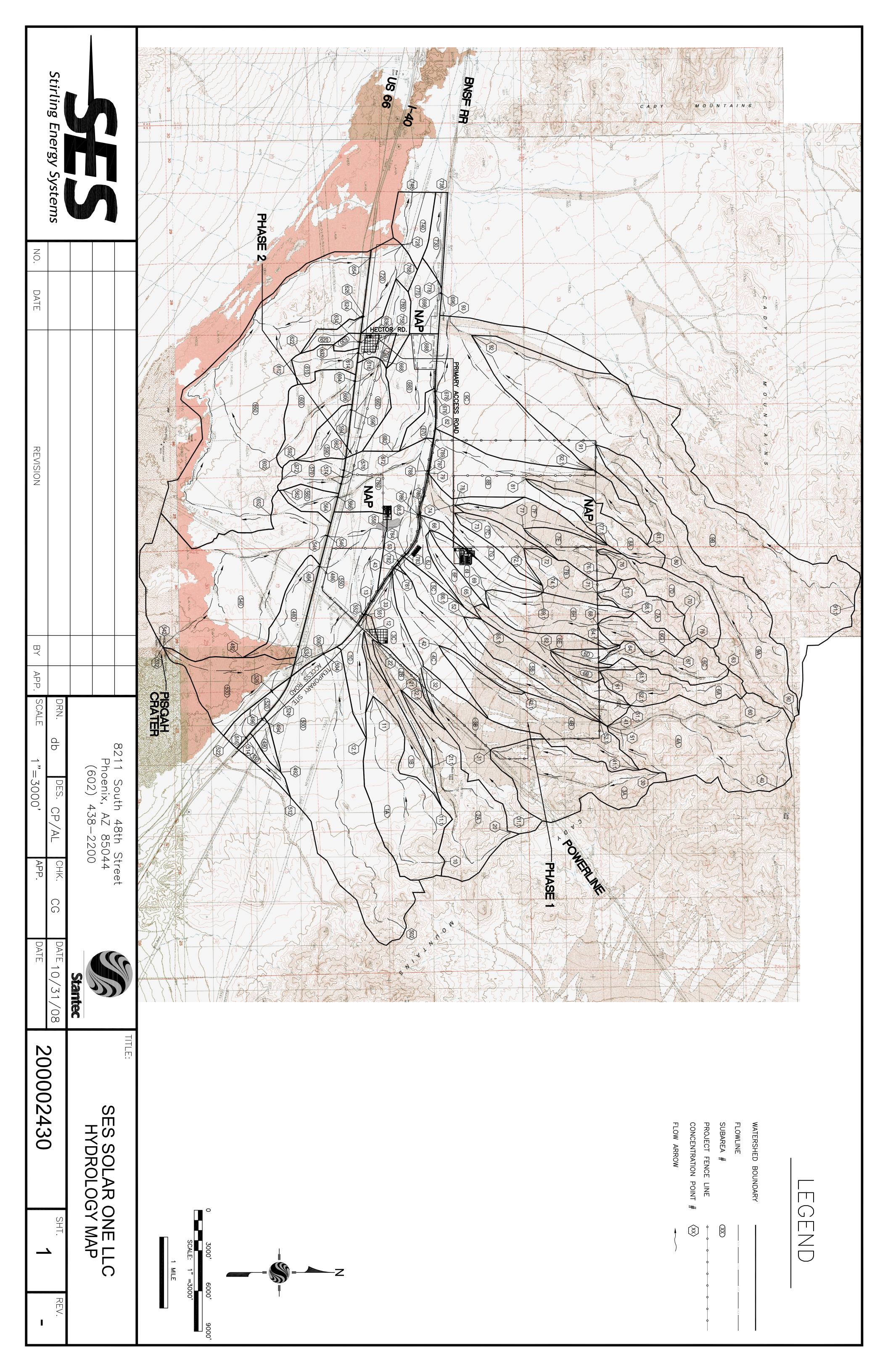
- In areas that exhibit a lack of well defined drainage channels site grading should provide adequate channels and drains to convey the storm water away from the roads, buildings and other improvements and between rows of SunCatchers. This may include ditches or berms along roads, between rows of SunCatchers and upstream of buildings which will divert the runoff around the improvements.
- SunCatchers located within identified 100-year flood prone areas should be constructed for safe operation with the predicted flood and scour depths.
- Given that the site soils are erodible, erosion and sediment deposition will occur. These processes can cause drainage channels to erode away or to shift position during larger storms and may require additional maintenance grading of dirt roads and cleaning of any constructed drainage channels or diversions. Grading design should include provisions for either trapping the sediment to prevent it from leaving the site, or to allow it to continue through the site without being deposited on roads or in channels and culverts. Areas susceptible to increased erosion should be protected using riprap or other suitable protection.
- Paved roadways should have a low flow swale or roadway dip as needed to convey nuisance runoff across the road.
- Roadway dip crossings should be used for larger washes where the channel crosssection exceeds 8-feet in width and 3-feet in depth or exceeds 20-feet in width and 2feet in depth. The roadway section at the channel flow line will not be crowned.
 Erosion protection could be provided by a concrete cut-off wall along the edges of the roadway with riprap upstream and downstream of the concrete cut-off wall.
- Arizona Crossings (roadway dips) may be placed along the roadways or low flow culverts consisting of a small diameter storm drain with a perforated stem pipe and a sediment basin as needed to facilitate the road crossing the minor or major channels / swales. These are based upon best management practices for erosion and sediment control.

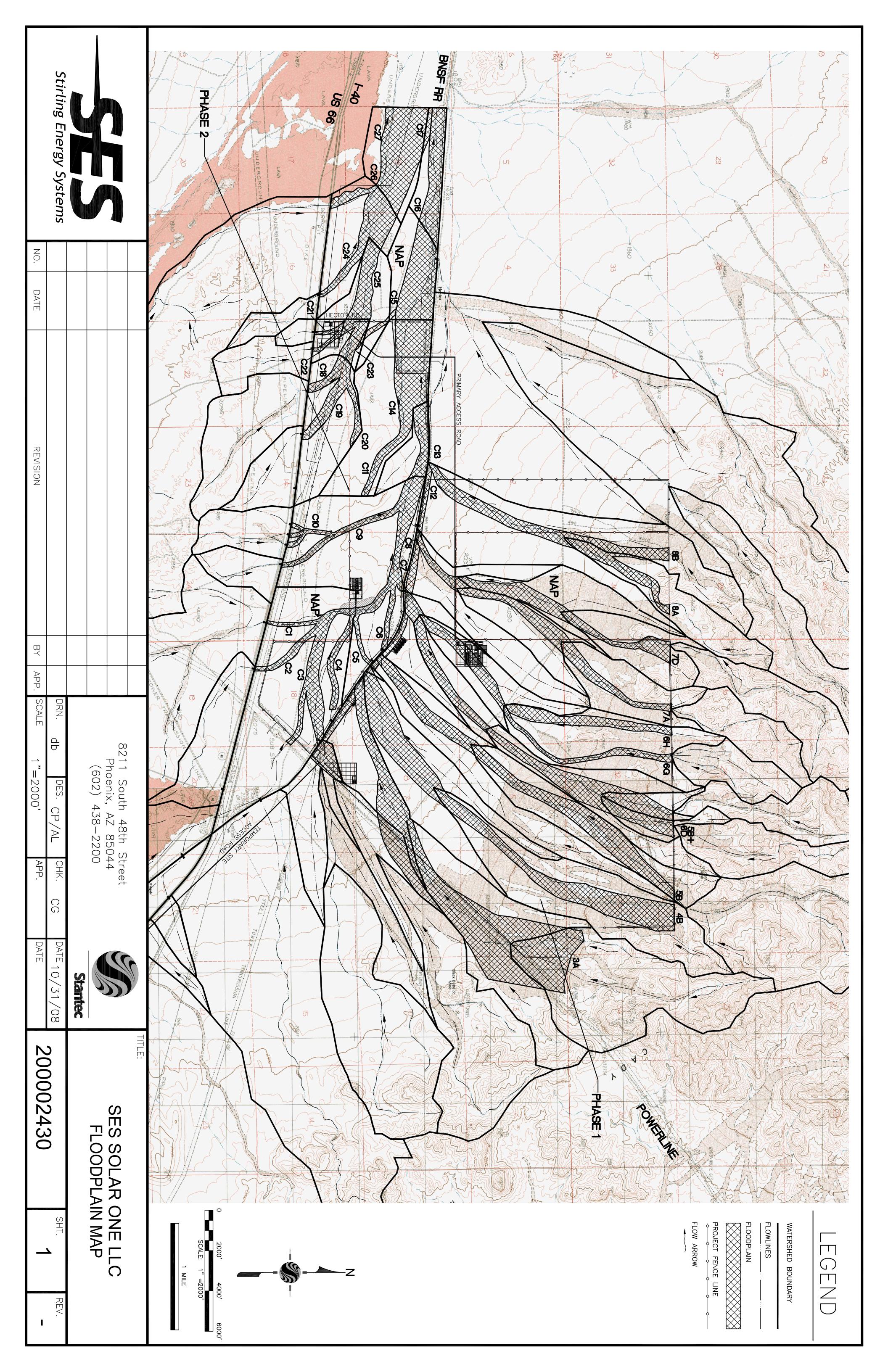
- It is anticipated that roadway maintenance will be required following rainfall events. For minor storm events, it is anticipated that the unpaved roadway sections may need to be bladed to remove sediment deposition, along with sediment removal from around the stem pipe risers at the culvert locations. For major storm events, in addition to the aforementioned maintenance, roadway repairs may be required due to possible damage to pavement where the roadways cross the channels and where the flows exceed the culvert capacity.
- Maintenance may be required where SunCatchers are constructed within existing
 flood prone areas. Scour holes around the SunCatcher foundations should be filled
 in with erosion resistant material. Excessive sediment deposition near the structures
 should be removed.
- Localized channel grading may be used to improve channel hydraulics, and to control flow direction where buildings and roadways or SunCatchers are proposed.
- Building sites should be developed per County drainage criteria, with provision for stormwater retention basins to reduce post development runoff to pre-development levels. Rainfall from paved areas and building roofs should be collected and directed to the storm water retention basins. Volume in retention or detention basins should have a total volume capacity for the 100-year, 24-hour storm at the building site.
 Volume can be considered by a combination of basin size and additional volume provided within paving and/or landscaping areas.
- Retention basins should be designed so that the retained flows will empty within 72
 hours after the storm in order to provide mosquito abatement. This can be
 accomplished by draining, evaporation, infiltration or a combination thereof.
- The Main Services Complex and the substation could be protected from a 100-year flooding by berms or channels that will direct the flow around the perimeter of the building site, if required.
- Large flows crossing Hector Road north and south of the railroad crossing should be channelized through the proposed bridge if possible.



This page intentionally left blank

PLATES





Appendix A Hydrology Analysis

Drainage Dimensions

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 2000024301

Initial Hydrology Study

Drainage area size and length

Date: 10/30/2008 Ву: klt Date Checked: 10/31/2008 Ву: срр Date Revised: Ву:

Basin	Upstream Node -	Downstream Node -	Flowpath Length (ft)	Distance to Centroid (ft)	Elev Top (ft)	Flowpath Elev Bottom (ft)	Flowpath Elev Change (ft)	Flowpath Flowpath Slope (ft/ft)	Basin Factor Coef -	Mannings' n -	Channel Base (ft)	Channel Z factor -	Channel Depth (ft)
Area 1A	10	11	16770	10882	2820.00	2160	660	0.0394	0.035	_	_	_	_
Stream Route	11	12	6270	-	2160.00	2095	65	0.0104	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 1B	11.1	12	14475	5830	2440.00	2095	345	0.0238	0.035	-	-	_	_
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	12	13	1318	-	2095	2080	15	0.0114		0.035	25	5	2
Area 1C	12.1	13	9221	5830	2240	2080	160	0.0174	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs													
Area 2A	20	21	18323	10424	2800	2200	600	0.0327	0.035	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	21	22	4290	-	2200	2115	85	0.0198	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 2B	21.1	22	10534	4207	2360	2115	245	0.0233	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	22	13	2015	-	2115	2080	35	0.0174	0.035	0.035	25	5	2
Area 3A	30	31	13305	7112	3540	2430	1110	0.0834	0.035	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	31	32	8810	-	2430	2175	255	0.0289	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 3B	31.1	32	14765	8380	2440	2175	265	0.0179	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	32	33	7538	-	2175	2060	115	0.0153	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 3C	32.1	33	11196	4891	2280	2060	220	0.0196	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	40	4.4	47000	2224	4.400	00.40	4040	0.0004	0.005				
Area 4A	40	41	17608	8024	4480	2840	1640	0.0931	0.035	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	41	42	14501	-	2840	2160	680	0.0469	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 4B	41.1	42	17734	9145	3520	2160	1360	0.0767	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- 0.005	-	-	-
Stream Route	42	43	6831	-	2160	2060	100	0.0146	- 0.005	0.035	25	5	2
Area 4C	42.1	43	13754	9447	2600	2060	540	0.0393	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 2000024301

Initial Hydrology Study

Drainage area size and length

Date:	10/30/2008	Ву:	klt
Date Checked:	10/31/2008	Ву:	срр
Date Revised:		Ву:	

	Linatroom	Downstroom	Flournoth	Dietones to	Flore	Flowpath Elev	Flowpath Elev	Flowpath	Basin	Mannings'	Channel Base	Channel Z factor	Channel
	Upstream Node	Downstream Node	Length	Distance to Centroid	Elev Top	Bottom	Change	Flowpath Slope	Factor Coef	n	Base	Z factor	Depth
Basin	-	-	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	-	-	(ft)	-	(ft)
Area 4A	40	51	17608	8024	4480	2815	1640	0.093139	0.035	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	51	52	12788	-	2815	2180	680	0.046893	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 5B	51.1	52	12315	7765	3200	2180	1360	0.076689	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	52	53	6652	-	2180	2065	100	0.014639	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 5C	52.1	53	19986	11194	2600	2065	540	0.039261	-	0.035	25	5	2
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area 6A	60	61	12315	6295	4600	2680	1920	0.1559	0.035	_	_	_	
Stream Route	61	62	3994	-	2680	2470	210	0.1559	0.035	0.035	- 25	5	2
Area 6B	61.1	62	6851	3676	3140	2470	670	0.0320	0.035	0.033	25	5	_
Combine Hydrographs	01.1	-	-	-	3140	2470	-	0.0976	0.035	-	-	-	-
Area 6C	63	64	10679	5228	5000	2680	2320	0.2172	0.035	_	_	_	_
Stream Route	64	62	3660	-	2680	2470	210	0.2172	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6D	64.1	62	5484	2605	3160	2470	690	0.1258	0.035	0.000	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_
Stream Route	62	65	6766	-	2470	2180	290	0.0429	_	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6E	62.1	65	14432	6135	3200	2180	1020	0.0707	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Stream Route	65	66	6805	-	2180	2040	140	0.0206	_	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6F	65.1	66	7968	4691	2220	2040	180	0.0226	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Area 6G	67	68	6479	3472	3160	2670	490	0.0756	0.035	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	68	69	9751	-	2670	2180	490	0.0503	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6H	68.1	69	11295	5893	2900	2180	720	0.0637	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	69	66	6588	-	2180	2040	140	0.0213	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6I	69.1	66	10093	5800	2180	2040	140	0.0139	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stream Route	66	66.5	1241	-	2040	2000	40	0.0322	-	0.035	25	5	2
Area 6J	66.1	66.5	7902	1114	2160	2000	160	0.0202	0.035	-	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 2000024301

Initial Hydrology Study

Drainage area size and length

 Date:
 10/30/2008
 By:
 klt

 Date Checked:
 10/31/2008
 By:
 cpp

 Date Revised:
 By:

Upstream Node Node Node Length Centroid Top Bottom Change Slope Coef	- - 5 25 - -	Z factor 5	Depth (ft) - 2 - 2 - 2 2
Basin - - (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) (ft) - <	- 5 25 - - 5 25 -	- 5 - - 5 -	- 2 -
Area 7A 70 71 7740 4234 3040 2570 470 0.0607 0.035 - Stream Route 71 72 6913 - 2570 2200 370 0.0535 - 0.0035 Area 7B 71.1 72 8964 4687 2880 2200 680 0.0759 0.035 -	- 5 25 - - 5 25 -	- 5 - - 5 -	- 2 -
Stream Route 71 72 6913 - 2570 2200 370 0.0535 - 0.0535 Area 7B 71.1 72 8964 4687 2880 2200 680 0.0759 0.035 -	5 25 - - 5 25 - -	5 - - 5 -	-
Area 7B 71.1 72 8964 4687 2880 2200 680 0.0759 0.035 -	- - 5 25 - -	- - 5 -	-
	-	-	- - 2 -
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	- 2 - -
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	2 - -
Stream Route 72 73 6313 - 2200 2050 150 0.0238 - 0.02			-
Area 7C 72.1 73 8809 4662 2400 2050 350 0.0397 0.035 -			-
Combine Hydrographs	5 25	_	
Stream Route 73 74 728 - 2050 2030 20 0.0275 - 0.00		5	2
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Area 7D 75 76 12625 5849 3040 2500 540 0.0428 0.035	-	-	-
Stream Route 76 77 6103 - 2500 2180 320 0.0524 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 7E 76.1 77 7602 4050 2960 2180 780 0.1026 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Stream Route 77 78 5723 - 2180 2050 130 0.0227 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 7F 77.1 78 12003 6262 2525 2050 475 0.0396 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Stream Route 78 74 425 - 2050 2030 20 0.0471 - 0.0	5 25	5	2
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Stream Route 74 79 3032 - 2030 1960 70 0.0231 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 7G 74.1 79 12866 7337 2360 1960 400 0.0311 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Area 8A 80 81 13409 6657 3220 2150 1070 0.0798 0.035 -	-	-	-
Stream Route 81 82 8111 - 2150 1937 213 0.0263 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 8B 81.1 82 19314 9077 3220 1937 1283 0.0664 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	-	-	-
Area 9A 90 91 26139 12633 4160 2290 1870 0.0715 0.035 -	-	-	-
Stream Route 91 92 12536 - 2290 1180 1110 0.0885 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 9B 91.1 92 39166 18246 3520 1880 1640 0.0419 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs	_	-	_
Stream Route 92 93 2347 - 1880 1845 35 0.0149 - 0.00	5 25	5	2
Area 9C 92.1 93 15967 10526 2125 1845 280 0.017536 0.035 -	-	-	-
Combine Hydrographs			

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc				Date:	10/21/08	By:	cvg
Solar One, LLC				Date Checked:		By:	3
Hector Mine, San Bernardir	no Count	v Califor	nia	Date Revised:		By:	
Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 20000		y, Jamen	iiu	Date Neviseu.		Dy.	
Initial Hydrology Study	2400						
Drainage area size and leng	nth						
	J						
				Flowpath	Flowpath	Flowpath	
	Flowpath	Distance to	Elev	Elev	Elev	Flowpath	Roughness
	Length	Centroid	Top	Bottom	Change	Slope	Coef
Basin	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft/ft)	
480	10151	6367	2195.00	2065.00	130.00	0.0128	0.050
490	4,191	1,376	2,283	2,187	95.85	0.0229	0.040
500	24,948	8,520	2,900	2,123	777.00	0.0311	0.040
510	5,635	2,271	2,325	2,201	124.00	0.0220	0.040
520 530	4,500	2,069	2,201	2,165	36.00	0.0080	0.040
540	10,308 17,024	4,916 11,089	2,538 2,538	2,161 2,080	377.00 458.00	0.0366 0.0269	0.086 0.068
550	11,492	5,411	2,536	2,000	110.00	0.0269	0.068
560	4,636	2,021	2,125	2,013	102.00	0.0090	0.040
570	5,001	2,473	2,165	2,050	115.00	0.0220	0.040
590	6,016	3,668	2,165	1,965	200.00	0.0332	0.040
600	8,380	3,358	2,160	1,945	215.00	0.0257	0.040
610	5,129	2,520	2,080	1,925	155.00	0.0302	0.040
620	5,831	2,833	2,070	1,905	165.00	0.0283	0.040
630	2,094	935	2,000	1,923	77.00	0.0368	0.040
650	36,362	22,020	2,125	1,860	265.00	0.0073	0.046
660	7,964	3,311	2,050	1,913	137.00	0.0172	0.040
670	3,919	3,541	1,941	1,911	30.00	0.0077	0.040
680	9,519	4,686	2,005	1,870	135.00	0.0142	0.040
720	6,384	2,141	1,905	1,825	80.00	0.0125	0.044
730	6,748	3,299	1,835	1,800	35.00	0.0052	0.040
740	4,153	2,854	1,825	1,803	22.00	0.0053	0.040
750 760	2,909 4,261	1,384 3,341	1,925 1,893	1,893 1,860	32.00 33.00	0.0110 0.0077	0.040 0.040
760	4,272	1,686	1,893	1,880	35.00	0.0077	0.040
780	8,343	4,684	2,063	1,941	122.00	0.0082	0.040
7.50	0,040	7,007	2,000	1,071	122.00	0.0170	0.040

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 200002430

Initial Hydrology Study

Interstate 40 Culverts - Equivalent Pipe Diameters

Date: 10/21/08 By: aml

Date Checked:

Date Revised:

By: By:

Node	Locations	C	Culvert	Description	Span	Rise	Diameter	Length	Overall	Waterway	Equivalent	Source ¹
US	DS				feet	feet	feet	feet	Length feet	Area sq feet	Diameter feet	
514	516		32	Round			3	53	182		3	
314	316		33	Round			3	55				
404	496		34	Pipe Arch			3	55	186		3	
494	496		35	Pipe Arch			3	53				
NOT	0		28	Pipe Arch	5	3.5		59	187	14.7	4.5	Table 1-16
NOT	Considered		29	Pipe Arch	5	3.5		61				
40.4	400		26	Round			2	58	189		3	
484	486		27	Round			2 3	63				
	- 40		24	Pipe Arch			3.5	91	215		3.5	
544	546		25	Pipe Arch			3.5	82	-			
			17	Pipe Arch	9	6.3		61	189	48	8	Table 1-17
564	566		18	Pipe Arch	9	6.3		59			-	
			15	Round			4	60	187		4	
	;	ther	16	Round			4	69			•	
	ı	oge	13	Round			4	58	187		4	
574	576	ed 1	14	Round			4	67	107		7	
		dno.	11	Dina Arah	Б	2 2		56	196	147	4.5	Table 1 16
	(σ̄	12	Pipe Arch	5 5	3.3		56 59	100	14.7	4.5 4.5	Table 1-10
574	576 <u>!</u>	Grouped Together	11	Pipe Arch	5 5	3.3 3.3	4	56	187 186	14.7	4 4.5 4.5	Table 1-16

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 200002430

Initial Hydrology Study

Interst	ate 40 Cu	ılverts - Eq	uivalent Pi	pe Dia	imete	ers					
Node Lo	ocations	Culvert	Description	Span	Rise	Diameter	Length	Overall Length	Waterway Area	Equivalent Diameter	Source ¹
US	DS			feet	feet	feet	feet	feet	sq feet	feet	
		٥	Round			3.5	68	186		3.5	

feet 3.5 Round 3.5 68 186 NOT Considered 10 Round 3.5 52 Pipe Arch 7 8.5 6 56 187 42.4 7.5 Table 1-17 594 596 Pipe Arch 8.5 8 4.2 58 5 Pipe Arch 8.5 55 181 93 10.9 **Table 1-22** 13.5 604 606 Pipe Arch 6 13.5 8.5 54 Pipe Arch 22 6 5 63 190 21.9 5.5 Table 1-16 614 616 23 Pipe Arch 6 5 54 20 or 3 Pipe Arch 5 5.5 6 108 282 21.9 Table 1-16 634 636 Pipe Arch 6 5 21 108 1 Box 6 5 91 244 30 6.2 624 626 2 6 5 94 Box

By: aml

By:

Ву:

Date: 10/21/08

Date Checked:

Date Revised:

¹ American Iron and Steel Institute, 1983, Handbook of Steel Drainage & Highway Construction Products: Third Edition

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 200002430 Initial Hydrology Study

Trestle Equivalent Pipe Diameters

Node Lo	ocations	Trestle	Span	Rise	Area	Equivalent Diameter feet
US	DS		feet	feet	sq feet	1661
504	506	1	12.7	4.9	62.23	8.90
551	552	2	38	4.67	177.46	15.03
-	-	3	14	3	42	7.31
781	782	4	68	4.5	306	19.74
783	784	5	17.25	4	69	9.37
785	786	6	31	8	248	17.77
787	788	7	26	3.78	98.28	11.19
676	678	8	39.67	6.25	247.94	17.77
696	698	9	42	2	84	10.34
-	-	10	55.25	6.5	359.13	21.38

Date: 10/21/08

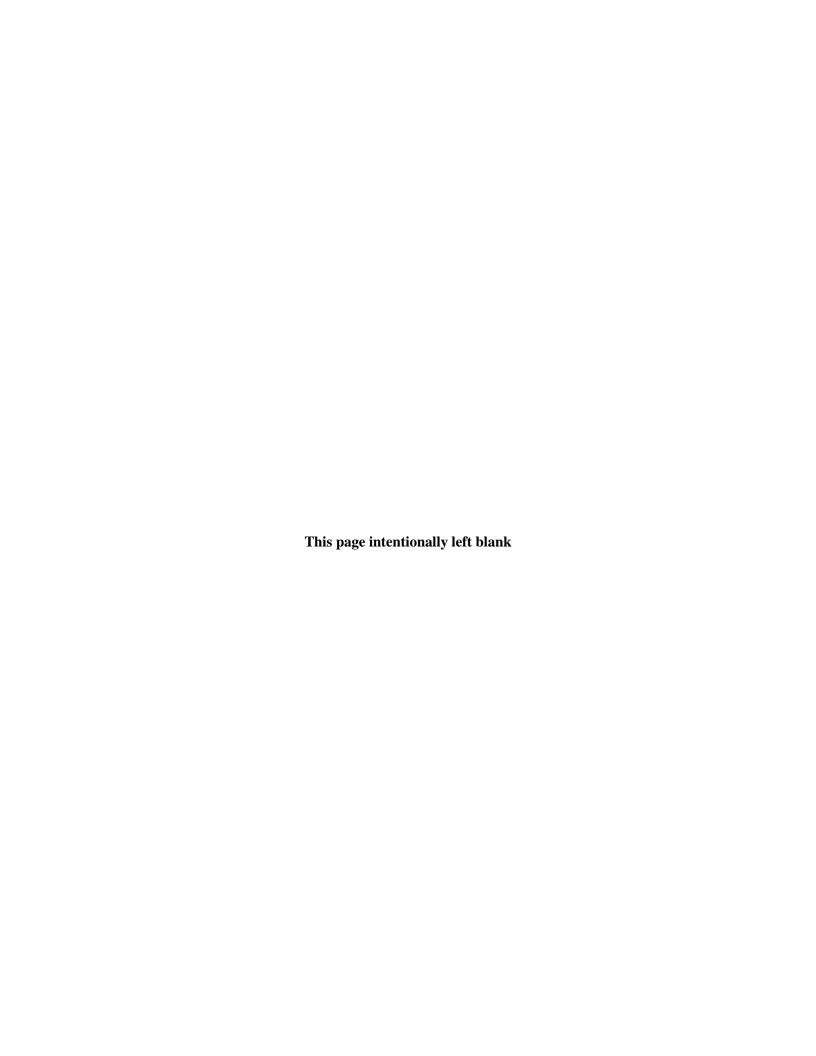
Date Checked:

Date Revised:

By: aml

Ву:

Ву:



Rainfall / Runoff Losses

25 – Year Event

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc

Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 2000024301

Initial Hydrology Study

Rainfall / Runoff Losses

 Date: 10/10/08
 By: cvg

 Date Checked: 10/24/08
 By: cpp

 Date Revised: 10/24/08
 By: cpp

 Date Revised: 11/06/08
 By: cvg

				Storm	Pervious		
	curve	Soil	Initial	runoff	area		
	number	Capacity	Abst	yield	infilt rate		
Watershed type	С	S	la	Yj	Fp	Notes	
Type 1 - Alluvial Fan / Plain	83	2.05	0.41	0.47	0.33	1,3,4,5,6	_
Type 2 - Mountain Area	91	0.99	0.20	0.68	0.18	2,3,4,5,6	
Tuna 2 Lava Flavy Area							

Type 3 - Lava Flow Area

Type 4 - other area

Antecedent Moisture Condition - AMC II

Area 1A	1076 304 293	26	^	(acres)	(acres)	yield Yj	fraction Ybar	infilt rate Fp	Fraction Ap	Loss Rate Fm
			0	0	1101.6	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 1B	293	0	0	0	304.5	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 1C		0	0	0	292.9	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 2A	599	318	0	0	916.7	0.54	0.46	0.28	1	0.28
Area 2B	272	0	0	0	271.6	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 3A	428	569	0	0	997.1	0.59	0.41	0.24	1	0.24
Area 3B	761	0	0	0	760.7	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 3C	310	0	0	0	310.3	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 4A	96	1590	0	0	1686.5	0.67	0.33	0.19	1	0.19
Area 4B	665	160	0	0	825.7	0.51	0.49	0.30	1	0.30
Area 4C	549	0	0	0	548.7	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 4A	96	1590	0	0	1686.5	0.67	0.33	0.19	1	0.19
Area 5B	429	23	0	0	452.1	0.48	0.52	0.32	1	0.32
Area 5C	495	0	0	0	494.6	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6A	38	1388	0	0	1425.9	0.68	0.32	0.18	1	0.18
Area 6B	83	24	0	0	106.5	0.52	0.48	0.30	1	0.30
Area 6C	13	353	0	0	366.3	0.67	0.33	0.19	1	0.19
Area 6D	89	4	0	0	93.4	0.48	0.52	0.32	1	0.32
Area 6E	344	9	0	0	353.0	0.48	0.52	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6F	166	0	0	0	166.2	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6G	24	230	0	0	254.3	0.66	0.34	0.19	1	0.19
Area 6H	529	27	0	0	555.5	0.48	0.52	0.32	1	0.32
Area 6I	246	0	0	0	245.6	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6J	166	0	0	0	166.2	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7A	8	283	0	0	291.0	0.68	0.32	0.18	1	0.18
Area 7B	302	26	0	0	327.9	0.49	0.51	0.32	1	0.32
Area 7C	246	0	0	0	245.9	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7D	487	0	0	0	486.5	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7E	117	188	0	0	304.5	0.60	0.40	0.24	1	0.24
Area 7F	270	33	0	0	303.6	0.49	0.51	0.31	1	0.31
Area 7G	442	0	0	0	442.1	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
Area 8A	65	286	0	0	351.3	0.64	0.36	0.21	1	0.21
Area 8B	804	265	0	0	1069.6	0.52	0.48	0.29	1	0.29
Area 9A	70	1355	0	0	1425.9	0.67	0.33	0.19	1	0.19
Area 9B	1389	2358	0	0	3746.6	0.60	0.40	0.24	1	0.24
Area 9C	1558	0	0	0	1557.8	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33

Notes

- (1) assume open brush, poor cover, type B soil $\,$
- (2) assume barren, rockland, type D soil
- (3) average rainfall is the 25-yr/24-hr depth (in)
- (4) Fp based on AMC II
- (5) curve number based on SBFCD Hydrology Manual Figure C-8; desert brush cover complex
- (6) cover density assumed at 20%

Stirling Energy	/ Systen	ns, Inc					Date:	10/21/08	Ву:	cvg
Solar One, LL	_C						Date Checked:		Ву:	
Hector Mine,	San Re	rnardin	o Coun	tv Cali	fornia		Date Revised:		By:	
Stantec Consultin				ty, Jan	l		Date Neviscu.		Dy.	
nitial Hydrology \$	<u> </u>	0. 200002	2430							
Rainfall / Run	•	000		25	04 500					
Kaiman / Kun	OII LOS	ses		25-year,	1	ъ.			0 00	20/
					Storm	Pervious			Cover 0-20	
		curve	Soil	Initial	runoff	area			P ₂₄ =	2.89
		number	Capacity	Abst	yield	infilt rate				
Watershed type		С	S	la	Yj	Fp	Notes			
Type 1 - Alluvial Fan / Plain		82	2.20	0.44	0.45	0.34	1			
Type 2 - Mountain Area		92	0.87	0.17	0.71	0.16	2			
Type 3 - Lava Flow Area		90	1.11	0.22	0.65	0.2				
Type 4 - other area	1									
Antecedent Moistui	ro Conditio	n AMCII								
Amededeni woistul	e Condido	II - AIVIC II						Weighted		
						Weighted	Catchment	Pervious	Pervious	Catchment
	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Total	Storm runoff		area	area	Maximum
	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	yield	fraction	infilt rate	Fraction	Loss Rate
Basin	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Yj	Ybar	Fp	Ар	Fm
480	306	(acres)	64	(acres)	370.0	0.48	0.52	0.32	7 tp	0.32
490	83		04		83.0	0.46	0.52	0.34		0.34
		400							1	
500	2,011	462			2473.0	0.50	0.50	0.31	1	0.31
510	102				101.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
520	158				157.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
530	154		501		655.2	0.60	0.40	0.23	1	0.23
540	1,287		1,095		2382.0	0.54	0.46	0.28	1	0.28
550	1,937				1936.6	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
560	155				155.3	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
570	223				223.5	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
590	207				207.5	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
600	497				496.9	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
610	202				201.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
620	103				103.5	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
630	46				45.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
650	2,943		340		3283.0	0.47	0.53	0.33	1	0.33
660	361				361.4	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
670	142				141.8	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
680	786				785.8	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
720	791		62		853.4	0.46	0.54	0.33	1	0.33
730	199				198.9	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
740	247		41		288.0	0.48	0.52	0.32	1	0.32
750	114				113.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
760	205				204.8	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
770	239				239.3	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
780	895				894.7	0.45	0.55	0.34	1	0.34
Notes:										
(1) assume open b	rush noor	cover type	e B soil							
· ,		type C/D s			1					

100 – Year Event

Stirling Energy Systems, Inc

Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 2000024301

Initial Hydrology Study

Rainfall / Runoff Losses

				Storm	Pervious	
	curve number	Soil Capacity	Initial Abst	runoff vield	area infilt rate	
Watershed type	С	S	la	Yj	Fp	Notes
Type 1 - Alluvial Fan / Plain	83	2.05	0.41	0.56	0.33	1,3,4,5,6
Type 2 - Mountain Area	91	0.99	0.20	0.74	0.18	2,3,4,5,6

Type 3 - Lava Flow Area

Type 4 - other area

Antecedent Moisture Condition - AMC II

						Weighted	Catchment	Pervious	Pervious	Catchment
	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Total	Storm runoff	low loss	area	area	Maximum
	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	yield	fraction	infilt rate	Fraction	Loss Rate
Basin	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Yj	Ybar	Fp	Ар	Fm
Area 1A	1076	26	0	0	1101.6	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 1B	304	0	0	0	304.5	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 1C	293	0	0	0	292.9	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 2A	599	318	0	0	916.7	0.62	0.38	0.28	1	0.28
Area 2B	272	0	0	0	271.6	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 3A	428	569	0	0	997.1	0.66	0.34	0.24	1	0.24
Area 3B	761	0	0	0	760.7	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 3C	310	0	0	0	310.3	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 4A	96	1590	0	0	1686.5	0.73	0.27	0.19	1	0.19
Area 4B	665	160	0	0	825.7		0.41	0.30	1	0.30
Area 4C	549	0	0	0	548.7		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 4A	96	1590	0	0	1686.5		0.27	0.19	1	0.19
Area 5B	429	23	0	0	452.1		0.43	0.32	1	0.32
Area 5C	495	0	0	0	494.6		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6A	38	1388	0	0	1425.9		0.26	0.18	1	0.18
Area 6B	83	24	0	0	106.5		0.40	0.30	1	0.30
Area 6C	13	353	0	0	366.3		0.26	0.19	1	0.19
Area 6D	89	4	0	0	93.4		0.44	0.32	1	0.32
Area 6E	344	9	0	0	353.0		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6F	166	0	0	0	166.2		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6G	24	230	0	0	254.3		0.27	0.19	1	0.19
Area 6H	529	27	0	0	555.5		0.43	0.32	1	0.32
Area 6I	246	0	0	0	245.6		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 6J	166	0	0	0	166.2		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7A	8	283	0	0	291.0		0.26	0.18	1	0.18
Area 7B	302	26	0	0	327.9		0.43	0.32	1	0.32
Area 7C	246	0	0	0	245.9		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7D	487	0	0	0	486.5		0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 7E	117	188	0	0	304.5		0.33	0.24	1	0.24
Area 7F	270	33	0	0	303.6		0.42	0.31	1	0.31
Area 7G	442	0	0	0	442.1	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33
Area 8A	65	286	0	0	351.3		0.29	0.21	1	0.21
Area 8B	804	265	0	0	1069.6		0.40	0.29	1	0.29
Area 9A	70	1355	0	0	1425.9		0.27	0.19	1	0.19
Area 9B	1389	2358	0	0	3746.6		0.33	0.24	1	0.24
Area 9C	1558	0	0	0	1557.8	0.56	0.44	0.33	1	0.33

Notes

- (1) assume open brush, poor cover, type B soil
- (2) assume barren, rockland, type D soil
- (3) average rainfall is the 100-yr/24-hr depth (in)
- (4) F_P based on AMC II
- (5) curve number based on SBFCD Hydrology Manual Figure C-8; desert brush cover complex
- (6) cover density assumed at 20%

Date: 10/10/08

Weighted

Date Checked: 10/24/08

Date Revised: 10/24/08

By: cvg

By: cpp

Ву: срр

Stirling Energy	Systen	ns, Inc					Date:	10/21/08	Ву:	cvg
Solar One, LL	С						Date Checked:		By:	-
Hector Mine,		rnardin	o Coun	tv Cali	fornia		Date Revised:		By:	
Stantec Consultin				ty, Can	Offina		Date Reviseu.		Dy.	
Initial Hydrology S		0. 200002	2430							
	•			400	04.1					
Rainfall / Run	OII LOS	ses		100-year						
					Storm	Pervious			Cover 0-20	
		curve	Soil	Initial	runoff	area			P ₂₄ =	3.80
		number	Capacity	Abst	yield	infilt rate				
Watershed type		С	S	la	Yj	Fp	Notes			
Type 1 - Alluvial Fa		82	2.20	0.44	0.54	0.34	1			
Type 2 - Mountain A		92	0.87	0.17	0.77	0.16	2			
Type 3 - Lava Flow	Area	90	1.11	0.22	0.72	0.2				
Type 4 - other area										
Antecedent Moistur	o Conditio	n - AMC II								
Antecedent Moistur	e Conditio	ii - Alvic II						Weighted		
						Weighted	Catchment	Pervious	Pervious	Catchment
	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3	Type 4	Total	Storm runoff		area	area	Maximum
	Area	Area	Area	Area	Area	yield	fraction	infilt rate	Fraction	Loss Rate
Basin	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	(acres)	Yj	Ybar	Fp	Ар	Fm
480	306	(40.00)	64	(40100)	370.0	0.57	0.43	0.32	1	0.32
490	83		04		83.0	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
500	2,011	462			2473.0	0.58	0.40	0.34	1	0.34
510	102	402			101.7	0.54	0.42	0.34	1	0.34
520	158				157.7	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
530	154		501		655.2	0.68	0.40	0.34	1	0.34
540									•	
550	1,287		1,095		2382.0	0.62	0.38	0.28	1	0.28
	1,937				1936.6	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
560	182				181.7	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
570	160				160.5	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
590	207				207.5	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
600	497				496.9	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
610	202				201.7	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
620	103				103.5	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
630	46		0.40		45.7	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
650	2,943		340		3283.0	0.55	0.45	0.33	1	0.33
660	361				361.4	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
670	142				141.8	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
680	786		60		785.8	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
720	791		62		853.4 198.9	0.55 0.54	0.45	0.33 0.34	1	0.33
730 740	199		41		288.0	0.54	0.46 0.44	0.34	1	0.34
740 750	247 114		41		113.7	0.56	0.44	0.32	1	0.32
760	205				204.8	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
770	239				239.3	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
780	895				894.7	0.54	0.46	0.34	1	0.34
. 50					00 1.17	3.01	0.10	0.01		0.01
Notes:										
(1) assume open br	ush, poor	cover. tvn	e B soil							
(2) assume barren,										



Stirling Energy Systems, Inc Solar One, LLC

Hector Mine, San Bernardino County, California

Stantec Consulting Proj. No. 200002430 Initial Hydrology Study

Rainfall

Rainfall values required to synthesize the unit hydrograph

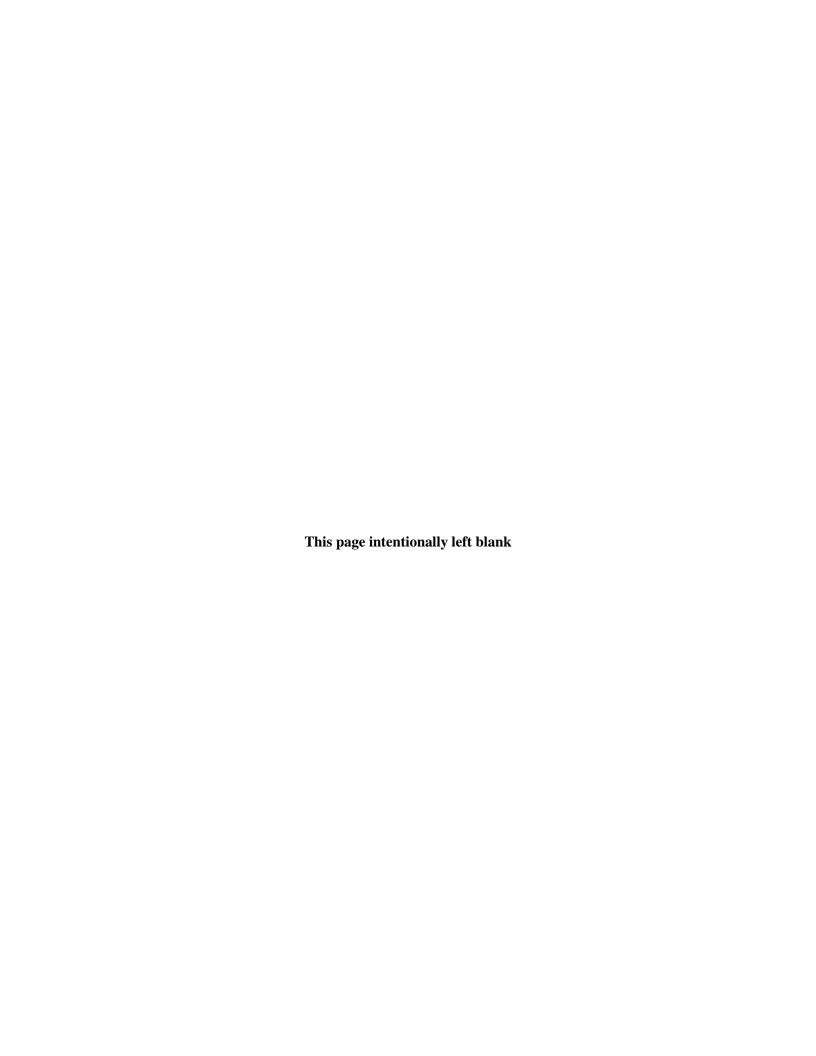
	Rainfall (in)					
Duration	10-year	25-year	100-year			
5 min	0.29	0.39	0.57			
30 min	0.74	0.99	1.45			
60 min	0.92	1.22	1.80			
3 hours	1.32	1.68	2.33			
6 hours	1.70	2.15	2.89			
24 hours	2.33	2.89	3.80			

Date:

Date Checked: 10/15/08 By: cpp

Date Revised: 10/15/08 By: klt

By: cvg



Advanced Engineering Software

Output Summary Reports

25 – Year Event

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

```
FILE NAME: 25YAREA2. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:54 11/06/2008
                                          ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                      ------
                                                          ______
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 18323.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 10424.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 600.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 917.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.280; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.90; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.959; 30-MI NUTE = 0.959; 1-HOUR = 0.959
3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2200.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4290.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                                  2030.00
  CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.10 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10534.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 272.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                                       330.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 272.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.988; 30-MINUTE = 0.988; 1-HOUR = 0.988
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 22.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

```
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2015.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          2000.00
                                     FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
                     _____
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 16770.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 10882.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 660.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
                                 1102.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
  WATERSHED AREA = 1102.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.951; 30-MI NUTE = 0.951; 1-HOUR = 0.951 3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.996; 24-HOUR = 0.998
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
(Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2160.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6270.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
 *******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 14475.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5830.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 347.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 304.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2093.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1318.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          2080.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
```

25YA2 RES

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE
                                                  13.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 12.10 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 9221.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5830.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 160.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 293.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.987; 30-MINUTE = 0.987; 1-HOUR = 0.987
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 11
                               _____
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 10.3
 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE<
______
      STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya2.dna
```

INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * Page: 1 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES	
20. 00 21. 00 21. 10 22. 00 10. 00	21.00 22.00 22.00 13.00 11.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing:	Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #1	1038. 1 1035. 3 1210. 0	1038. 1 1035. 3 1210. 0 1180. 7 913. 2	16. 833 16. 750			
11. 00 11. 10 12. 00 13. 00 13. 00	12.00 12.00 13.00 13.00 13.00	Convex Routing: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #2 Stream #1	904. 7 1102. 1 1180. 7	904. 7 1102. 1 1071. 7 2248. 0 2248. 0	16. 917 16. 750 16. 750 16. 833 16. 833	380. 86	3	
12. 10 13. 00 13. 00 13. 00	13. 00 13. 00 13. 00 13. 00		Stream #1 Stream #1	2248. 0	300. 3 2422. 0 2422. 0 2422. 0	16. 750 16. 750	425. 39	3	
		L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2					 DRM		

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

```
FILE NAME: 25YAREA3. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:04 11/04/2008
                                       ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 31.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                                                       ______
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 13305.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 111
                                                                              7112,000 FEET
                                                                 1110, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 997.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.410
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.955; 30-MI NUTE = 0.955; 1-HOUR = 0.955
3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2430.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8810.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          2175.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.10 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<<
----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 14765.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 26!
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 761.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW =
                                                                  265. 000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 761.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.966; 30-MI NUTE = 0.966; 1-HOUR = 0.966
3-HOUR = 0.995; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 11
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<

****************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 10.3 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya3]

______ ______

INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [25YAREA3.DAT] Page: 1 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES	
30. 00 31. 00 31. 10 32. 00 32. 00	31.00 32.00 32.00 32.00 32.00 32.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	1102. 5 0. 0 1081. 2	1102. 5 1081. 2 641. 6 1722. 8 1722. 8	16. 333 16. 667 16. 583 16. 667 16. 667	269. 33	3	
32. 00 32. 00 32. 10 33. 00	32. 00 33. 00 33. 00 33. 00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1	1722. 8 0. 0	0. 0 1657. 5 318. 3 1791. 4	16. 833 16. 333 16. 833			

25-3SUM. RES

	33. 00	33.00 Vi ew:	Stream #1	1791. 4	16. 833	313. 09	3	1
	33. 00	33.00 Store:	Stream #1 1791.4	1791.4	16. 833	į		İ
-			EEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-M T EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE P			л		

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

```
FILE NAME: 25YAREA4. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:05 11/04/2008
                                     ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 41.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                    ===========
                                                   ------
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17608.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 164
                                                                          8024,000 FEET
                                                              1640, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1687.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.330
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.925; 30-MI NUTE = 0.925; 1-HOUR = 0.925
3-HOUR = 0.989; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2840.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                    2160.00
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.10 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<<
·----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17734.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 826.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                               1360.000 FEET
  WATERSHED AREA = 826.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.300; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.490 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.963; 30-MINUTE = 0.963; 1-HOUR = 0.963 3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
                                826.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 11
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<>>>>

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE<

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya4]

 INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [25YAREA4.DAT] Page: 1 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES	
40. 00 41. 00 41. 10 42. 00 42. 00	42. 00 42. 00 42. 00	Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	1737. 5 0. 0 1716. 0	1737. 5 1716. 0 758. 5 2407. 8 2407. 8	16. 583 16. 333	421. 17	3	
42. 00 42. 00 42. 10 43. 00	43. 00 43. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #1	2407. 8 0. 0	0. 0 2370. 7 480. 5 2828. 8	16. 833 16. 333 16. 750			

25-4SUM. RES

	43.00	43.00 Vi ew:	Stream #1	2828. 8	16. 750	498. 34	3	
	43. 00	43.00 Store:	Stream #1 2828.8	3 2828.8	16. 750	į		į
-			CEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5- NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE			л		Ť

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

FILE NAME: 25YAREA5. DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:05 11/04/2008 ** INPUT SUMMARY ** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1< =========== WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17608.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 164 8024,000 FEET 1640, 000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1687.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.330
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.925; 30-MI NUTE = 0.925; 1-HOUR = 0.925
3-HOUR = 0.989; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.997 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2815.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.002180.00 ______ ****************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.10 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<< WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12315.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 WATERSHED AREA = 452.100 ACRES; BASE 1360.000 FEET 452. 100 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE WATERSHED AREA = 452.100 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.520 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.980; 30-MINUTE = 0.980; 1-HOUR = 0.980 3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999 ***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 11

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 10.3

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE<

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya5. dna

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [25YAREA5.DAT] Page: 1 of UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM TIME(2) TO MAX. STORAGE PEAK (CFS) PEAK (CFS) PEAK (HR) MODELED (AF) FOOTNOTES UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM NODE # NODE # HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #1 Convex Routing: Stream #1 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 1737. 5 1714. 3 495. 5 2117. 3 51. 00 52. 00 52. 00 52. 00 0.0 40.00 16. 333 1737. 5 0. 0 51.00 16. 583 16. 333 16. 500 51. 10 52.00 1714. 3 Vi ew: 2117.3 363. 70 52.00 52.00 Stream #1 16. 500 495. 5 52.00 0.0 Zero Out: Stream #2| 53.00 Convex Routing: Stream #1
53.00 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2
53.00 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 2117. 3 2030. 1 Stream #1 16. 750 52.00 52.10 410. 1 16. 583 2030. 1 53.00 Stream #1 2440. 2 16.750

25-5SUM. RES

	53.00	53.00	Vi ew:	Stream #1		2440. 2	16. 750	433. 35	3	
	53. 00	53.00	Store:	Stream #1	2440. 2	2440. 2	16. 750			i
•				= TIME IS AT PAST 2 DAYS			INTERVAL THE DESIGN ST	+ ORM	+	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

FILE NAME: 25YAREA6. DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:06 11/04/2008 ** INPUT SUMMARY ** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 60.00 TO NODE 61.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1< =========== WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12315.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 192 6295, 000 FEET 1920, 000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1426.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.180; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.320
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.936; 30-MI NUTE = 0.936; 1-HOUR = 0.936
3-HOUR = 0.990; 6-HOUR = 0.995; 24-HOUR = 0.997 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 61.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2680.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 3994.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 2470.00 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00 ****************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 61.10 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2< WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6851.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 67
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 107.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 670.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 107.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.300; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.520
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.995; 30-MI NUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000 ***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 11

WATERSHED AREA = 556.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.480

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

Page 4

```
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.975; 30-MI NUTE = 0.975; 1-HOUR = 0.975
3-HOUR = 0.996; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 69.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 69.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
*******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
 (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6588.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                      2040.00
______
  *********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.10 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
          WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10093.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5800.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 140.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 246.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.989; 30-MINUTE = 0.989; 1-HOUR = 0.989
 3-MINUTE = 0. 989; 30-MINUTE = 0. 989; 1-HOUR = 0. 989
3-HOUR = 0. 998; 6-HOUR = 0. 999; 24-HOUR = 1. 000
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2040.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1241.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                  2000.00
 ______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66. 10 TO NODE
                                                                66. 50 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7902.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1114.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 160.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 166.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.660; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.470
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.993; 30-MINUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 10.3
  >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <
______
        STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya6. dna
```

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [25YAREA6.DAT] Page: 1 of											
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES			
60. 00 61. 00 61. 10 62. 00 62. 00	61. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	1744. 6 0. 0 1742. 4		16. 500 16. 333 16. 500	272. 03	3			
62. 00 63. 00 64. 00 64. 10 62. 00	62.00 64.00 62.00 62.00 62.00	Zero Out: Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #3	0. 0 482. 7 0. 0	0. 0 482. 7 482. 3 112. 4 590. 3	16. 333 16. 583 16. 083					
62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00	62.00 62.00 62.00 62.00 65.00	Stream #2 Added to: View: Zero Out:	Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	1874. 8 590. 3	0. 0 2465. 1 2465. 1 0. 0 2415. 2	16. 500 16. 500 16. 583	351. 11	3			

			25	-6SUM. RES							
62. 10 65. 00 65. 00 65. 00	65.00 65.00 65.00	Stream #2 Added to: Vi ew: Zero Out:	Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #2	2415. 2 375. 1	375. 1 2680. 3 2680. 3 0. 0	16. 333 16. 583 16. 583	401. 43	3			
65.00	66.00	Convex Routing:	3tream #1	2680. 3	2628. 5 +-	16. 750 ++	 +-	 ++			
65. 10 66. 00 66. 00 66. 00	66. 00 66. 00 66. 00		Stream #1	2628.5	188. 0 2744. 9 2744. 9 0. 0	16. 333 16. 750 16. 750	424. 92	3			
67. 00	68. 00	Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2	0. 0	337.0	16. 333					
68. 00 68. 10 69. 00 69. 00 69. 00	69. 00 69. 00 69. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Added to: View: Zero Out:	Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #2	337. 0 0. 0 332. 4 617. 3	332. 4 617. 3 906. 3 906. 3 0. 0	16. 750 16. 333 16. 500 16. 500	127. 92	3			
69. 00 69. 10 66. 00 66. 00 66. 00	66. 00 66. 00 66. 00	Stream #5 Added to: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #5 Stream #2	906. 3 0. 0 886. 5 2744. 9	886. 5 238. 1 1087. 7 3765. 3 3765. 3	16. 667 16. 333 16. 667 16. 667 16. 667	587. 60	3			
66. 00 66. 00 66. 10 66. 50 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50 66. 50 66. 50 66. 50	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	1087. 7 3765. 3 0. 0 3736. 3	3736. 3 159. 3 3805. 9	16. 750 16. 333 16. 750 16. 750	610. 32	3			
	Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM										
T											

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * Page: 2 of										
	STREAM DE #	HYDROLOGI	C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)		
66. 50	66. 50	Store:		Stream #1	3805. 9	3805. 9	16. 750			
Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM										

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

```
FILE NAME: 25YAREA7. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:06 11/04/2008
                                       ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 70.00 TO NODE 71.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
             WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7740.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 47
                                                                            4234,000 FEET
                                                                   470.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 291.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.180; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.320
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.987; 30-MI NUTE = 0.987; 1-HOUR = 0.987
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 71.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2570.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6913.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                        2200.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 71.10 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8964.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 680
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 328.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW =
                                                                 680.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 328.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.510
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.985; 30-MI NUTE = 0.985; 1-HOUR = 0.985
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 72.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 72.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 11
```

```
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2
                            WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12625.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 540.
                                                                            5849.000 FEET
                                                                    540.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
  WATERSHED AREA =
                                  487.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 WATERSHED AREA = 487.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.470 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.978; 30-MI NUTE = 0.978; 1-HOUR = 0.978 3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 76.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL THYPWATTON.

BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2500.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6103.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                        2180.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 76.10 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7602.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4050.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 780.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
  DASIN FACTORS = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 305.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.400
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89

PECIFICATION DEPTH AREA DEPUTED A FACTORS.
  PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986

3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH<
______
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 78.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 5723.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                         2050.00
```

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12003.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 6262.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 475.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 WATERSHED AREA = 304.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.310; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.510 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986 3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 78.00 TO NODE 78.00 IS CODE = 6
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 78.00 TO NODE 74.00 IS CODE = 5.2 ->>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2050.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 425.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,

Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).

ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 3032.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.001930.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 74.10 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<< -----

WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8397.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5032.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 430.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.035

WATERSHED AREA = 442.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.980; 30-MINUTE = 0.980; 1-HOUR = 0.980
3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999

********************* FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH< ______

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 10.3

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE< ______

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya7. dna

 INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY *											
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES				
70. 00 71. 00 71. 10 72. 00 72. 00	71.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00 72.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	0. 0 386. 3 0. 0 383. 2	386. 3 383. 2 391. 6 744. 2 744. 2	16. 667 16. 333 16. 500	100. 36	3				
72. 00 72. 00 72. 10 73. 00 73. 00	/3.00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #1 Stream #1	/18.8	284. 7	16. 667 16. 333 16. 500	135. 12	3				
73. 00 73. 00 75. 00 76. 00 76. 10	74.00 76.00 77.00	Zero Out: Convex Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #2	899. 8 0. 0 509. 0	509. 0 499. 7	16. 500 16. 333 16. 583						
77. 00 77. 00 77. 00 77. 00 77. 10	77.00	Stream #3 Added to: View: Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2	301 2	862. 7 862. 7 0. 0 809. 0 319. 7	16. 500 16. 667	123. 71	3				
78. 00 78. 00 78. 00 78. 00 78. 00	78. 00 78. 00 74. 00	Stream #3 Added to: View: Zero Out: Convex Routing: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #3 Stream #2	319. 7 1047. 9	1047. 9 1047. 9 0. 0 1040. 9 1912. 5	16. 667 16. 667	167. 91	3				

25-7SUM. RES

	74. 00 74. 00 74. 00 74. 10 79. 00	74.00 79.00 79.00	View: Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to: Stream #2 Added to:		1040. 9 1912. 5 0. 0	1870. 4 511. 8	16. 750 16. 333	303. 03	3
	79. 00 79. 00	79. 00 79. 00		Stream #1 Stream #1		2215. 7 2215. 7		365. 27	3
Note			L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 =					DRM	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

FILE NAME: 25YAREA8. DAT TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:06 11/04/2008 ** INPUT SUMMARY ** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 81.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1< ============ WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 13409.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 10 6657.000 FEET 1070, 000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 351.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.210; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.360
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.984; 30-MI NUTE = 0.984; 1-HOUR = 0.984
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 81.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2150.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8111.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 1937.00 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00 -----****************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 81.10 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<< ----WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 19314.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 128
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1070.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 1283.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1070.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.290; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.480
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.952; 30-MI NUTE = 0.952; 1-HOUR = 0.952
3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.996; 24-HOUR = 0.998 ***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 11

25-8SUM. RES

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH	20-030W. RE3

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE	
>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE	< ====================================
STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [2	25ya8. dna]

INPUT FILE	ENAME: [25YA		AES FLOODSCx	PROGRAM RESU	ILTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	1 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI	C PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
80. 00 81. 00 81. 10 82. 00 82. 00	81. 00 82. 00 82. 00 82. 00 82. 00	Subarea (UH) Added Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #1 to Stream #2	412. 9 0. 0 401. 9	412. 9 401. 9 933. 4 1309. 4 1309. 4	16. 333 16. 750 16. 333 16. 750 16. 750	220. 85	3
82.00	82. 00	Store:	Stream #1	1309. 4	1309. 4	16. 750		
		L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2				NTERVAL HE DESIGN STO	ORM	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: 25YAREA9. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:07 11/04/2008
                                        ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 90.00 TO NODE 91.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                     ===========
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 26139.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 187
                                                                          12633. 000 FEET
                                                                    1870, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1426.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.330
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.936; 30-MINUTE = 0.936; 1-HOUR = 0.936
3-HOUR = 0.990; 6-HOUR = 0.995; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 91.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2290.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          1940.00
-----
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 91.10 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<<
----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 39166.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 18246.000 FEET
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 3747.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                                   1580.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 3747.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.400
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.833; 30-MI NUTE = 0.833; 1-HOUR = 0.833
3-HOUR = 0.975; 6-HOUR = 0.987; 24-HOUR = 0.992
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 11
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 93.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 93.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<

***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 93.00 IS CODE = 10.3 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [25ya9. dna

92.10

93.00

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [25YAREA9.DAT] Page: 1 of UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM TIME(2) TO MAX. STORAGE PEAK (CFS) PEAK (CFS) PEAK (HR) MODELED (AF) FOOTNOTES UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM NODE # NODE # HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #1 Convex Routing: Stream #1 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 1292. 5 1281. 7 2368. 4 3650. 0 91. 00 92. 00 92. 00 92. 00 92. 00 90.00 0.0 16. 583 1292. 5 0. 0 16. 917 16. 833 16. 917 16. 917 91.00 91. 10 92. 00 92. 00 1281.7 Vi ew: Stream #1 851.59 3650.0 92.00 2368. 4 92.00 0.0 Zero Out: Stream #2 93.00 Convex Routing: Stream #1
93.00 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2
93.00 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 3650.0 3616. 1 1208. 7 16. 917 92.00 Stream #1

Stream #1

0.0

3616.1

16. 583

16. 917

4511.6

25-9SUM. RES

	93. 00	93.00 Vi ew:	Stream #1	4511.6	16. 917	1066. 77	3	1
	93. 00	93.00 Store:	Stream #1 4511.6	4511.6	16. 917	i		İ
1			CEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-M OT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE P			+ :M		†

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: MID-25. DAT
   TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 16:15 11/06/2008
                                                ** INPUT SUMMARY **
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 512.00 TO NODE 514.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
  WALEKUURSE LENGTH = 5635.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 12
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED ARFA -
                                                                  -----
                                                                                              2271, 000 FEET
                                                                                   124, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 102.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 522.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4500.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
                                                                                           2069. 000 FEET
   ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
                                                                                      36,000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 158.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.993; 30-MINUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 514.00 TO NODE 516.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
  EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                          182.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024

T) = 2201.15; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) =
   PIPELENGTH(FT) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 3.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 516.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

```
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 80.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2197.26; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4500.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                             2165.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 492.00 TO NODE 494.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
                    WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4191.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1376.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 95.850 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 83.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.996; 30-MINUTE = 0.996; 1-HOUR = 0.996
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 494.00 TO NODE 496.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<<<<<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PI PELENGTH(FT) = 186.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2187.15; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 3.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 496.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 80.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2184.47; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2558.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 -----
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<<
 ______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 526.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PI PELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2165.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 8.14
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 526.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
(Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 100.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2164.99; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2819.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           2160.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 532.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                                                         _____
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10308.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4916.00
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 377.000 FEET
 ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 37/.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.086
WATERSHED AREA = 655.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.230; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.400 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.971; 30-MINUTE = 0.971; 1-HOUR = 0.971 3-HOUR = 0.996; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 250.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2160.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                           2013.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATÉ(CFS) = 0.00
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 542.00 TO NODE 544.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17024.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 11089.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 458.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.068

WATERSHED AREA = 2382.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE

VALLEY (UNDEVELOPED) / DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.280; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):

5 MINITE = 0.39: 30 MINITE = 0.99: 1 HOUR = 1.22
   5-MI NUTE = 0. 39; 30-MI NUTE = 0. 99; 1-HOUR = 1. 22
3-HOUR = 1. 68; 6-HOUR = 2. 15; 24-HOUR = 2. 89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0. 894; 30-MI NUTE = 0. 894; 1-HOUR = 0. 894
3-HOUR = 0. 984; 6-HOUR = 0. 992; 24-HOUR = 0. 995
>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
                                                                  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                  (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
   PI PELENGTH(FT) = 215.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2060.84; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 3.50
_____
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 546.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
    ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
   BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2056.48; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4584.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                                           2013.00
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 536.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 11492.000 FEET
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 11492.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5411.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 110.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 1937.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.914; 30-MINUTE = 0.914; 1-HOUR = 0.914
3-HOUR = 0.987; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.996
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 482.00 TO NODE 484.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10151.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 6367.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 130.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.050
WATERSHED AREA = 370.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
   WATERSHED AREA = 370.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.520
   SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
```

```
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.983; 30-MI NUTE = 0.983; 1-HOUR = 0.983
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 484.00 TO NODE 486.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #4<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 4 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
  EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 189.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2059.60; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 3.00
------
********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 486.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 150.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2056.42; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6202.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                  2013.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 504.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
                   ______
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 24948.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 7
                                                               777. 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
  WATERSHED AREA = 2473.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.310; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.500 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
  SPECIFIE FEAR KATH ALL DUTTIS (1Not).

5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.890; 30-MI NUTE = 0.890; 1-HOUR = 0.890
3-HOUR = 0.983; 6-HOUR = 0.992; 24-HOUR = 0.995
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 504.00 TO NODE 506.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #5<<<<<
                                                      _____
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 5 WHERE
  VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2119.14; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 8.90
***********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 506.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #5 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 5 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
```

(Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,

MID-25.RES Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 150.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2122.99; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
ELOW DDOCES FOOM NODE
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 551.00 TO NODE 551.00 IS CODE = 10.2
>>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya2.dna] TO STREAM #3<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 551.00 TO NODE 552.00 IS CODE = 4 >>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<<<<<
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
FACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO (0.938)(DIAMETER):
PI PELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.035 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.33; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.00 PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 15.03

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 552.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWI DTH(FT) = 350.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.09; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6929.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558. OO TO NODE 558. OO IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<><>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<<

```
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
_____
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 7928.88 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                         1940.00
  CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 7928.88
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 562.00 TO NODE 564.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4636.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2021.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 102.000 FEET
 ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCUURSE = 102.000. LD

BASIN FACTOR = 0.040

WATERSHED AREA = 155.300 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE

VALLEY (UNDEVELOPED) / DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22

3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.993; 30-MINUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993

3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 564.00 TO NODE 566.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
           (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PIPELENGTH(FT) = 189.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2051.71; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 8.00
______
```

3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<<
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STRFAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO 7FRO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 781.00 TO NODE 781.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya4.dna ] TO STREAM #2<<<<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 783.00 TO NODE 783.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya5.dna ] TO STREAM #3<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 785.00 TO NODE 785.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya6.dna ] TO STREAM #4<
------
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 787.00 TO NODE 787.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya7.dna ] TO STREAM #5<
________
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 781.00 TO NODE 782.00 IS CODE = 4
 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
       (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.91; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 19.74
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 782.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWI DTH (FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.79; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH (FT) = 9681.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                   1940.00
  CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 783.00 TO NODE 784.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<
                               ______
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
(0.938) (DIAMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2023.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 9.37
                                                                                                   2022.99
______
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 784.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 100.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2023.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8854.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                   1940.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 785.00 TO NODE 786.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #4<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 4 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
  EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 34.50 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 17.77 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

1989.82; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 17.77
______
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 786.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
_____
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1989.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6046.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                    1940.00
______
```

>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #5<<<<
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 5 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET. UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO (0.938) (DIAMETER):
PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.40 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.74; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.47 PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 11.19

>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #5 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 5 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 200.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.50; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1940.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2853.50 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER T<<<<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<<<<

1 LOW 1 ROOLSS 1 ROW NODE /07. OU 10 NODE /07. OU 13 CODE = 0

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 10.2
  >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [25ya8.dna ] TO STREAM #2<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 698.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<<<<<
                                        MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
(0.938) (DIAMETER):
  PI PELENGTH(FT) = 37.10 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1841.18; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 10.34
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 698.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1840.91; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1077.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 ______
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 682.00 TO NODE 688.00 IS CODE = 1
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 9519.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4686.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 135.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 786.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 786.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.965; 30-MINUTE = 0.965; 1-HOUR = 0.965
3-HOUR = 0.995; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 688.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

Page 13

ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

```
BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1870.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4272.00 MANNI NG' S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                    1832.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 688.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4272.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1686.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 35.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 239.300 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.989; 30-MINUTE = 0.989; 1-HOUR = 0.989
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<<
 ______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 738.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1832.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6748.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 738.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6748.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3299.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 35.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.040

WATERSHED AREA = 199.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 199.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.991; 30-MI NUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
```

*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	***	*****	***
FLOW P	ROCESS	FROM	NODE	738. 00	TO	NODE	738. 00	IS CO	DDE =	7		
>>>>S	TREAM N	NUMBER	2 ADDEI	TO ST	REAM		1<<<<<					
*****	*****	*****	****	*****	***	*****	*****	****	*****	***	****	***
FLOW P			NODE						DDE =	6		
>>>>S		NUMBER	2 CLEA	RED AND	SET	TO ZERO	>>>>					
	======				====					====		
*****	******	*****	*****	******	****	*****	*****	*****	*****	****	*****	***
			NODE									
>>>>V	IEW STR	REAM N	IUMBER 1		RAPH	 <<<<						
=======												
	=				=	=		=	==	==	=	

INPUT FILE	NAME: [MID-	* AES	FL00DSCx	PROGRAM RESU	LTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	1 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	:	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	PEAK (CFS)	PEAK (CFS)	PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
512. 00 522. 00 514. 00 516. 00 492. 00	514.00 524.00 516.00 524.00 494.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #3	0. 0 0. 0 154. 3 52. 8 0. 0	154. 3 233. 2 52. 8 52. 8 154. 6	16. 250 16. 333 16. 083 18. 000 16. 250		
494.00 496.00 524.00 524.00 524.00	496. 00 524. 00 524. 00 524. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out:	Stream #3 Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #3	154. 6 43. 4 52. 8 96. 1 43. 4	43. 4 43. 4 96. 1 297. 5 0. 0	16. 083 17. 833 17. 833 16. 333		
524.00 524.00 526.00 532.00 534.00	524.00 526.00 534.00 534.00 534.00	Zero Out: Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #2	233. 2 297. 5 62. 8 0. 0	0. 0 62. 8 62. 8	16. 000 20. 583 16. 833 16. 833		
534.00 534.00 542.00 544.00 546.00	534.00 558.00 544.00 546.00 558.00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #2 Stream #2	487. 0 548. 1 0. 0 1242. 8 77. 6	0. 0 517. 7 1242. 8 77. 6 77. 6	17. 500 17. 083 12. 333 16. 500		
536. 00 482. 00 484. 00 486. 00 502. 00	558.00 484.00 486.00 558.00 504.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3 Stream #4 Stream #4 Stream #4 Stream #5	0. 0 0. 0 308. 4 46. 9 0. 0	1669. 2 308. 4 46. 9 46. 9 1820. 0	16. 500 16. 583 15. 833 20. 833 16. 667		
504.00 506.00 558.00 558.00 551.00	506. 00 558. 00 558. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #5 Stream #5 Stream #1 Stream #3	1820. 0 79. 6 517. 7 1669. 2	79. 6 79. 6 1818. 0 0. 0 2422. 0	12. 167 16. 167 16. 583 16. 750		
551. 00 552. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	552.00 558.00 558.00 558.00 558.00 558.00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #5 Added to: Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #1	1576. 8 1818. 0 1897. 6 1941. 5	1576. 8 1576. 8 1897. 6 1941. 5 2904. 0	16. 500 18. 000 16. 583 16. 583 16. 667		
558. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	558. 00	Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out:	Stream #1	2904.0	2981. 6 0. 0	16. 667		

|Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

+										
INPUT FILE	ENAME: [MID-	-25. DAT]	* AES	FLOODSC	x F	PROGRAM RESU	LTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	2 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/	HYDRAULI C	PROCESS		UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	
558. 00 562. 00		Convex Rout Subarea (UH		Stream Stream			2890. 3 257. 2	17. 167 16. 250		

					MI D-25. RES			
	564. 00 566. 00 572. 00	566. 00 789. 00 574. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3	2 257. 2 2 255. 1	255. 1 184. 9 357. 1	16. 917	
	574. 00 576. 00 566. 00 789. 00 789. 00	576.00 789.00 789.00 789.00 789.00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #: Stream #: Stream #: Stream #	354. 3 4 0. 0 1 2890. 3	354. 3 276. 2 976. 4 3132. 9 3314. 6	16. 250 16. 833 16. 417 17. 167 17. 083	
	789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 781. 00	789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 781. 00	Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out: Zero Out: Zero Out: Read/Add Hydrograph:	Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream #	976. 4 276. 2 184. 9	3462. 7 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 4606. 1	17. 083 16. 750	
•	783. 00 785. 00 787. 00 781. 00 782. 00	783. 00 785. 00 787. 00 782. 00 789. 00	Read/Add Hydrograph: Read/Add Hydrograph: Read/Add Hydrograph: Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing:	Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream #	0. 0 0. 0 2 4606. 1	2440. 2 3805. 9 2215. 7 2306. 6 2306. 6	16. 750 16. 750 16. 500 16. 417 18. 833	
•	783. 00 784. 00 785. 00 786. 00 787. 00	784. 00 789. 00 786. 00 789. 00 788. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream #	91. 3 3805. 9 3176. 9	91. 3 91. 3 3176. 9 3172. 2 756. 8	11. 417 14. 917 16. 583 17. 333 16. 167	
	788. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00	789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00	Convex Routing: Stream #5 Added to: Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream #	3462. 7 4219. 5 7360. 3	756. 8 4219. 5 7360. 3 7451. 6 9693. 6	17. 750 17. 083 17. 083 17. 083 17. 167	
•	789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00	789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 676. 00	Zero Out: Zero Out: Zero Out: Zero Out: Convex Routing:	Stream # Stream # Stream # Stream #	3172. 2 3 91. 3 2 2306. 6	0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 9655. 7	17. 333	
•	672. 00 676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 678. 00	676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 678. 00 696. 00	Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out: Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing:	Stream #: Stream #: Stream #: Stream #	9655. 7 191. 6 1 9684. 3	191. 6 9684. 3 0. 0 3060. 1 3060. 1	16. 333 17. 333 16. 333 18. 250	
	Notes: 1 = BAS	SIN MODE	L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 =	TIME IS	AT END OF 5-1	MINUTE UNIT I	NTERVAL	

Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

INPUT FILE	NAME: [MID-		FL00DSCx	PROGRAM RESU	ILTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	3 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
696. 00 696. 00 696. 00 696. 00 698. 00	696.00 696.00 696.00 698.00 778.00	Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out: Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	3060. 1 5764. 2 8816. 3	5764. 2 8816. 3 0. 0 572. 9 572. 9	16. 917 16. 917 5. 417 6. 250		
682. 00 688. 00 688. 00 778. 00 778. 00	688.00 778.00 778.00 778.00 778.00		Stream #2 Stream #3	824. 4 0. 0 572. 9	824. 4 748. 7 368. 7 941. 6 1413. 0	16. 417 16. 750 16. 250 16. 250 16. 750		
778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 738. 00	778. 00 778. 00 738. 00 738. 00 738. 00 738. 00	Zero Out: Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2	748. 7 1413. 0 0. 0	0. 0 0. 0 1326. 0 227. 7 1374. 2	17. 333 16. 417 17. 250		
738. 00 738. 00	738. 00 738. 00	Zero Out: Vi ew:			0. 0 1374. 2	17. 250	5491. 71	3
		L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 =					++ DRM	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: BOT-25. DAT
   TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:04 11/06/2008
                                          ** INPUT SUMMARY **
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 592.00 TO NODE 594.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
______
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6016.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3668.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 200.000 FEET
                                                                                   3668, 000 FEET
   BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 207.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 594.00 TO NODE 596.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
               (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                                    MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
   PI PELENGTH(FT) =
                                     187.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 7.50
                                              1956.20; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 596.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
   ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL THROWALL IN.

BASEWI DTH(FT) = 400.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1954.21; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4748.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                1913.00
 ______
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 604.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8380.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3358.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 215.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERCHURSE AREA = 496.900 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
   WATERSHED AREA = 496.900 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
```

B0T-25, RES

```
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.978; 30-MI NUTE = 0.978; 1-HOUR = 0.978
3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 604.00 TO NODE 606.00 IS CODE = 4
 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
 STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
 EACH UNIT INTERVAL(NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82)(DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
          (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                      MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
                          181.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1932.98; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1929.00
PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 10.90
______
********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 606.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS
 (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 250.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1929.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2622.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                               1913.00
______
  *******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 662.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
            WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7964.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3311.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 137.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 361.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.984: 30-MINUTE = 0.984: 1-HOUR = 0.984
  3-MI NUTE = 0. 984; 30-MI NUTE = 0. 984; 1-HOUR = 0. 984
3-HOUR = 0. 998; 6-HOUR = 0. 999; 24-HOUR = 0. 999
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
._____
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 600.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1913.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2052.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 612.00 TO NODE 614.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 5129.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2520.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 155.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 202.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CF
______
                                                                               2520, 000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 202.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 614.00 TO NODE 616.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGIH(FT) = 190.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1919.24; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 5.50
______
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 616.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 120.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1916.36; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2909.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           1893.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 632.00 TO NODE 634.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 2094.000 FEET
```

B0T-25. RES LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 7
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040 935. 000 FEET 77.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 46.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.998; 30-MINUTE = 0.998; 1-HOUR = 0.998
3-HOUR = 1.000; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000 ***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 634.00 TO NODE 636.00 IS CODE = 4 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<<<<< MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO (0. 938) (DI AMETER): 282.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024 PIPELENGTH(FT) = UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1915.36; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1910.41 PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 5.50 ______ ****************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 636.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< _____ THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 40.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1910.41; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2400.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.001893.00 _____ ********************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 616.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4< WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 2909.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1384.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 32.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 32.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.040

WATERSHED AREA = 114.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE

VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22

3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995

3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000 ************************ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 3 ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<< _____ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 768.00 IS CODE = 5.2
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 450.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1893.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4621.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4261.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3341.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 33.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 205.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22 3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991 3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 768. 00 TO NODE 768. 00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
>>>>VI EW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<

```
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 1000.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2686.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 622.00 TO NODE 624.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                                                                     -----
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 5831.000 FEET
   LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 1
                                                                                               2833, 000 FEET
                                                                                   165. 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 103.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.550
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 624.00 TO NODE 626.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                                        (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PI PELENGTH(FT) = 244.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.015
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1899.18; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 6.20
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 626.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1893.60; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6384.00 MANNI NG' S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 652.00 TO NODE 654.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 36362.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 22020.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 265.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.046
WATERSHED AREA = 3283.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQU
______
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.046
WATERSHED AREA = 3283.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.530
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.39; 30-MI NUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.853; 30-MI NUTE = 0.853; 1-HOUR = 0.853
3-HOUR = 0.978; 6-HOUR = 0.989; 24-HOUR = 0.993
```

```
***********
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 654.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 750.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2589.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                      1825.00
 CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 626.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
         _____
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6384.000 FEET
 LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2141.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 80.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.044
                                                   2141.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.044
WATERSHED AREA = 853.400 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.540
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.962; 30-MINUTE = 0.962; 1-HOUR = 0.962
3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 4<<<<<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 5.2
```

BOT-25, RES

>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWID TH(FT) = 600.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1825.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4153.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 1803.00 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<< .-----WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4153.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 2854.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.040 WATERSHED AREA = BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 288.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.520
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.39; 30-MINUTE = 0.99; 1-HOUR = 1.22
3-HOUR = 1.68; 6-HOUR = 2.15; 24-HOUR = 2.89
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.987; 30-MINUTE = 0.987; 1-HOUR = 0.987
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1 ______ 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 6 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO< ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH< * AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [BOT-25.DAT Page: UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM TIME(2) TO PEAK (CFS) PEAK (CFS) PEAK (HR) MAX. STORAGE |UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM| NODF # NODE # HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS MODELED (AF) **FOOTNOTES** 592.00 594.00 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #1| 306.5 596. 00 668. 00 306. 3 290. 9 594.00 16. 267 16. 683 16. 283 Pipe Flow Routing: Stream #1 306.5 596. 00 602. 00 Convex Routing: Stream #1 306.3 604.00 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 658. 7 0.0 658.7 604.00 606.00 Pipe Flow Routing: Stream #2 16.283 658. 3 668. 00 668. 00 668. 00 668. 00 606.00 Convex Routing: Stream #2| 658.3 645.5 16.483 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 662.00 0.0 465.8 16.300 668.00 645.5 996.7 16.400 16. 467 290.9 1129.1 668.00 Vi ew: 1129. 1 147. 69 3 668.00 Stream #1 16, 467 668. 00 668. 00 758. 00 Zero Out: Zero Out: 0.01 668.00 Stream #3 465.8 996. 7 1129. 1 0.0 668. 00 668. 00 Stream #2 Convex Routing: Stream #1
Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 1121.1 16. 633 612.00 614.00 0.0 335.8 16. 217 Pipe Flow Routing:

335.8

224.0

116.5

115.4

105.0

224.0

1121.1

0.0

0.0

224.0

224.0

116. 5 11<u>5</u>. 4

105.0

222. 1

280.3

455. 1

1411.5

1411.5

16. 100

16.733

16.100

16. 100

16. 283

16. 167

16.200

16. 267

16.617

16. 617

198.06

3

Stream #2

Stream #3

Stream #2

Stream #1

Stream #1

Convex Routing: Stream #2
Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3
Pipe Flow Routing: Stream #3
Convex Routing: Stream #3
Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #4

Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to:

Stream #2 Added to:

614.00

616.00

632.00

634.00

636.00

616.00

758. 00

758.00

758.00

758.00

616.00

758.00

634.00

636. 00 758. 00

758.00

758.00

758.00

758.00

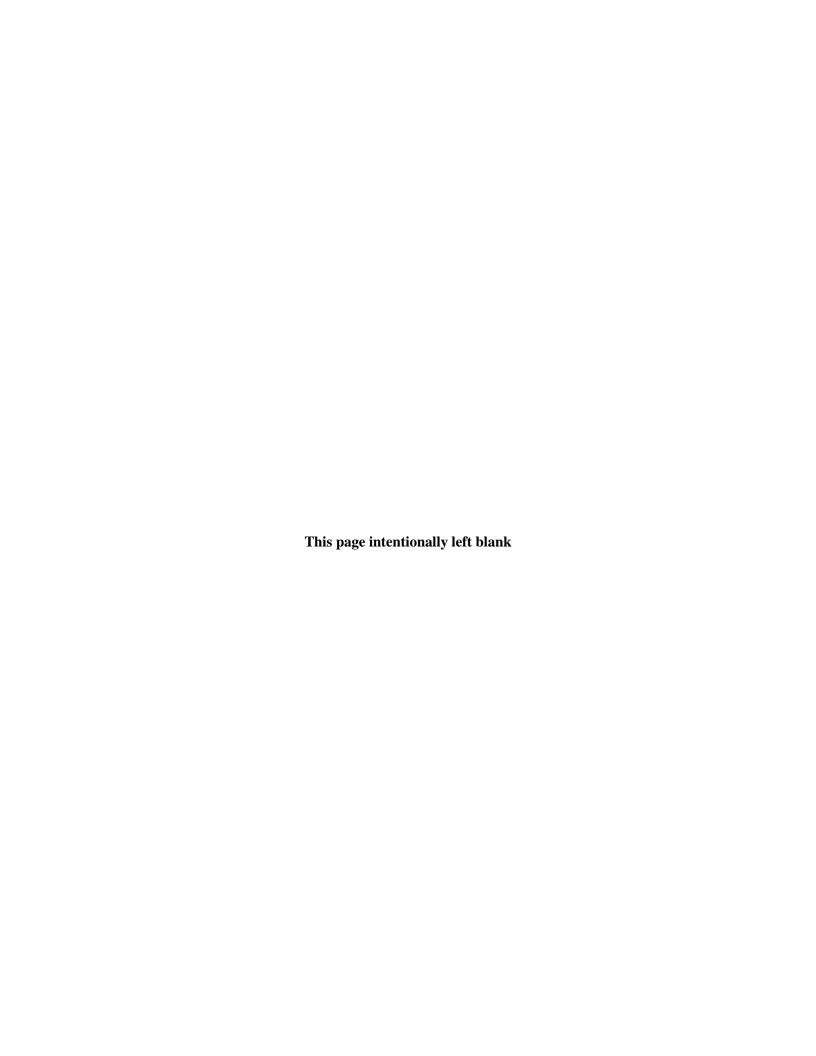
758.00

Vi ew:

B0T-25. RES										
	758. 00	758. 00	Zero Out:	Stream #4	222. 1	0.0				1
	758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 768. 00	758. 00 758. 00 768. 00 768. 00 768. 00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	455. 1 1411. 5 0. 0	0. 0 0. 0 1403. 1 281. 9 1465. 9	16. 917 16. 267 16. 900			
	768. 00 768. 00 768. 00 622. 00 624. 00	768. 00 768. 00 728. 00 624. 00 626. 00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #2	281. 9 1465. 9 0. 0	1465. 9 0. 0 1457. 2 161. 8 161. 7	16. 900 17. 100 16. 250 16. 250	226. 57	3	
	626. 00 652. 00 654. 00 626. 00 728. 00	728. 00 654. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #5 Added to:	Stream #4 Stream #4	0. 0 1188. 5 0. 0	151. 2 1188. 5 1178. 3 1151. 2 1650. 9	16. 817 17. 617 17. 800 16. 267 16. 300			

| Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 1-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL | 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * Page: 2 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00	728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00		Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #5 Stream #4	1457. 2 1151. 2	1670. 4 2685. 8 2685. 8 0. 0 0. 0	17. 133	798. 15	3
728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 748. 00 748. 00	728.00 748.00 748.00 748.00 748.00 748.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #1	2685. 8 0. 0 2672. 3	0. 0 2672. 3 398. 5 2726. 8 0. 0	17. 400 16. 267 17. 400		
748. 00	748. 00	Vi ew:	Stream #1		2726. 8	17. 400	839. 76	3
Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 1-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM								



100 – Year Event

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA2. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:06 11/04/2008
                                          ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 20.00 TO NODE 21.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 18323.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 10424.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 600.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
                      ------
                                                         ______
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 917.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.280; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.380
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.959; 30-MI NUTE = 0.959; 1-HOUR = 0.959
3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.00 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2200.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4290.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                                2030.00
  CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 21.10 TO NODE 22.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10534.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 272.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                                      330.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 272.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.988; 30-MINUTE = 0.988; 1-HOUR = 0.988
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 22.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

```
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2015.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           2000.00
                                     FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 10.00 TO NODE 11.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
                      _____
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 16770.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 10882.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 660.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
                                 1102.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
  WATERSHED AREA = 1102.000 AGRES, BASELEON = 0.000 C.S. DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

1 45: 1-HOUR = 1 80
  5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80

3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.951; 30-MI NUTE = 0.951; 1-HOUR = 0.951

3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.996; 24-HOUR = 0.998
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.00 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
(Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2160.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6270.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
 ********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 11.10 TO NODE 12.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 14475.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5830.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 347.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 304.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2093.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1318.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           2080.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
```

*******		EA2SUM. RES	****			
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODI	E 13.00 TO NODE 13.00 I	S CODE = 11				
>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBI	ER 1 HYDROGRAPH<	========	=======			
	**************************************		*****			
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNI T-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSI S) ADDED	TO STREAM #	3<<<<			
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = LENGTH FROM CONCENTRA' ELEVATION VARIATION AI BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 WATERSHED AREA = DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOS: SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFAI 5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-1 3-HOUR = 2.33; PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AI	TION POINT TO CENTROID = 583 LONG WATERCOURSE = 160.000 293.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.0 -GRAPH SELECTED S RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW	O. 000 FEET FEET 00 CFS/SQUAR	E-MILE			
	6-HOUR = 0. 999; 24-HOUR = 0. 999					
**************************************	**************************************	********** S CODE = 7				
	ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<					
=======================================	=======================================	========	=======			
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODI		S CODE = 11				
>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBI	ER 1 HYDROGRAPH<					
=======================================	=======================================	========	=======			

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDI	ROGRAPH TO A FILE<					
	# 4 CTOPED IN FILE Face 20 dec	=======				
STREAM HYDRUGRAPH	# 1 STORED IN FILE [area2.dna]			
=======================================	=======================================	========	=======			
+ INPUT FILENAME: [AREA2	* AES FLOODSCx	PROGRAM RESU	LTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	1 of
UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS	+ UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
20. 00 21. 00 2 21. 00 22. 00 0 21. 10 22. 00 0 22. 00 13. 00 0	Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #1 Convex Routing: Stream #1 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #1 Convex Routing: Stream #1 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2	0. 0 1241. 6 1241. 1 1564. 2	1241. 6 1241. 1 1564. 2 1516. 2 1442. 4	16. 583 16. 833 16. 500 16. 750 16. 583	;	
12. 00 13. 00 0 13. 00 13. 00 3	Convex Routing: Stream #2 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Convex Routing: Stream #2 Stream #2 Added to: Stream #1 View: Stream #1	1776. 1 1516. 2	1435. 4 1776. 1 1736. 7 3252. 9 3252. 9	16. 917 16. 750 16. 750 16. 750 16. 750	569. 29	3

END OF FLOODSCx ROUTING ANALYSIS

13. 00 13. 00 13. 00 13. 00

Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Stream #3 Added to: Stream #1 View: Stream #1 Store: Stream #1

Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

12. 10 13. 00 13. 00 13. 00

0. 0 3252. 9

3615.0

471. 2 3615. 0 3615. 0 3615. 0

16. 333 16. 750 16. 750 16. 750

632.58

3

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA3. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 14:02 11/04/2008
                                      ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 30.00 TO NODE 31.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                                                     WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 13305.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 111
                                                                           7112,000 FEET
                                                               1110, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 997.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.340
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.955; 30-MI NUTE = 0.955; 1-HOUR = 0.955
3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2430.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8810.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
  CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 31.10 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 14765.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 26!
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 761.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW =
                                                               265. 000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 761.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.966; 30-MINUTE = 0.966; 1-HOUR = 0.966
3-HOUR = 0.995; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 32.00 TO NODE 32.00 IS CODE = 11
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH< ______

***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 33.00 TO NODE 33.00 IS CODE = 10.3

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < < ______

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 2 STORED IN FILE [area3.dna ______

į	* AES FLOODSCX PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [AREA3. DAT] Page: 1 of								
	UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PR0CESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
	30. 00 31. 00 31. 10 32. 00 32. 00	31.00 32.00 32.00 32.00 32.00 32.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Added to: View:	Stream #2 Stream #3	1701. 5 0. 0 1686. 1	1701. 5 1686. 1 1011. 9 2698. 0 2698. 0	16. 333 16. 667 16. 583 16. 667 16. 667	400. 61	3
	32. 00 32. 00 32. 10 33. 00	32. 00 33. 00 33. 00 33. 00			2698. 0 0. 0	0. 0 2655. 9 503. 3 2927. 0	16. 833 16. 333 16. 750		

AREA3SUM. RES

33. 00	33.00 Vi ew:	Stream #2	2927.0	16. 750	467. 57	3	Ţ
33.00	33.00 Store:	Stream #2 2927.0	2927. 0	16. 750			i
		EDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5- EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE			+ M		-+

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: A4. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:10 11/04/2008
                                     ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 41.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                    ===========
                                                   ------
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17608.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 164
                                                                         8024,000 FEET
                                                             1640, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1687.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.270
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.925; 30-MI NUTE = 0.925; 1-HOUR = 0.925
3-HOUR = 0.989; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2840.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                   2160.00
______
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 41.10 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
·----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17734.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 826.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                              1360.000 FEET
  WATERSHED AREA = 826.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.300; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.410 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.963; 30-MINUTE = 0.963; 1-HOUR = 0.963 3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
                               826.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 6
```

```
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
                          42.00 TO NODE 42.00 IS CODE = 11
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
 (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWI DTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2160.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6831.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                    2059.00
 CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 42.10 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 13754.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 9447.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 540.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.035

WATERSHED AREA = 549.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 WATERSHED AREA = 549.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.975; 30-MI NUTE = 0.975; 1-HOUR = 0.975 3-HOUR = 0.996; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [area3.dna ] TO STREAM #2<<<<
_________
**********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 43.00 TO NODE 43.00 IS CODE = 10.3
 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <
______
```

A4SUM. RES

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * Page: 1 of										
	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES		
40. 00 41. 00 41. 10 42. 00 42. 00	41. 00 42. 00 42. 00 42. 00 42. 00 42. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	2653. 9 0. 0 2636. 1	2653. 9 2636. 1 1195. 1 3740. 1 0. 0	16. 333 16. 583 16. 333 16. 500				
42. 00 42. 00 42. 10 43. 00 43. 00	42.00 43.00 43.00 43.00 43.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #1	3740. 1 0. 0 3667. 7	3740. 1 3667. 7 764. 8 4391. 4 0. 0	16. 750 16. 333	609. 37	3		
43.00 43.00 43.00 43.00	43. 00 43. 00 43. 00 43. 00	Vi ew:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	4391. 4	2927. 0 7318. 4 7318. 4 7318. 4	16. 750 16. 750	1195. 11	3		

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA5. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:10 11/04/2008
                                           ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 40.00 TO NODE 51.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                       ------
                                                            ------
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17608.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 164
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                      8024,000 FEET
                                                                         1640, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1687.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.270
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.925; 30-MI NUTE = 0.925; 1-HOUR = 0.925
3-HOUR = 0.989; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.00 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2815.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                    2180.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 51.10 TO NODE 52.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12315.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 452.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                                         1360.000 FEET
                                     452.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
  WATERSHED AREA = 452.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CF5/SUUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.430 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.980; 30-MI NUTE = 0.980; 1-HOUR = 0.980 3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

AREA5SUM. RES

```
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6652.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                               2045.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 52.10 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
 ......
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH =
                      19986.000 FEET
 LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 11194.000 FEET
 ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 540.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
                    495.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 WATERSHED AREA = 493.000 ACRES, BASELEOW = 0.000 CF3/320ARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
 5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80

3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.978; 30-MI NUTE = 0.978; 1-HOUR = 0.978

3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH<
*********
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
 ______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 53.00 TO NODE 53.00 IS CODE = 10.3
 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <
______
     STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 2 STORED IN FILE [AREA5. DNA
______
```

INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [AREA5.DAT] Page: 1 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI (C PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES	
40.00 51.00 51.10 52.00 52.10	51.00 52.00 52.00 53.00 53.00	Subarea (UH) Added Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added	Stream #2 to Stream #2 Stream #2	2653. 9 2634. 2 3316. 3	2653. 9 2634. 2 3316. 3 3173. 9 647. 7	16. 583			
53. 00 53. 00 53. 00 53. 00 53. 00	53.00 53.00 53.00 53.00 53.00 53.00	Stream #3 Added to: View: Stream #2 Added to: View: Store:	Stream #2 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2	0.0	3821. 6 3821. 6 3821. 6 3821. 6 3821. 6	16. 667 16. 667 16. 667 16. 667 16. 667	631. 33 631. 33	3	

Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM *******************

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA6. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:11 11/04/2008
                                       ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 60.00 TO NODE 61.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                     ===========
                                                     WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12315.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 192
                                                                            6295, 000 FEET
                                                                1920, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1426.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.180; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.260
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.936; 30-MI NUTE = 0.936; 1-HOUR = 0.936
3-HOUR = 0.990; 6-HOUR = 0.995; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 61.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2680.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 3994.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                        2470.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 61.10 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6851.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 67
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 107.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW =
                                                                670.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 107.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.300; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.400
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.995; 30-MI NUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 11
```

AREA6SUM. RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 62.00 IS CODE = 6 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.00 TO NODE 65.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2470.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6766.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.002180.00 ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 62.10 TO NODE 65.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<< WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 14432.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 6135.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 1020.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 1020.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035

WATERSHED AREA = 353.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3.HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.984; 30-MINUTE = 0.984; 1-HOUR = 0.984 3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 65.00 TO NODE 65.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 65.00 TO NODE 65.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH< ***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 65.00 TO NODE 65.00 IS CODE = 6 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO< FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 65.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6805.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.002040.00 _____

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

Page 4

AREA6SUM RES

```
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.975; 30-MI NUTE = 0.975; 1-HOUR = 0.975
3-HOUR = 0.996; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 69.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 69.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
 (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6588.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                  2040.00
______
 *******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 69.10 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
             WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10093.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5800.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 140.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
 WATERSHED AREA = 246.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
 3-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
 5-MI NUTE = 0. 989; 30-MI NUTE = 0. 989; 1-HOUR = 0. 989
3-HOUR = 0. 998; 6-HOUR = 0. 999; 24-HOUR = 1. 000
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

AREA6SUM RES

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.00 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2040.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1241.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                  2000.00
 ______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66. 10 TO NODE
                                                                66. 50 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7902.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1114.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 160.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 166.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.660; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.993; 30-MINUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 66.50 TO NODE 66.50 IS CODE = 10.3
  >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <
______
        STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STORED IN FILE [area6.dna
```

 INPUT FILE	NAME: [AREA		FLOODSCx F	PROGRAM RESU	LTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	1 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)		
60. 00 61. 00 61. 10 62. 00 62. 00	61.00 62.00 62.00 62.00 62.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	2650. 7 0. 0 2649. 3	2650. 7 2649. 3 206. 4 2855. 6 2855. 6	16. 333 16. 500 16. 333 16. 500 16. 500	388. 72	3
62. 00 63. 00 64. 00 64. 10 62. 00	62.00 64.00 62.00 62.00 62.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2 Stream #3	0. 0 733. 2 0. 0	0. 0 733. 2 731. 6 177. 9 903. 0	16. 333 16. 500 16. 083 16. 500		
62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00 62. 00	62.00 62.00 62.00 62.00 65.00	Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	2855. 6 903. 0	0. 0 3758. 7 3758. 7 0. 0 3725. 0	16. 500 16. 500 16. 583	503. 07	3

	10 (5.0)	N. Colores (IIII) Added to		EA6SUM. RES	501.01	1/ 222	1 1	1
65	. 00 65. 0	O Subarea (UH) Added to O Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1	3725. 0	4140.7	16. 583		
	. 00 65. 00 . 00 65. 00	O View:	Stream #1	591. 9	414() /	16. 583	579. 27	3
	. 00 66. 0		Stream #1	4140.	4070. 3			
		o Subarea (UH) Added to					++ 	
	. 00 66. 00 . 00 66. 00				1252 1	16. 667 16. 667	615. 20	3
66	. 00 66. 0	Zero Out:	Stream #5	295. 9	0.0		013.20	3
67	. 00 68. 0	D Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2	0. (+	511.5	16. 333	 +	
		Convex Routing:					į	į
	. 10 69. 00 . 00 69. 00					16. 333 16. 500		
	. 00 69. 0	O View: O Zero Out:				16. 500	185. 97	3
+				÷	· +		 ++	+
	. 00 66. 00 . 10 66. 00	D Convex Routing: D Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2	1429. 4		16. 667 16. 333		
66	. 00 66. 0	D Stream #5 Added to:	Stream #2	1382. 5	1698.8	16. 667		
	. 00 66. 00 . 00 66. 00	O Stream #2 Added to: O View:			5951. 9 5951. 9		854. 34	3
+		-+		÷	· '			
	. 00 66. 00 . 00 66. 50	D Zero Out: D Convex Routing:	Stream #2	1698. 8 5951. 9				
66	. 10 66. 5	Subarea (UH) Ădded to	Stream #2	0.0	266. 1	16. 333		
	. 50 66. 50 . 50 66. 50	O Stream #2 Added to: O View:			7 6000. 1 6000. 1		 887. 59	3
÷				÷	· '		++	
Notes:		DEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = STIMATES DO NOT EXTEND P					ORM	
+								·+
+								+

, -	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [AREA6.DAT] Page: 2 of									
UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM	•		UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM	TIME(2) TO	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	į			
66. 50 66. 50	Store:									
Notes: 1 = BASIN MOD	EL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 TIMATES DO NOT EXTEND	= TIME IS A	T END OF 5-M	IINUTE UNIT İ	NTERVAL	·				

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA7. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:11 11/04/2008
                                      ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 70.00 TO NODE 71.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
             WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7740.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 47
                                                                           4234, 000 FEET
                                                                  470.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 291.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.180; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.260
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.987; 30-MI NUTE = 0.987; 1-HOUR = 0.987
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 71.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2570.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6913.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                       2200.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
_____
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 71.10 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8964.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
LEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 680
BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 328.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW =
                                                                680.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 328.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.430
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.985; 30-MINUTE = 0.985; 1-HOUR = 0.985
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 72.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 72.00 TO NODE 72.00 IS CODE = 11
```

AREA7SUM, RES

```
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3
                            .
......
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12625.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 54
                                                                             5849.000 FEET
                                                                     540.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 487.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.978; 30-MINUTE = 0.978; 1-HOUR = 0.978
3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 76.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL THYPWANTON.

BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2500.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6103.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          2180.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 76.10 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7602.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4050.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 780.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA =
  DASIN FACTUR = U. U35
WATERSHED AREA = 305.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.330
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PECIFIED TATION DEPTH AREA DEPUTION FACTORS:
  PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986

3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 3<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 3 HYDROGRAPH<
______
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 77.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.00 TO NODE 78.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2180.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 5723.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           2050.00
```

AREA7SUM. RES

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 77.10 TO NODE 78.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12003.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 6262.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 475.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035 WATERSHED AREA = 304.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.310; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.420 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.986; 30-MINUTE = 0.986; 1-HOUR = 0.986 3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 3

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<<<<

>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2050.00 ; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 425.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 74.00 TO NODE 74.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH<
======================================

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 74.00 TO NODE 74.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,

AREA7SUM RES

Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).

ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANN UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030. CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 3032.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 2030.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 1960.00 CONSTANT LOSS $\hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00$

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 74.10 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 1

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<

WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 12866.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 40

400.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.035

WATERSHED AREA = 442.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE DESERT(UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.980; 30-MI NUTE = 0.980; 1-HOUR = 0.980 3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999

***************** FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 7

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<

._____

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 LS CODF = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 2 HYDROGRAPH< ______

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 79.00 TO NODE 79.00 IS CODE = 10.3 >>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE<

______ STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 2 STORED IN FILE [AREA7. DNA

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [AREA7. DAT Page: UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM TIME(2) TO MAX. STORAGE PEAK (CFS) PEAK (CFS) PEAK (HR) MODELED (AF) UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM NODE # HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS PEAK (CFS) **FOOTNOTES** NODE # Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Convex Routing: Stream #2 585. 3 577. 9 70.00 71.00 0.0 16.333 71.00 72.00 585.3 16.583 72. 00 72. 00 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 0.0 16. 333 16. 500 71.10 613.4 Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 1170.1 72.00 72. 00 72.00 Vi ew: Stream #2 1170. 1 16.500 146. 70 72. 00 73. 00 613. 4 72.00 Zero Out: Stream #3 0.0 1111.1 16. 667 16. 333 16. 500 72. 00 Stream #2 1170. 1 Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 73. 00 73. 00 72.10 0.0 447.9 73. 00 Stream #3 Added to: 1462.4 1111.1 Vi ew: 73.00 73.00 Stream #2 1462.4 199. 88 3 16.500 73.00 73.00 Stream #3 447.9 0.0 Zero Out: Convex Routing: Stream #2
Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3
Convex Routing: Stream #3
Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #4 74. 00 76. 00 77. 00 1462. 4 1432. 8 799. 5 792. 2 16. 500 73.00 16. 333 16. 583 75. 00 0.0 799. 5 76.00 77.00 0.0 600.2 76. 10 16. 333 77. 00 77. 00 77. 00 77.00 Stream #4 Added to: 792.2 16.500 Stream #3 1363.8 Vi ew: Stream #3 1363.8 77.00 16.500 178. 59 3 600. 2 77. 00 77. 00 Zero Out: Stream #4 0.0 1253.6 Convex Routing: 78.00 Stream #3 1363.8 16.667 Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #4 77. 10 78.00 0.0 502.5 16. 333 Stream #4 Added to: 78.00 78.00 Stream #3 1253.6 1627. 1 16.667 Vi ew: 78.00 78.00 Stream #3 1627. 1 16.667 245.74 3 Zero Out: 502.5 78.00 0.0 78.00 Stream #4 1625.6 78.00 74.00 Convex Routing: Stream #3 1627. 1 16.667 74.00 74.00 Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 1432.8 3038. 9 16.500

AREA7SUM. RES

-	74. 00 74. 00 74. 00 74. 10 79. 00	74.00 74.00 79.00 79.00 79.00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2 Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #3 Stream #2	1625. 6 3038. 9 0. 0	3038. 9 0. 0 3006. 0 657. 7 3576. 4	16. 500 16. 583 16. 333 16. 583	445. 62	3
	79. 00 79. 00	79. 00 79. 00		Stream #2 Stream #2		3576. 4 3576. 4	16. 583 16. 583	540. 91	3
			EL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 =					RM	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: A8. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:11 11/04/2008
                                     ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 80.00 TO NODE 81.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
                                                   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 13409.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 10
                                                                         6657.000 FEET
                                                               1070, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 351.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.210; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.290
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.984; 30-MI NUTE = 0.984; 1-HOUR = 0.984
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 81.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2150.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8110.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                   1937.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
-----
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 81.10 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<
----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 19314.000 FEET
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1070.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                              1283.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1070.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.290; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.400
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.952; 30-MI NUTE = 0.952; 1-HOUR = 0.952
3-HOUR = 0.993; 6-HOUR = 0.996; 24-HOUR = 0.998
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.00 TO NODE 82.00 IS CODE = 11
```

A8SUM. RES

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDF		========	=======		

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.					
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED /	AND SET TO ZERO<				

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 82.					
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF					
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFIC ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDF (Reference: the National Engir Chapter 17, page 17-52, August	ROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INT neering Handbook, Hydro	ERVALS I ogy,).		
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORM BASEWIDTH(FT) = 50.00 CH UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 19 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8567.00 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 00	HANNEL Z = 5.00 937.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEV 00 MANNING'S FACTO 0.00	R = 0.030			
	=======================================	========	=======		

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.					
>>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FRO					
**************************************	00 TO NODE 93.00 I	S CODE = 7			
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO	STREAM NUMBER 1				

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDF	ROGRAPH<<<<				
		========	=======		
**************************************	00 TO NODE 93.00 I	S CODE = 10.	3		
>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH	TO A FILE<				
		========			
STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 1 STOP			J		
			========		
+					
INPUT FILENAME: [A8.DAT	* AES FLOODSCx	PROGRAM RESU	LIS SUMMARY	*	
UPSTREAM DOWNSTREAM NODE # NODE # HYDROLOGI	C/HYDRAULI C PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	HAX. S MODELE
80.00 81.00 Subarea	(UH) Added to Stream #1	0.0	631.5	16. 333	+

INPUT FILE	NAME: [A8.D		FLOODSCx I	PROGRAM RESU	LTS SUMMARY	*	Page:	1 of
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
80. 00 81. 00 81. 10 82. 00 82. 00	81.00 82.00 82.00 82.00 82.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #2	631. 5 0. 0 611. 4	631. 5 611. 4 1470. 1 2025. 4 2025. 4	16. 333 16. 667 16. 333 16. 667 16. 667	327. 18	3
82. 00 82. 00 93. 00 93. 00 93. 00	82.00 93.00 93.00 93.00 93.00	Convex Routing: Read/Add Hydrograph: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	2025. 4 0. 0 1998. 6	0. 0 1998. 6 7003. 4 9002. 0 9002. 0	16. 917 16. 917 16. 917 16. 917	1892. 31	3
93.00	93. 00	Store:	Stream #1	9002.0	9002.0	16. 917		
		L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = IMATES DO NOT EXTEND P					DRM	

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: AREA9. DAT
  TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 13:20 11/04/2008
                                       ** INPUT SUMMARY **
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 90.00 TO NODE 91.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 26139.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 187
                                                                         12633. 000 FEET
                                                                   1870, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 1426.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.190; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.270
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.936; 30-MI NUTE = 0.936; 1-HOUR = 0.936
3-HOUR = 0.990; 6-HOUR = 0.995; 24-HOUR = 0.997
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 91.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 25.00 CHANNEL Z = 5.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2290.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                          1880.00
______
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 91.10 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
----
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 39166.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 18246.000 FEET
  ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 3747.000 ACRES; BASE
                                                                   1640.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.035
WATERSHED AREA = 3747.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
DESERT (UNDEVELOPED) S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.240; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.330
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.833; 30-MINUTE = 0.833; 1-HOUR = 0.833
3-HOUR = 0.975; 6-HOUR = 0.987; 24-HOUR = 0.992
*****************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 92.00 TO NODE 92.00 IS CODE = 11
```

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 93.00 TO NODE 93.00 IS CODE = 10.3

STREAM HYDROGRAPH # 2 STORED IN FILE [AREA9. DNA

>>>>WRITE STREAM HYDROGRAPH TO A FILE << < <

	+								
	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [AREA9. DAT]					Page: 1 of			
	UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
	90.00 91.00 91.10 92.00 92.00	91.00 92.00 92.00 92.00 92.00 92.00	Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Added to: View:	Stream #2 Stream #3 Stream #2	1963. 3 0. 0 1958. 0	1963. 3 1958. 0 3666. 4 5624. 4 5624. 4	16. 583 16. 917 16. 833 16. 917 16. 917	1234. 56	3
-	92. 00 92. 00 92. 10 93. 00	92.00 93.00 93.00 93.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to		5624. 4 0. 0	0. 0 5605. 2 1957. 8 6973. 9	16. 917 16. 583 16. 750		

AREA9. RES

	93. 00	93.00	Vi ew:	Stream #2		6973. 9	16. 750	1565. 14	3	Ţ
Ĭ	93. 00	93.00	Store:	Stream #2	6973. 9	6973. 9	16. 750			Ī
+				ED; 2 = TIME IS AT E KTEND PAST 2 DAYS AF				 RM		+

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

```
FILE NAME: MIDDLE.DAT
   TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:05 11/06/2008
                                              ** INPUT SUMMARY **
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 512.00 TO NODE 514.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
  WALEKUURSE LENGTH = 5635.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 12
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED ARFA -
                                                                -----
                                                                                            2271, 000 FEET
                                                                                 124, 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 102.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 522.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4500.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
                                                                                        2069. 000 FEET
   ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
                                                                                    36,000 FEET
  WATERSHED AREA = 158.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
  SPECIFIED FEAR RATHFALL DEPTHS (THOR).

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80

3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.993; 30-MI NUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993

3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 514.00 TO NODE 516.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
  EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                        182.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024

T) = 2201.15; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) =
   PI PELENGTH(FT) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 3.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 516.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

```
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 80.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2197.26; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4500.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                            2165.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 492.00 TO NODE 494.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
                     WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4191.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1376.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 95.850 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
  WATERSHED AREA = 83.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
  MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE (INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS (INCH): 5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.996; 30-MINUTE = 0.996; 1-HOUR = 0.996 3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 494.00 TO NODE 496.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
           (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PI PELENGTH(FT) = 186.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2187.15; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 3.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 496.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 80.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2184.47; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2558.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 -----
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
._____
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 524.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 524.00 TO NODE 526.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PI PELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2165.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 8.14
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 526.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
(Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 100.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2164.99; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2819.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           2160, 00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 532.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                                                         _____
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10308.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4916.00
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 377.000 FEET
 ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 37/.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.086
WATERSHED AREA = 655.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.230; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.320 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.971; 30-MINUTE = 0.971; 1-HOUR = 0.971 3-HOUR = 0.996; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 534.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 534.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 250.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2160.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                           2013.00
  CONSTANT LOSS RATÉ(CFS) = 0.00
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 542.00 TO NODE 544.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 17024.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 11089.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 458.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.068

WATERSHED AREA = 2382.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE

VALLEY (UNDEVELOPED) / DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.280; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.380

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5 MINITE = 0.57: 30 MINITE = 1.46: 1.HOUR = 1.80
   3-HOUR = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80

3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.894; 30-MINUTE = 0.894; 1-HOUR = 0.894

3-HOUR = 0.984; 6-HOUR = 0.992; 24-HOUR = 0.995
>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
                                                                MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                 (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
   PI PELENGTH(FT) = 215.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.024 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2060.84; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 3.50
_____
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 546.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
   BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2056.48; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4584.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                                     2013.00
  ______
******************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 536.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 11492.000 FEET
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 11492.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 5411.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 110.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 1937.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.914; 30-MINUTE = 0.914; 1-HOUR = 0.914
3-HOUR = 0.987; 6-HOUR = 0.994; 24-HOUR = 0.996
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 482.00 TO NODE 484.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 10151.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 6367.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 130.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.050
WATERSHED AREA = 370.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
   WATERSHED AREA = 370.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.430
   SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
```

```
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.983; 30-MI NUTE = 0.983; 1-HOUR = 0.983
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 484.00 TO NODE 486.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #4<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 4 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 189.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2059.60; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 3.00
------
*********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 486.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 150.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2056.42; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6202.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                   2013.00
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 502.00 TO NODE 504.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
                    WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 24948.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 7
                                                               777. 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
  WATERSHED AREA = 2473.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.310; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.420 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
  SPECIFIE FEAR RATH ALL DUFT INS(INDIX).

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.890; 30-MI NUTE = 0.890; 1-HOUR = 0.890
3-HOUR = 0.983; 6-HOUR = 0.992; 24-HOUR = 0.995
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 504.00 TO NODE 506.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #5<<<<<
                                                          -----
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 5 WHERE
  VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
            (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2119.14; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 8.90
**********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 506.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #5 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 5 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
```

Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 150.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2122.99; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 10000.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 551.00 TO NODE 551.00 IS CODE = 10.2
>>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [area2.dna] TO STREAM #3<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 551.00 TO NODE 552.00 IS CODE = 4
>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<<<<<
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL(NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82)(DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO (0.938) (DIAMETER):
PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.33; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.09 PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 15.03

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 552.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 350.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2078.09; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6929.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558. 00 TO NODE 558. 00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<>>>

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558. OO TO NODE 558. OO IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

```
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
**************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 558.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 558.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
_____
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2013.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 7928.88 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                    1940.00
  CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 7928.88
CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 562.00 TO NODE 564.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4636.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2021.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 102.000 FEET
 WATERSHED AREA = 155.300 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
  3-HOUR = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80

3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.993; 30-MINUTE = 0.993; 1-HOUR = 0.993

3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
*************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 564.00 TO NODE 566.00 IS CODE = 4
 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
           (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PIPELENGTH(FT) = 189.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2051.71; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 8.00
______
```

```
MI D-100. RES
```

```
566. 00 TO NODE 789. 00 IS CODE = 5. 2
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
    ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 200.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2049.20; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8343.12 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                                       1940.00
______
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 572.00 TO NODE 574.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
                                    ------
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH =
                                              5001.000 FEET
   LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2473.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 115.000 FEET
   BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 233.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.990; 30-MINUTE = 0.990; 1-HOUR = 0.990
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 574.00 TO NODE 576.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<
                                                             _____
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                 (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                            186.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024

0 = 2049.42; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) =
                                                              MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 12.50
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 576.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

BASEWIDTH(FT) = 250.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2047.05; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 7462.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                                       1940.00
______
*********************
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 566.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 1
>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8343.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4684.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 122.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 895.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.960; 30-MINUTE = 0.960; 1-HOUR = 0.960
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
```

3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STRFAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO 7FRO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 781.00 TO NODE 781.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [a4.dna ] TO STREAM #2<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 783.00 TO NODE 783.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [area5.dna ] TO STREAM #3<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 785.00 TO NODE 785.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [area6.dna ] TO STREAM #4<
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 787.00 TO NODE 787.00 IS CODE = 10.2
 >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [area7.dna ] TO STREAM #5<
__________
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 781.00 TO NODE 782.00 IS CODE = 4
 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
       (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
 PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.91; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 19.74
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 782.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2030.79; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 9681.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                                                     1940.00
  CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 783.00 TO NODE 784.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<
                                ______
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
(0.938) (DIAMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2023.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 9.37
                                                                                                     2022.99
______
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 784.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 100.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 2023.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 8854.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                     1940.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 785.00 TO NODE 786.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #4<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 4 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
  EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGTH(FT) = 34.50 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 17.77 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.035

1989.82; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 17.77
______
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 786.00 TO NODE 789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
_____
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1989.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6046.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                     1940.00
______
```

>>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #5<<	
MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 5 WHERE STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE P VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEAD EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTRIUNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTER (0.938) (DIAMETER):	Y FLOW FOR FLOWS IN EXCESS EAM INLET.
PIPELENGTH(FT) = 32.40 MANNINGS FA UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.74; DOWNS' PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 11.19	ACTOR = 0.035 TREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.4
**********	*******
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 788.00 TO NODE	789.00 IS CODE = 5.2
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #5 BY	THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTII ROUTE THE STREAM 5 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5- (Reference: the National Engineering Handb Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. I	MI NUTE I NTERVALS ook, Hydrol ogy,
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 200.00 CHANNEL Z = 10. UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1960.50; DOWNS' CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2853.50 MANNII CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00	NG'S FACTOR = 0.035
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE	789.00 IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER	R 1<<<<<
:======================================	=======================================

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER	

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE	
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER	

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE	789.00 IS CODE = 7
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER	R 1<<<<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZEI	
********	******
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE	
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZE	R0<<<<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZEI	
>>>>SIREAW NOWDER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZEI	
*********	********
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 789.00 TO NODE	

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 10.2
  >>>>ADD RUNOFF HYDROGRAPH FROM A FILE: [a8.dna ] TO STREAM #2<<<<>
_________
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 696.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 696.00 TO NODE 698.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<<<<<
                                      ______
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.
UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
(0.938) (DIAMETER):
 PI PELENGTH(FT) = 37.10 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.035
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1841.18; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 10.34
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 698.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1840.91; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 1077.00 MANNI NG'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 ______
************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 682.00 TO NODE 688.00 IS CODE = 1
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 9519.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 4686.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 135.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 786.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOLIADE MILE
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
 BASIN FACTUR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 786.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
  PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.965; 30-MINUTE = 0.965; 1-HOUR = 0.965
3-HOUR = 0.995; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 688.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
```

ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

```
BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1870.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4272.00 MANNI NG' S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                    1832.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 688.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4272.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1686.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 35.000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 239.300 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.989; 30-MINUTE = 0.989; 1-HOUR = 0.989
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<<<<<
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 778.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 738.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
  ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 5-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 500.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1832.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6748.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
**************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 778.00 TO NODE 738.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6748.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3299.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 35.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.040

WATERSHED AREA = 199.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 199.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MI NUTE = 0.991; 30-MI NUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
```

FLOW PROCESS	FROM NODE	738.00 TO NODE	738.00 IS CODE =	7
>>>> STREAM N	NUMBER 2 ADDED	TO STREAM NUMBER	1<<<<	
==========				========
****	******	*****	******	*****
FLOW PROCESS	FROM NODE	738, 00 TO NODE	738.00 IS CODE =	6
>>>> STRFAM N	NUMBER 2 CLEAR	RED AND SET TO ZERO	n	
>>>>STREAM N		RED AND SET TO ZERO		
>>>>STREAM N			0<<<<< ==========	=======
>>>>STREAM N				=======
==========				
****	*****	****	*****	*****
****	*****	****	=======================================	*****
**************************************	**************************************	738. OO TO NODE	*****	*****
**************************************	**************************************	****	*****	*****
************* FLOW PROCESS >>>>VI EW STF	************** FROM NODE REAM NUMBER 1	738. 00 TO NODE HYDROGRAPH<>>>	*****	********** 11

* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [MIDDLE.DAT] Page:							1 of	
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
512. 00 522. 00 514. 00 516. 00 492. 00	524. 00 516. 00 524. 00 494. 00	Subarea (UH) Added to Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #3	0. 0 239. 0 52. 8 0. 0	361. 5 52. 8 52. 8 237. 8	16. 333 16. 000 19. 333 16. 250		
494. 00 496. 00 524. 00 524. 00 524. 00	496. 00 524. 00 524. 00 524. 00 524. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out:	Stream #3 Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #3	237. 8 43. 4 52. 8 96. 2 43. 4	43. 4 43. 4 96. 2 440. 2 0. 0	15. 917 19. 083 19. 083 16. 333		
524. 00 524. 00 526. 00 532. 00 534. 00	526. 00 534. 00 534. 00	Zero Out: Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	440. 2 62. 8 0. 0 62. 8	62. 8 62. 8 745. 2 807. 3	15. 750 20. 250 16. 750 16. 750		
534. 00 534. 00 542. 00 544. 00 546. 00	558.00 544.00 546.00 558.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #2 Stream #2	745. 2 807. 3 0. 0 1920. 3	0. 0 770. 9 1920. 3 77. 6	17. 417 17. 083 9. 500 13. 500		
536. 00 482. 00 484. 00 486. 00 502. 00	558. 00 484. 00 486. 00 558. 00 504. 00	Subarea (UH) Added to Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3 Stream #4 Stream #4 Stream #4 Stream #5	0. 0 0. 0 482. 3 46. 9 0. 0	2628. 4 482. 3 46. 9 46. 9 2842. 3	16. 500 16. 583 15. 250 20. 000 16. 667		
504. 00 506. 00 558. 00 558. 00 551. 00	506.00 558.00 558.00 558.00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #3 Added to: Zero Out:	Stream #5 Stream #5 Stream #1 Stream #3	2842. 3 79. 6 770. 9 2628. 4		9. 333 13. 167 16. 583 16. 750		
551. 00 552. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Stream #5 Added to: Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #3 Stream #1 Stream #1	1576. 8 2869. 2 2948. 8 2995. 5	1576. 8 1576. 8 2948. 8 2995. 5 4426. 5	16. 250 18. 500 16. 583 16. 583 16. 583		
558. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	558. 00 558. 00 558. 00	Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out: Zero Out:	Stream #1	4426. 5 79. 6 46. 9 1576. 8 77. 6	0.0	16. 583		

|Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 5-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

ļ	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [MIDDLE.DAT] Page: 2 of							2 of	
	JPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C F	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
	558. 00 562. 00	789. 00 564. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #1 Stream #2		4272. 2 397. 2	17. 000 16. 250		

564. 00 566. 00 566. 00 789. 00 572. 00 574. 00	Convex Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #2	D-100. RES 397. 2 394. 2 0. 0	394. 2 306. 7 553. 1	16. 250 16. 833 16. 250		
574. 00 576. 00 576. 00 789. 00 566. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00) Convex Routing:) Subarea (UH) Added to) Stream #4 Added to:	Stream #3 Stream #3 Stream #4 Stream #1 Stream #1	553. 1 549. 5 0. 0 4272. 2 4734. 3	549. 5 453. 6 1526. 9 4734. 3 5052. 0	16. 250 16. 750 16. 417 17. 000 16. 917		
789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 781. 00 781. 00	D Zero Out: D Zero Out: D Zero Out:	Stream #1 Stream #4 Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #2	5052. 0 1526. 9 453. 6 306. 7 0. 0	5335. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 7318. 4	16. 917 16. 750		
783. 00 783. 00 785. 00 785. 00 787. 00 787. 00 781. 00 782. 00 782. 00 789. 00	D Read/Add Hýdrograph: D Read/Add Hydrograph: D Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream #3 Stream #4 Stream #5 Stream #2 Stream #2	0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 7318. 4 2306. 6	3821. 6 6000. 1 3576. 4 2306. 6 2306. 6	16. 667 16. 667 16. 583 16. 250 18. 667		
783. 00 784. 00 784. 00 789. 00 785. 00 786. 00 786. 00 789. 00 787. 00 788. 00	O Convex Routing: O Pipe Flow Routing: O Convex Routing:	Stream #3 Stream #4 Stream #4 Stream #5	3821. 6 91. 3 6000. 1 3176. 9 3576. 4	91. 3 91. 3 3176. 9 3176. 9 756. 8	8.500 11.917 16.417 18.083 16.000		
788. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00	Stream #5 Added to: Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #5 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #1	756. 8 5335. 0 6091. 8 9249. 9 9341. 2	756. 8 6091. 8 9249. 9 9341. 2 11607. 8	17. 667 16. 917 16. 917 16. 917 16. 917		
789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 789. 00 676. 00	D Zero Out: D Zero Out: D Zero Out:	Stream #5 Stream #4 Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1	756. 8 3176. 9 91. 3 2306. 6 11607. 8	0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 11514. 0	17. 167		
672. 00 676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 676. 00 678. 00 678. 00 696. 00) Stream #2 Added to:) Zero Out:) Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	0. 0 11514. 0 297. 8 11564. 7 3060. 1	297. 8 11564. 7 0. 0 3060. 1 3060. 1	16. 333 17. 167 15. 833 17. 667		+
	PEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = STIMATES DO NOT EXTEND P					PRM	+

INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [MIDDLE. DAT] Page: 3 of								
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES	
696. 00 696. 00 696. 00 696. 00 698. 00	696.00 696.00 696.00 698.00 778.00	Stream #2 Added to: Zero Out: Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	3060. 1 9002. 0 12062. 0	9002. 0 12062. 0 0. 0 572. 9 572. 9	16. 917 16. 917 2. 917 3. 833			
682.00 688.00 688.00 778.00 778.00	688.00 778.00 778.00 778.00 778.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #3 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #3	1290. 9 0. 0 572. 9	1290. 9 1188. 1 570. 8 1143. 8 1907. 7	16. 417 16. 750 16. 250 16. 250 16. 667			
778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 778. 00 738. 00	778.00 778.00 738.00 738.00 738.00 738.00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2	1188. 1 1907. 7 0. 0	0. 0 0. 0 1813. 5 355. 4 1895. 8	17. 167 16. 417 17. 167			
738. 00 738. 00	738. 00 738. 00	Zero Out: Vi ew:			0. 0 1895. 8	17. 167	8126. 76	3	
		L VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 =					+ DRM		

END OF FLOODSCx ROUTING ANALYSIS

F L O O D R O U T I N G A N A L Y S I S USING COUNTY HYDROLOGY MANUAL OF SAN BERNARDINO(1986) (c) Copyright 1989-2008 Advanced Engineering Software (aes) Ver. 15.0 Release Date: 04/01/2008 License ID 1535

Analysis prepared by:

Stantec

```
FILE NAME: SOLARPHX. DAT
TIME/DATE OF STUDY: 15:02 11/06/2008
                                           ** INPUT SUMMARY **
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 592.00 TO NODE 594.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #1<
______
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6016.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3668.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 200.000 FEET
                                                                                    3668, 000 FEET
   BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 207.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 594.00 TO NODE 596.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #1<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 1 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
               (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                                    MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
   PI PELENGTH(FT) =
                                      187.00
   UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 7.50
                                               1956.20; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) =
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 596.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
   THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
   ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL THROWALL IN.

BASEWI DTH(FT) = 400.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1954.21; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4748.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                                  1913.00
 ______
   FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 602.00 TO NODE 604.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 8380.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3358.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 215.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERCHURSE AREA = 496.900 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
   WATERSHED AREA = 496.900 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
```

B0T-100. RES

```
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH): 5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80 PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MI NUTE = 0.978; 30-MI NUTE = 0.978; 1-HOUR = 0.978 3-HOUR = 0.997; 6-HOUR = 0.998; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 604.00 TO NODE 606.00 IS CODE = 4
 >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
 MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
 STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
 EACH UNIT INTERVAL(NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS OF (.82)(DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
          (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                     MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
                          181.00
 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1932.98; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1929.00
PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 10.90
______
*********************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 606.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
______
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS
 (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
 BASEWIDTH(FT) = 250.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1929.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2622.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                              1913.00
______
  *******************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 662.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
            WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 7964.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3311.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 137.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 361.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.984: 30-MINUTE = 0.984: 1-HOUR = 0.984
  5-MINUTE = 0.984; 30-MINUTE = 0.984; 1-HOUR = 0.984
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999
 ************************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 11
  >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
```

```
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 668.00 IS CODE = 6
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 668.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS
  (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology,
Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 600.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1913.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2052.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
*************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 612.00 TO NODE 614.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 5129.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2520.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 155.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 202.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CF
______
                                                                               2520,000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 202.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 614.00 TO NODE 616.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PIPELENGIH(FT) = 190.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1919.24; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PIPE DIAMETER(FT) = 5.50
______
***************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 616.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 120.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1916.36; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2909.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                           1893.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 632.00 TO NODE 634.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #3<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 2094.000 FEET
```

```
BOT-100, RES
  LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID =
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 7
BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
                                                                           935.000 FEET
                                                                    77.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 46.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.998; 30-MINUTE = 0.998; 1-HOUR = 0.998
3-HOUR = 1.000; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 634.00 TO NODE 636.00 IS CODE = 4
  >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #3<<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 3 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING DN UP TO
             (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
                                 282.00 MANNINGS FACTOR = 0.024
  PIPELENGTH(FT) =
  UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1915.36; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1910.41
PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 5.50
______
******************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 636.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 5.2
  >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #3 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
_____
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 3 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 40.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1910.41; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2400.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
                                                                                                     1893.00
_____
 ***********************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 616.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 2909.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 1384.000 FEET

ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 32.000 FEET
 ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 32.000 FEET

BASIN FACTOR = 0.040

WATERSHED AREA = 114.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE

VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED

MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460

SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80

PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
************************
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 3
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
_____
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 7
  >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
```

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 6
>>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 3 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 758.00 IS CODE = 6 >>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 758.00 TO NODE 768.00 IS CODE = 5.2 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWI DTH(FT) = 450.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00 UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1893.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00 CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4621.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035 CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00

>>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4261.000 FEET LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 3341.000 FEET ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 33.000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 205.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460 SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80 3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS: 5-MINUTE = 0.991; 30-MINUTE = 0.991; 1-HOUR = 0.991 3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 1.000

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 768.00 TO NODE 768.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 768.00 TO NODE 768.00 IS CODE = 11 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<

>>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
======================================

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 768.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 5.2

```
>>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  BASEWIDTH(FT) = 1000.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2686.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 622.00 TO NODE 624.00 IS CODE = 1
  >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<<
                                                                     -----
   WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 5831.000 FEET
   LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 1
                                                                                               2833, 000 FEET
                                                                                   165. 000 FEET
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA =
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 103.500 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.340; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.460
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.995; 30-MINUTE = 0.995; 1-HOUR = 0.995
3-HOUR = 0.999; 6-HOUR = 1.000; 24-HOUR = 1.000
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 624.00 TO NODE 626.00 IS CODE = 4
   >>>>MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM #2<<<<
  MODEL PIPEFLOW ROUTING OF STREAM 2 WHERE
STORAGE EFFECTS ARE NEGLECTED WITHIN THE PIPE, FLOW
VELOCITIES ARE ESTIMATED BY ASSUMING STEADY FLOW FOR
EACH UNIT INTERVAL (NORMAL DEPTH, Dn), AND FLOWS IN EXCESS
OF (.82) (DIAMETER) ARE PONDED AT THE UPSTREAM INLET.

UNIT INTERVAL FLOW VELOCITY COMPUTED USING Dn UP TO
                                        (0. 938) (DI AMETER):
  PI PELENGTH(FT) = 244.00 MANNI NGS FACTOR = 0.015
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1899.18; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = PI PE DI AMETER(FT) = 6.20
______
  FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 626.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 5.2
   >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #2 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
  THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 2 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
   ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
  ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:

BASEWI DTH(FT) = 300.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1893.60; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 6384.00 MANNI NG' S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 652.00 TO NODE 654.00 IS CODE = 1
   >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #4<<<<<
  WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 36362.000 FEET
LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 22020.000 FEET
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 265.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.046
WATERSHED AREA = 3283.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQU
______
  BASIN FACTOR = 0.046
WATERSHED AREA = 3283.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SOUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXI MUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.450
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MI NUTE = 0.57; 30-MI NUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MI NUTE = 0.853; 30-MI NUTE = 0.853; 1-HOUR = 0.853
3-HOUR = 0.978; 6-HOUR = 0.989; 24-HOUR = 0.993
```

```
***********
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 654.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 5.2
 >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #4 BY THE CONVEX METHOD<
 THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO
 ROUTE THE STREAM 4 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce).
 ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION:
BASEWIDTH(FT) = 750.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00
UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1860.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 2589.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035
                                                                    1825.00
 CONSTANT LOSS \hat{R}ATE(CFS) = 0.00
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 626.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 1
 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #5<
        _____
 WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 6384.000 FEET
 LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = 2141.000
ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 80.000 FEET
BASIN FACTOR = 0.044
                                                  2141.000 FEET
 BASIN FACTOR = 0.044
WATERSHED AREA = 853.400 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.330; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.450
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):
5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:
5-MINUTE = 0.962; 30-MINUTE = 0.962; 1-HOUR = 0.962
3-HOUR = 0.994; 6-HOUR = 0.997; 24-HOUR = 0.998
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 4<<<<<
_____
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 2<<<<
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 7
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1<
************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 11
 >>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH<
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 5 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 728.00 IS CODE = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 4 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
*****************
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 \text{ TO NODE} 728.00 \text{ IS CODE} = 6
 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<
______
 FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 5.2
```

BOT-100, RES >>>>MODEL CHANNEL ROUTING OF STREAM #1 BY THE CONVEX METHOD< THE MODIFIED C-ROUTING COEFFICIENT IS ESTIMATED IN ORDER TO ROUTE THE STREAM 1 INFLOW HYDROGRAPH BY 1-MINUTE INTERVALS (Reference: the National Engineering Handbook, Hydrology, Chapter 17, page 17-52, August, 1972, U.S. Department of Commerce). ASSUMED REGULAR CHANNEL INFORMATION: BASEWIDTH(FT) = 600.00 CHANNEL Z = 10.00

UPSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = 1825.00; DOWNSTREAM ELEVATION(FT) = CHANNEL LENGTH(FT) = 4153.00 MANNING'S FACTOR = 0.035

CONSTANT LOSS RATE(CFS) = 0.00 1803.00 ______ FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 728.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 1 >>>>SUBAREA RUNOFF (UNIT-HYDROGRAPH ANALYSIS) ADDED TO STREAM #2<<<< -----WATERCOURSE LENGTH = 4153.000 FEET 2854.000 FEET

LENGTH FROM CONCENTRATION POINT TO CENTROID = ELEVATION VARIATION ALONG WATERCOURSE = 22. 000 FEET BASIN FACTOR = 0.040 WATERSHED AREA = BASIN FACTOR = 0.040
WATERSHED AREA = 288.000 ACRES; BASEFLOW = 0.000 CFS/SQUARE-MILE
VALLEY(UNDEVELOPED)/DESERT S-GRAPH SELECTED
MAXIMUM WATERSHED LOSS RATE(INCH/HOUR) = 0.320; LOW LOSS FRACTION = 0.440
SPECIFIED PEAK RAINFALL DEPTHS(INCH):

5-MINUTE = 0.57; 30-MINUTE = 1.45; 1-HOUR = 1.80
3-HOUR = 2.33; 6-HOUR = 2.89; 24-HOUR = 3.80
PRECIPITATION DEPTH-AREA REDUCTION FACTORS:

5-MINUTE = 0.987; 30-MINUTE = 0.987; 1-HOUR = 0.987
3-HOUR = 0.998; 6-HOUR = 0.999; 24-HOUR = 0.999

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 7 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 ADDED TO STREAM NUMBER 1

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 6 >>>>STREAM NUMBER 2 CLEARED AND SET TO ZERO<

FLOW PROCESS FROM NODE 748.00 TO NODE 748.00 IS CODE = 11

>>>>VIEW STREAM NUMBER 1 HYDROGRAPH< ______

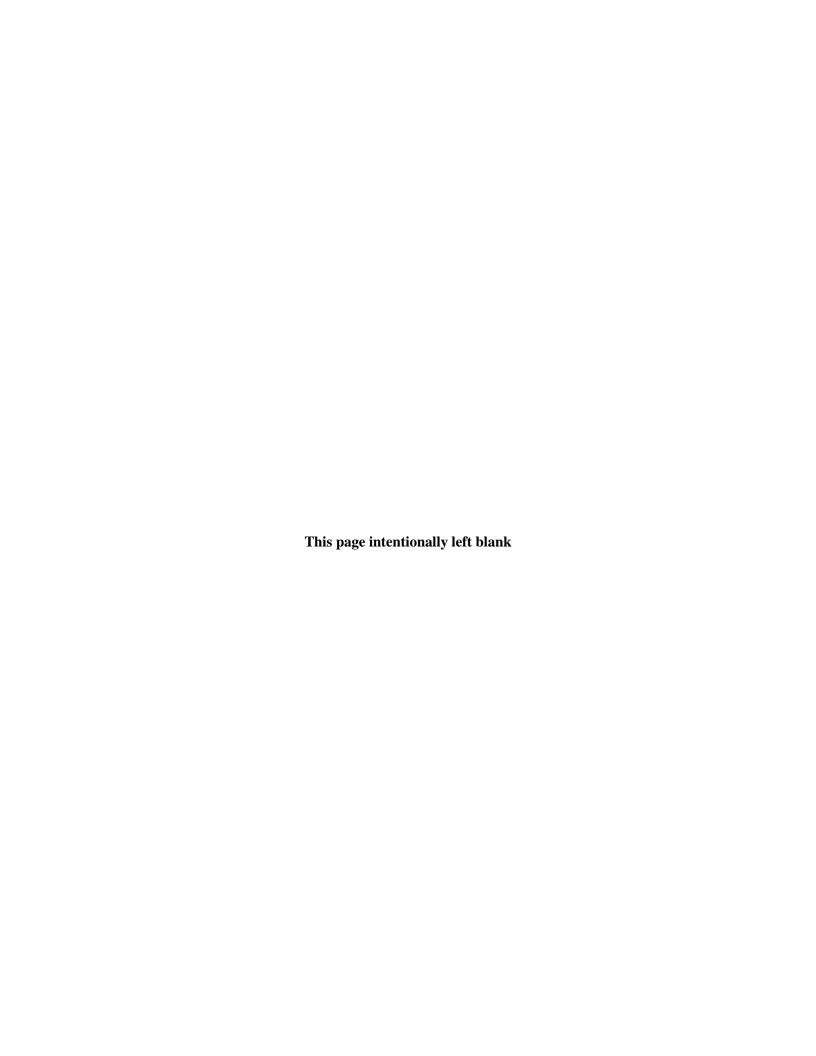
 INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * Page: 1 of							
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)		MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
592.00 594.00 596.00 602.00 604.00	594. 00 596. 00 668. 00 604. 00 606. 00	Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Pipe Flow Routing:	Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #2	474. 7 429. 1 0. 0	474. 7 429. 1 428. 1 1023. 8 1023. 2	16. 267 16. 200 16. 733 16. 283 16. 283		
606. 00 662. 00 668. 00 668. 00 668. 00	668. 00 668. 00 668. 00 668. 00 668. 00	Subarea (UH) Ädded to: Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #2 Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	0. 0 1009. 4 428. 1	1009. 4 724. 5 1598. 5 1846. 5 1846. 5	16. 467 16. 300 16. 400 16. 433 16. 433	225. 43	3
668. 00 668. 00 668. 00 612. 00 614. 00	668. 00 668. 00 758. 00 614. 00 616. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #2	1598. 5 1846. 5 0. 0	0. 0 0. 0 1832. 9 518. 2 224. 0	16. 583 16. 217 16. 000		
616. 00 632. 00 634. 00 636. 00 616. 00	758. 00 634. 00 636. 00 758. 00 758. 00	Subarea (UH) Ädded to Pipe Flow Routing: Convex Routing:	Stream #3 Stream #3 Stream #3	0. 0 177. 2 175. 7	224. 0 177. 2 175. 7 162. 4 340. 8	16. 800 16. 100 16. 100 16. 267 16. 167		
758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 758. 00	758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 758. 00	Stream #4 Added to: Stream #3 Added to: Stream #2 Added to: View:	Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1	224. 0 1832. 9	447. 5 656. 5 2174. 3 2174. 3	16. 200 16. 217 16. 567 16. 567	302. 29	3

	B0T-100. RES								
	758. 00	758. 00	Zero Out:	Stream #4	340. 8	0.0			
	758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 758. 00 768. 00	758. 00 758. 00 768. 00 768. 00 768. 00	Zero Out: Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to	Stream #3 Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #2 Stream #1	656. 5 2174. 3 0. 0	0. 0 0. 0 2159. 7 437. 6 2268. 5	16. 833 16. 267 16. 833		
	768. 00 768. 00 768. 00 622. 00 624. 00	768. 00 768. 00 728. 00 624. 00 626. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to		437. 6 2268. 5 0. 0	2268. 5 0. 0 2255. 8 250. 2 250. 0	16. 833 17. 000 16. 250 16. 250	345. 78	3
	626. 00 652. 00 654. 00 626. 00 728. 00	728. 00 654. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #5 Added to:	Stream #4 Stream #4	0. 0 1860. 0 0. 0	238. 2 1860. 0 1846. 4 1785. 9 2559. 5	16. 750 17. 617 17. 767 16. 267 16. 300		

| Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 1-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL | 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM

INPUT FILE	* AES FLOODSCx PROGRAM RESULTS SUMMARY * INPUT FILENAME: [SOLARPHX. DAT] Page: 2 of							
UPSTREAM NODE #	DOWNSTREAM NODE #	HYDROLOGI C/HYDRAULI C	PROCESS	UPSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	DOWNSTREAM PEAK (CFS)	TIME(2) TO PEAK (HR)	MAX. STORAGE MODELED (AF)	FOOTNOTES
728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 728. 00	728.00 728.00 728.00 728.00 728.00 728.00	Stream #2 Added to: View: Zero Out:	Stream #2 Stream #1 Stream #1 Stream #5 Stream #4	2255. 8 1785. 9	2600. 6 4099. 0 4099. 0 0. 0 0. 0	17.050	1211. 69	3
728. 00 728. 00 728. 00 748. 00 748. 00	728.00 748.00 748.00 748.00 748.00 748.00	Convex Routing: Subarea (UH) Added to Stream #2 Added to:	Stream #1	4099. 0 0. 0 4092. 6	0. 0 4092. 6 616. 1 4181. 3 0. 0	17. 283 16. 267 17. 283		
748.00	748. 00	Vi ew:	Stream #1	+ 	4181.3	17. 283	1274. 11	3
	Notes: 1 = BASIN MODEL VOLUME EXCEEDED; 2 = TIME IS AT END OF 1-MINUTE UNIT INTERVAL 3 = RUNOFF ESTIMATES DO NOT EXTEND PAST 2 DAYS AFTER THE PEAK DAY OF THE DESIGN STORM							

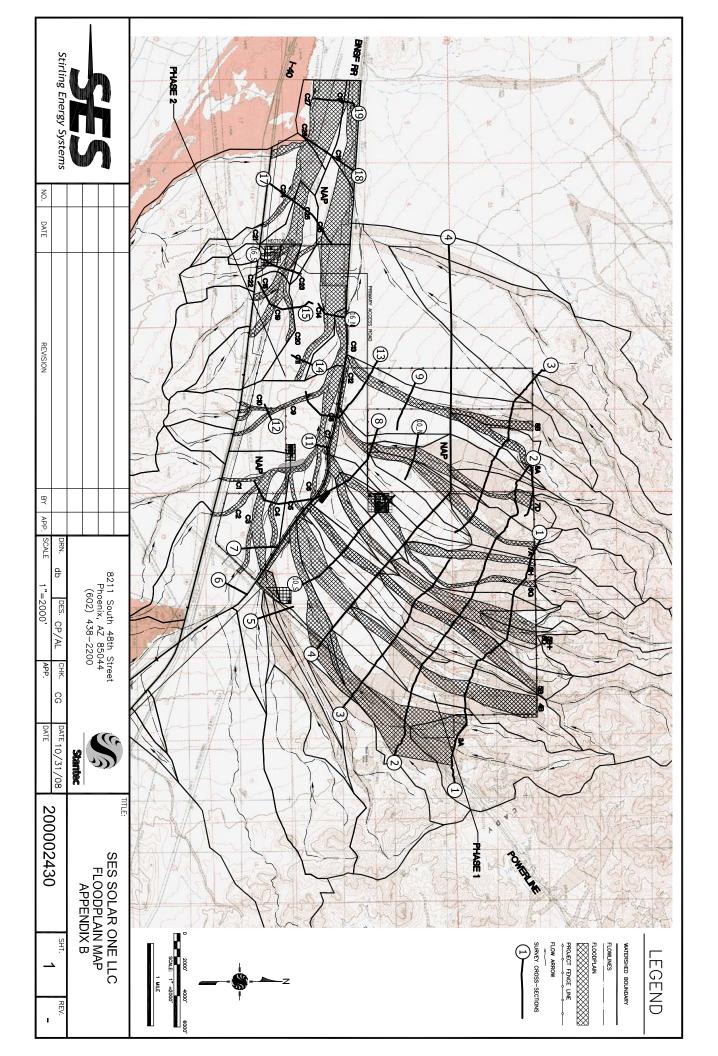
END OF FLOODSCx ROUTING ANALYSIS



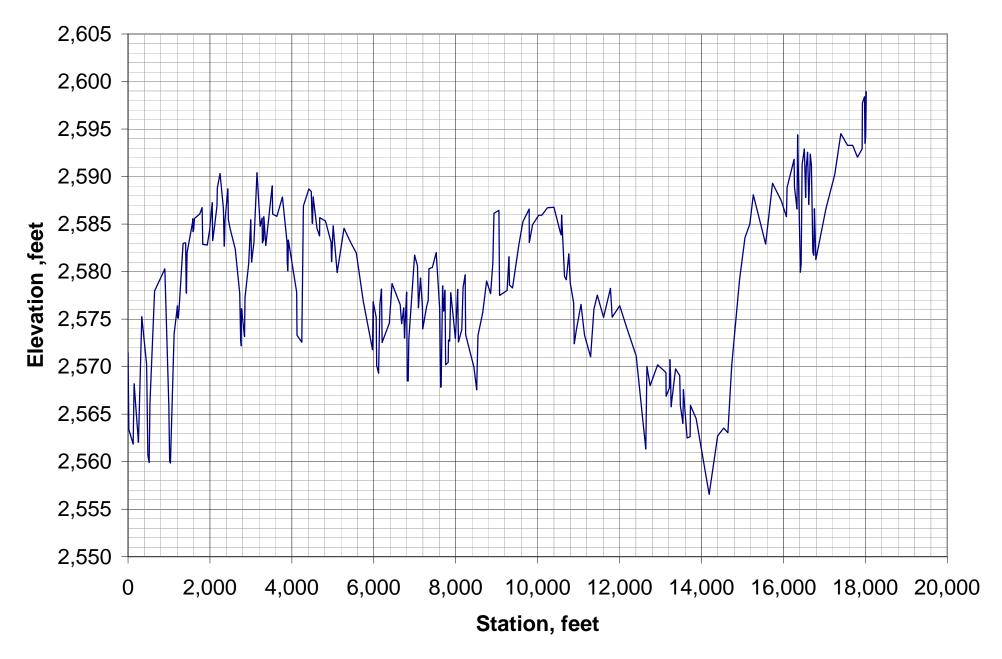
Appendix B

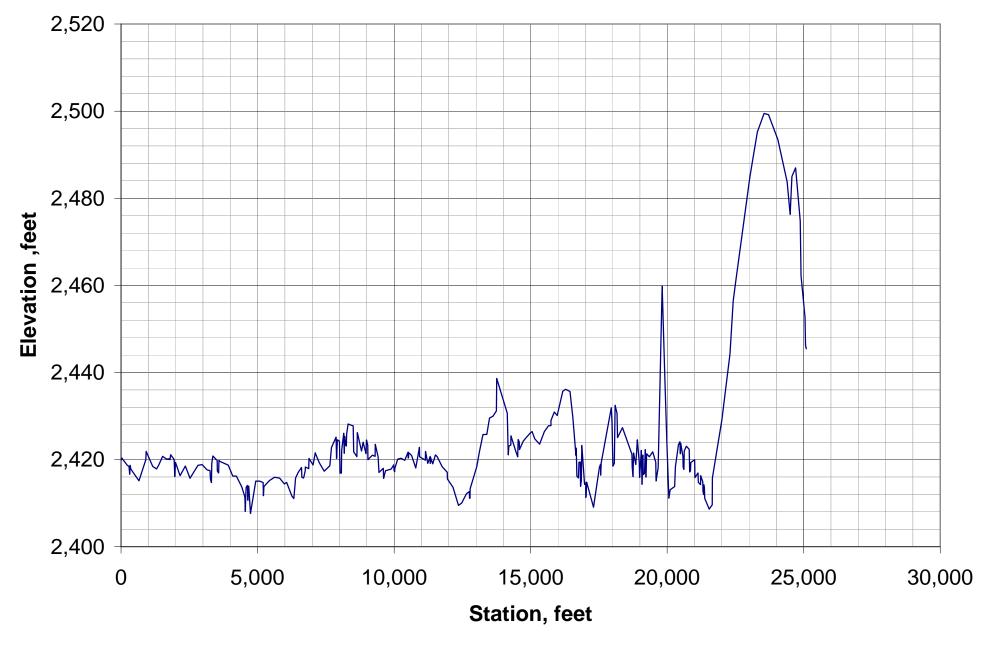
Hydraulic Analysis

Floodplain Map with Cross Sections

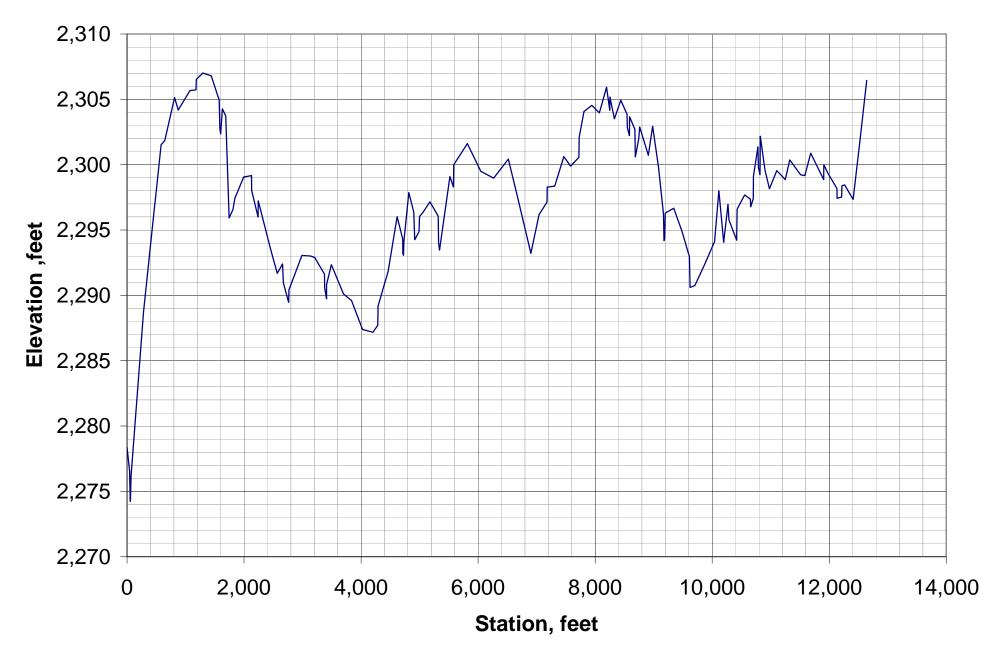




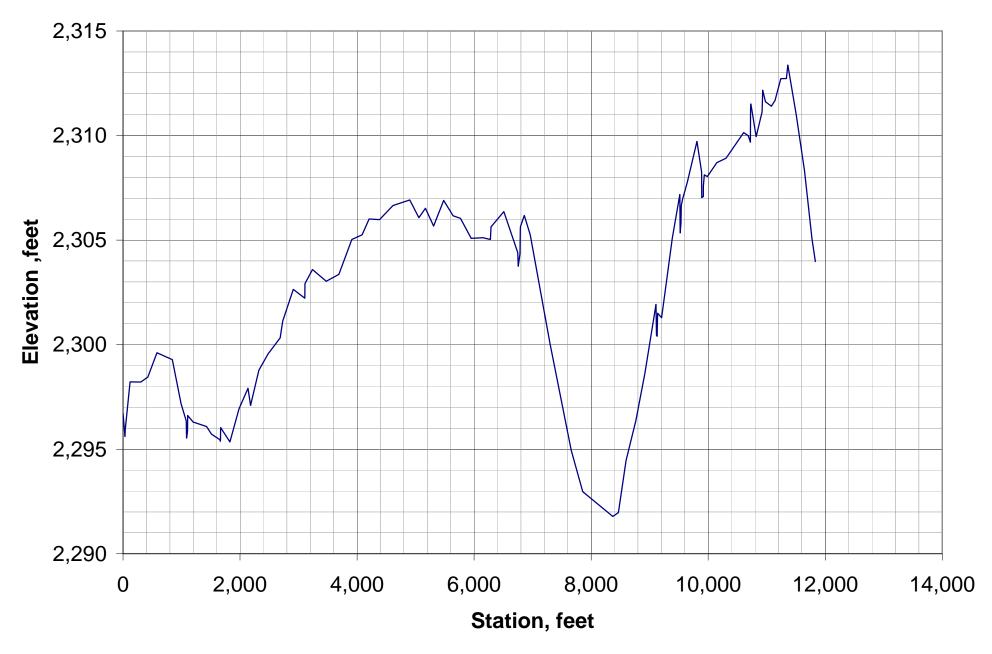




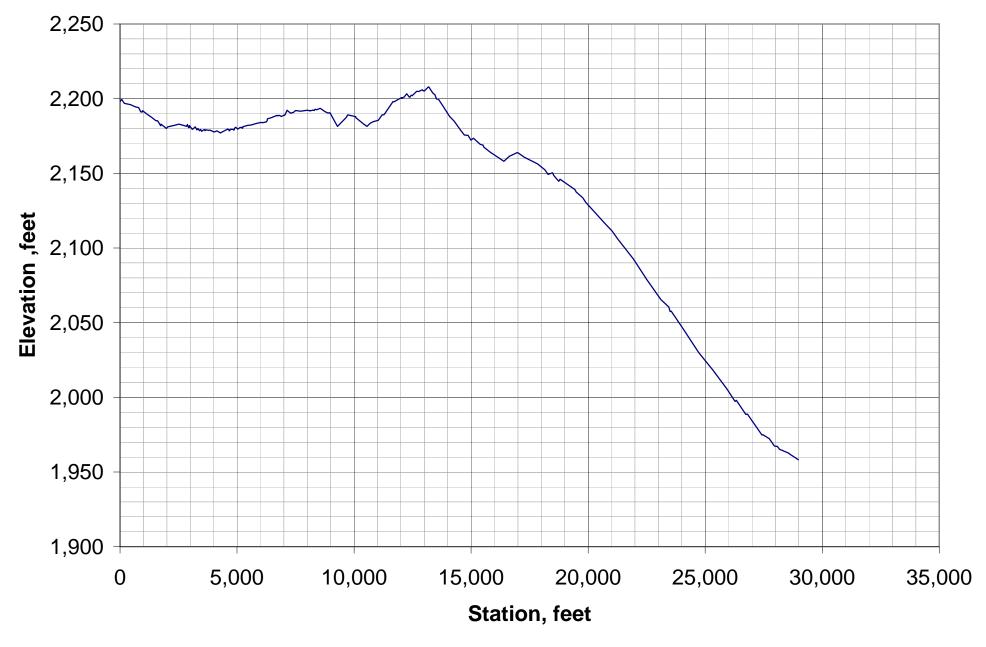
— Surveyed Cross Section 2



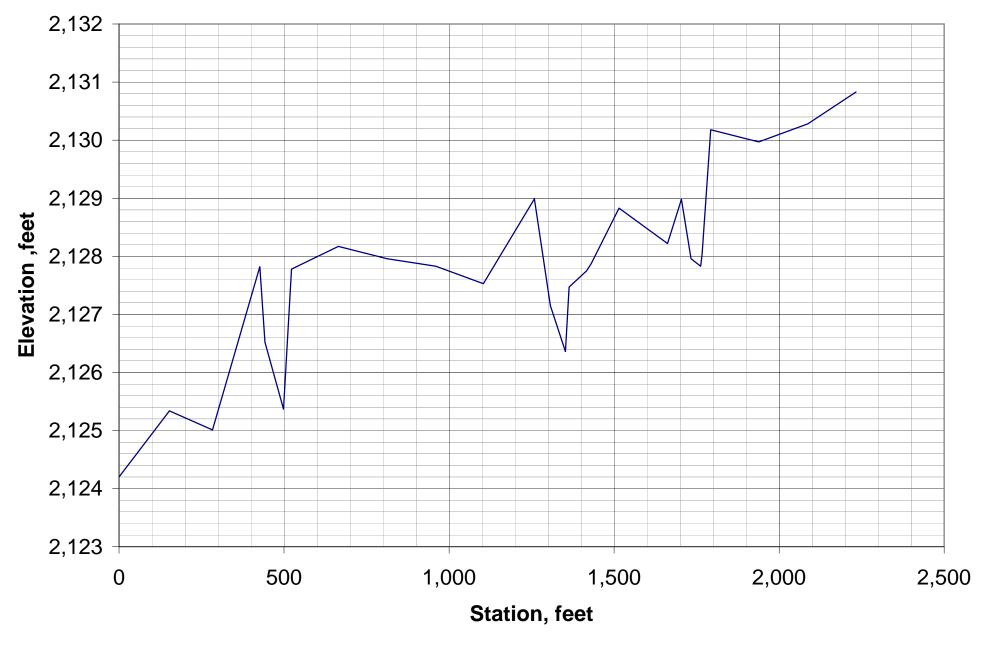
— Surveyed Cross Section 3_N



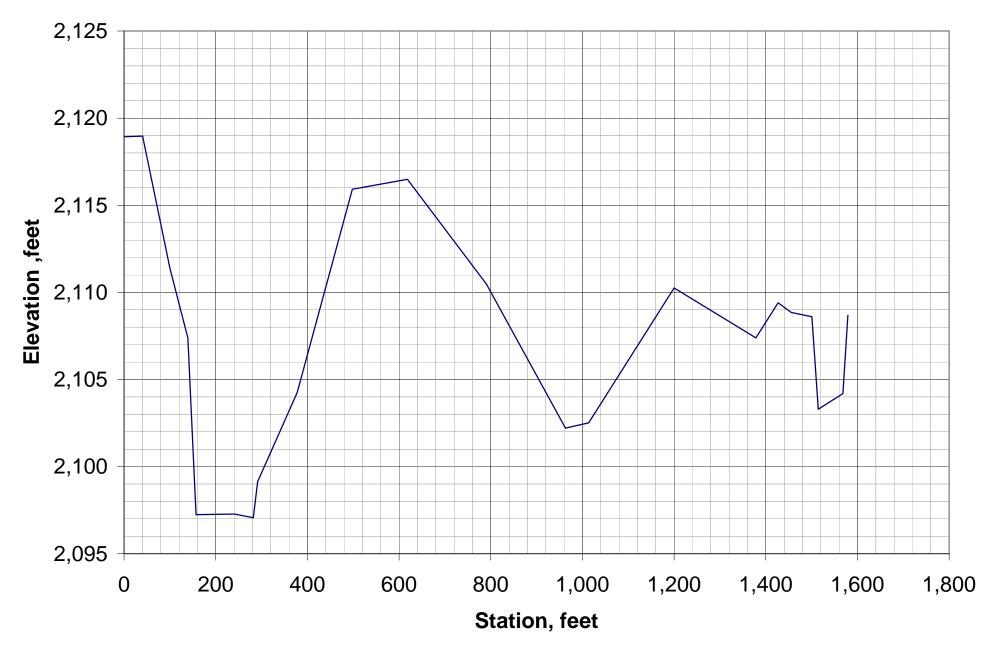
— Surveyed Cross Section 3



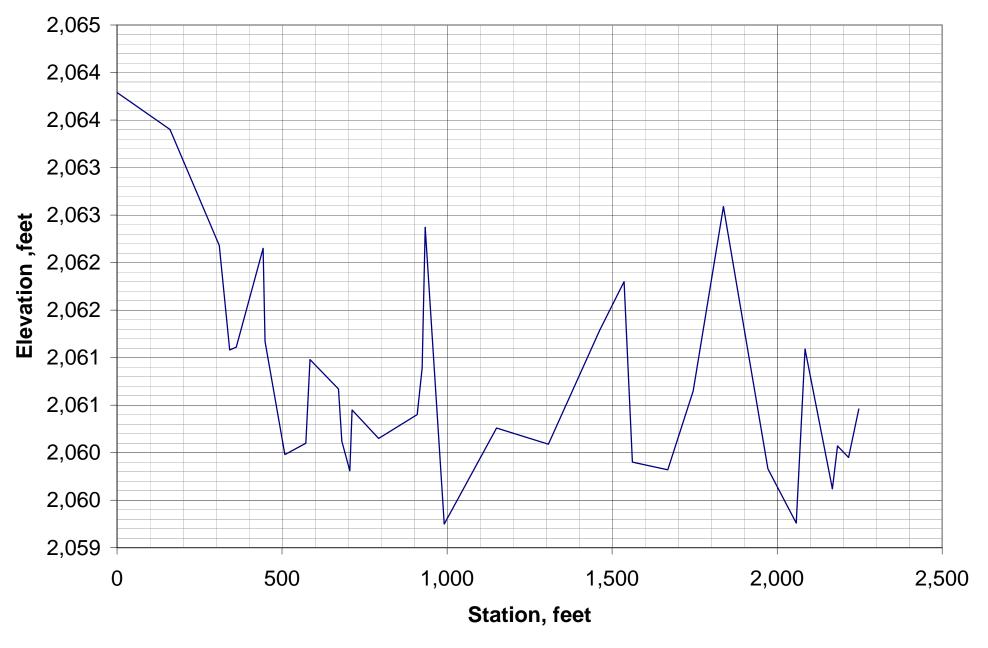
— Surveyed Cross Section 4



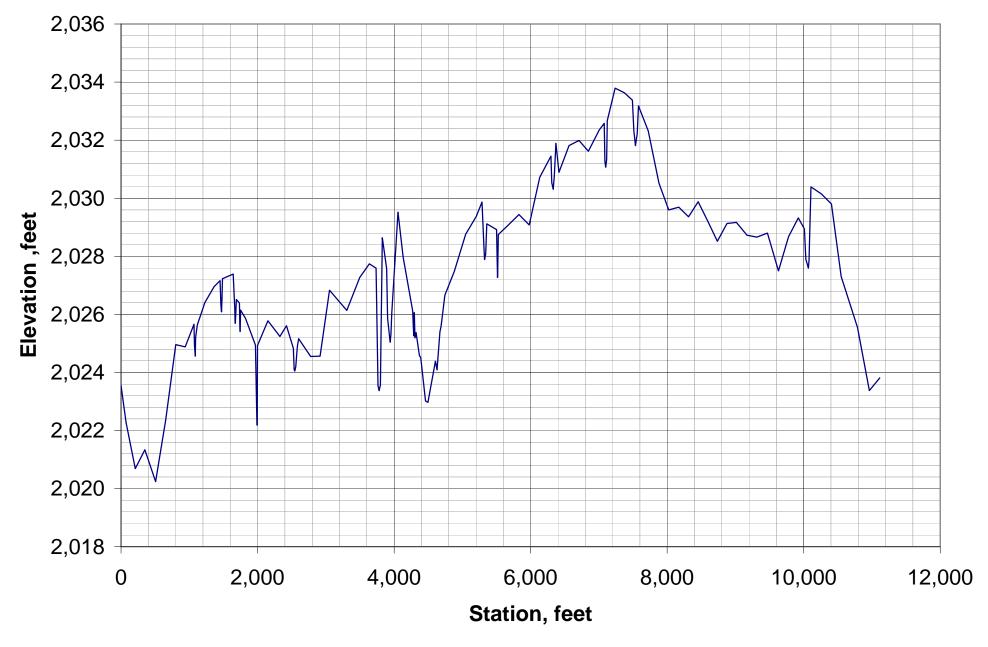
— Surveyed Cross Section 5



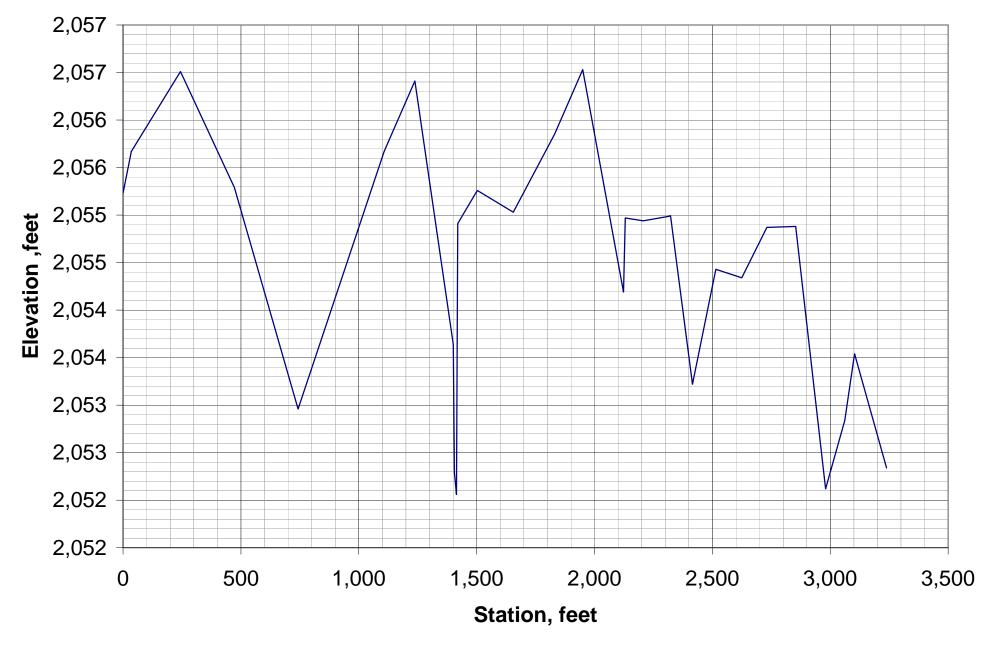
— Surveyed Cross Section 6



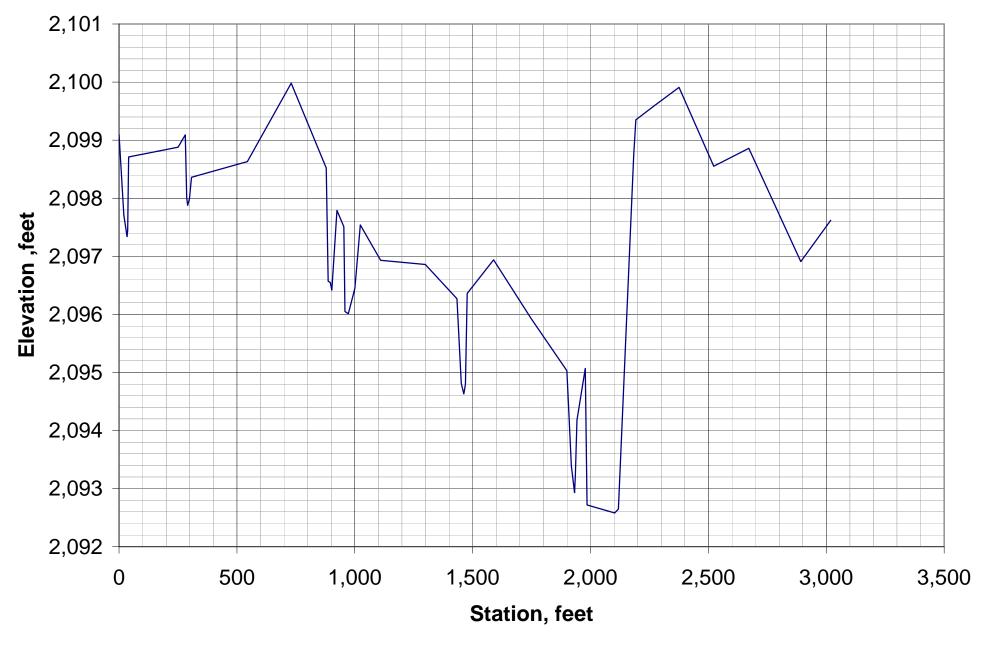
— Surveyed Cross Section 7



— Surveyed Cross Section 8

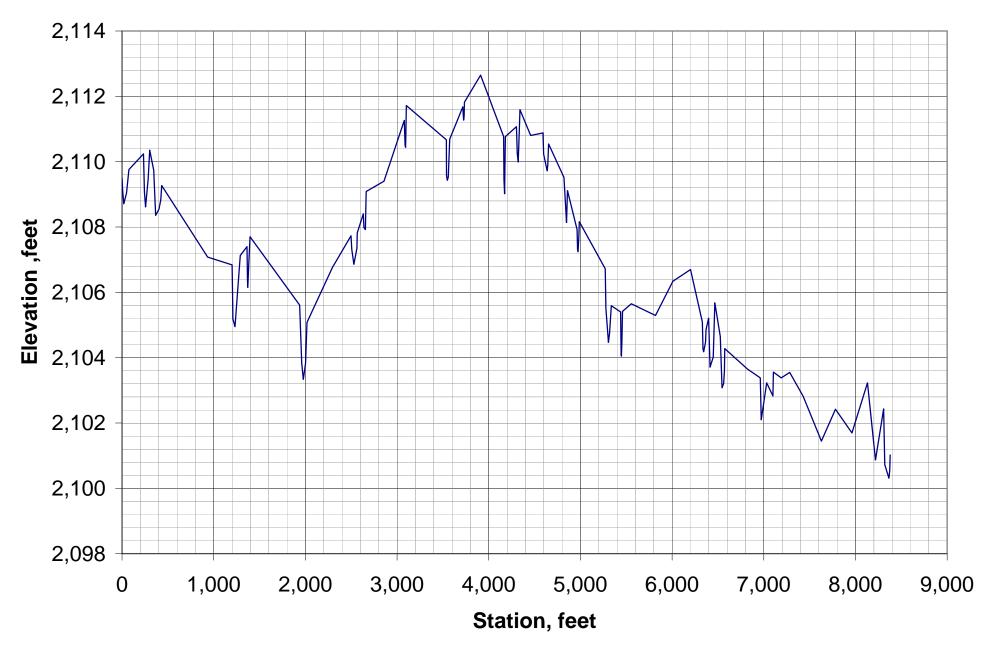


Surveyed Cross Section 10_N

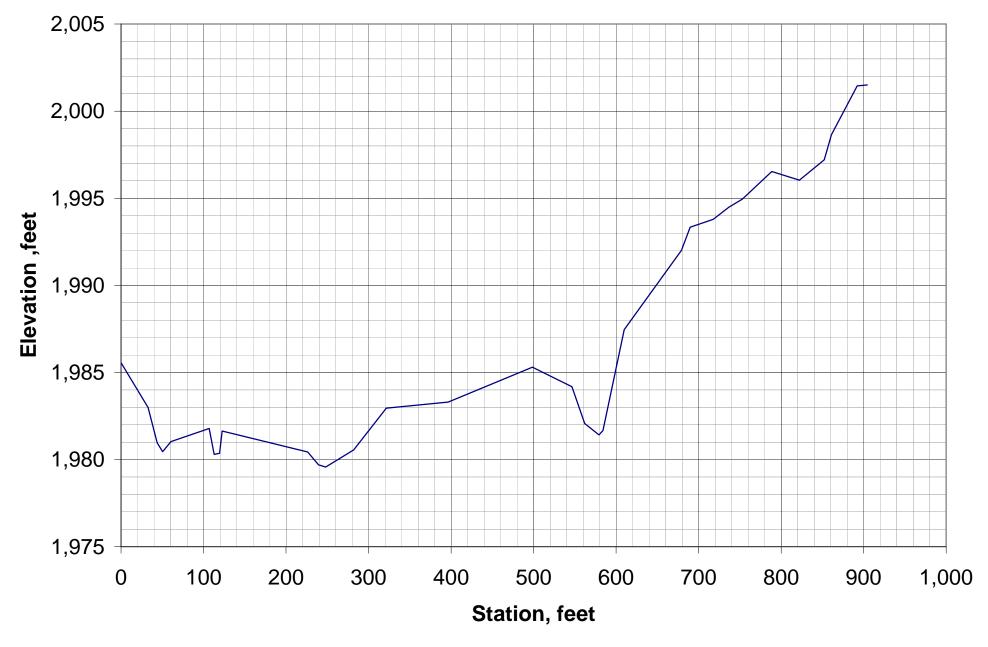


— Surveyed Cross Section 10_N

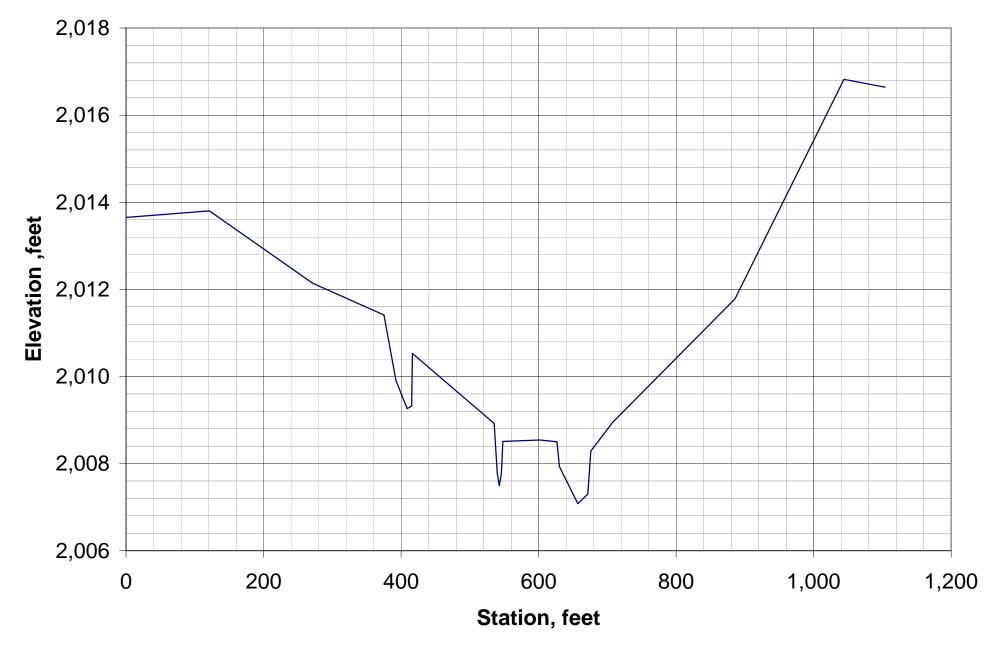
Surveyed Cross Section 10_S



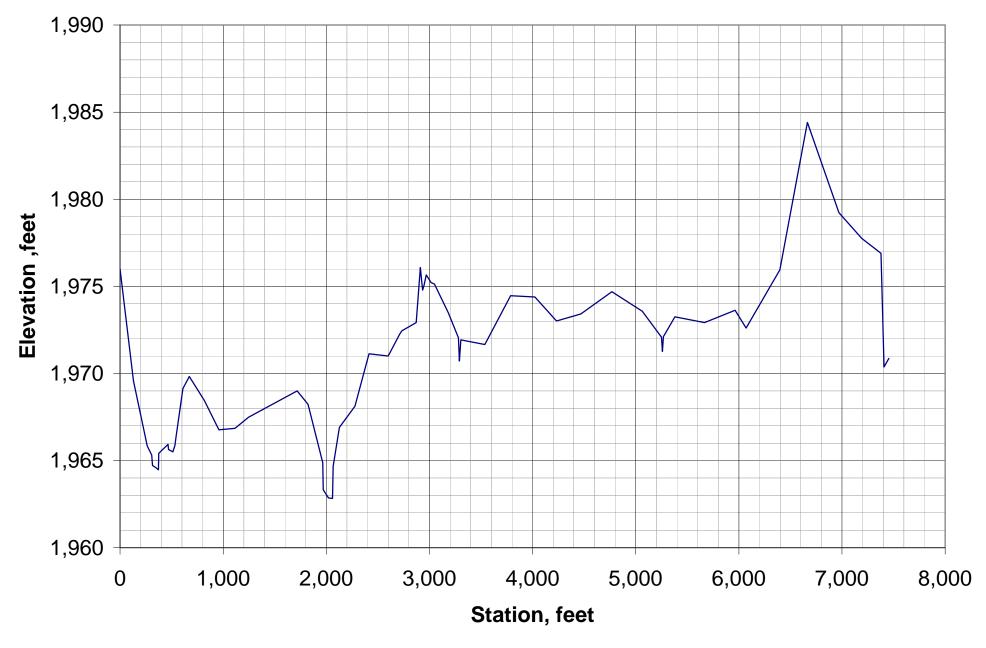
— Surveyed Cross Section 10_S



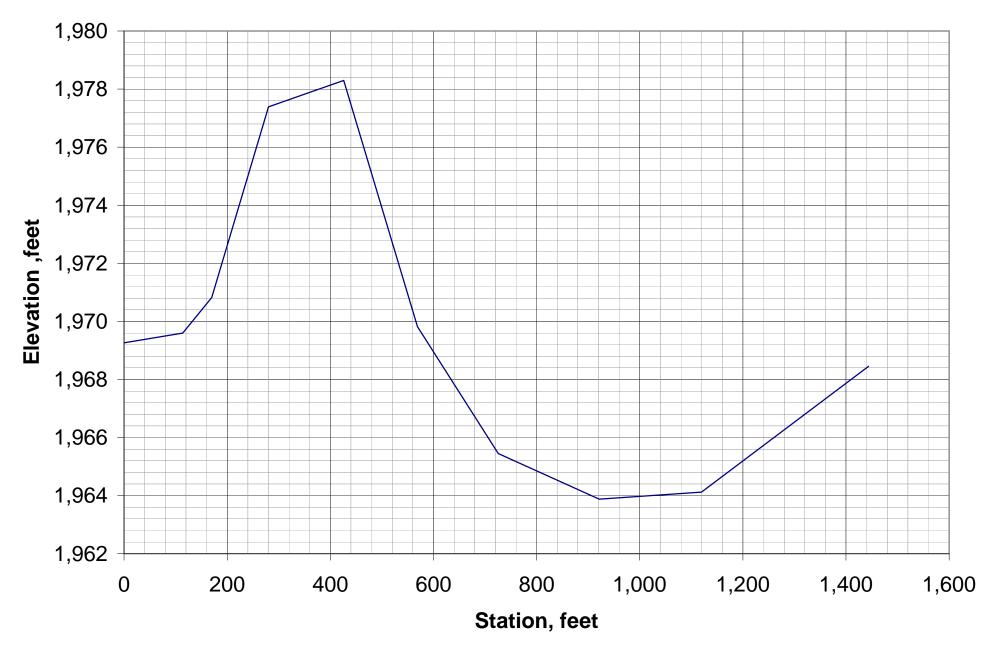
— Surveyed Cross Section 11



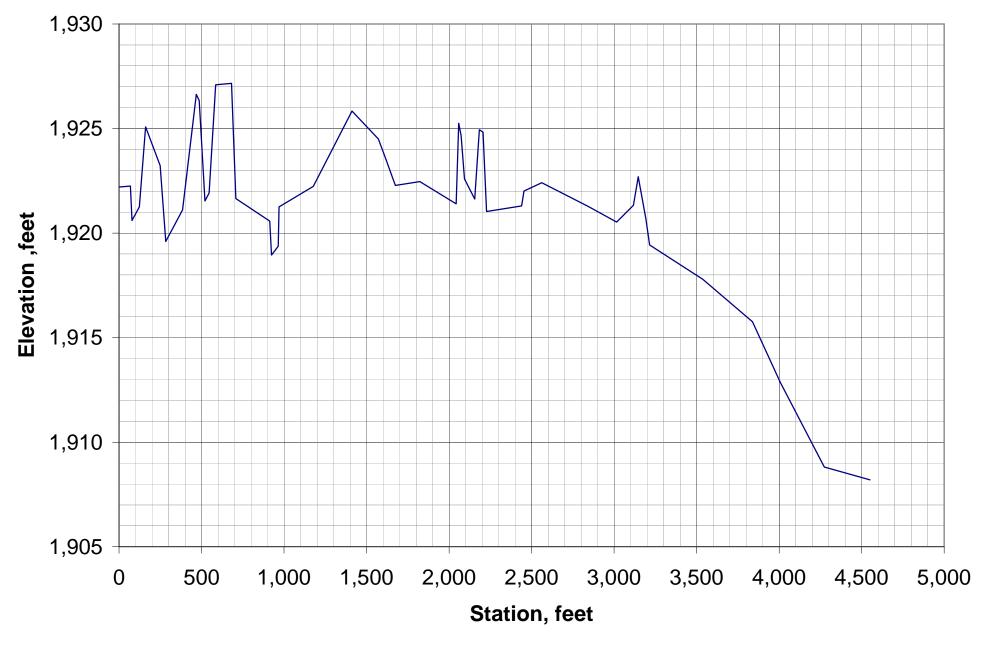
— Surveyed Cross Section 12



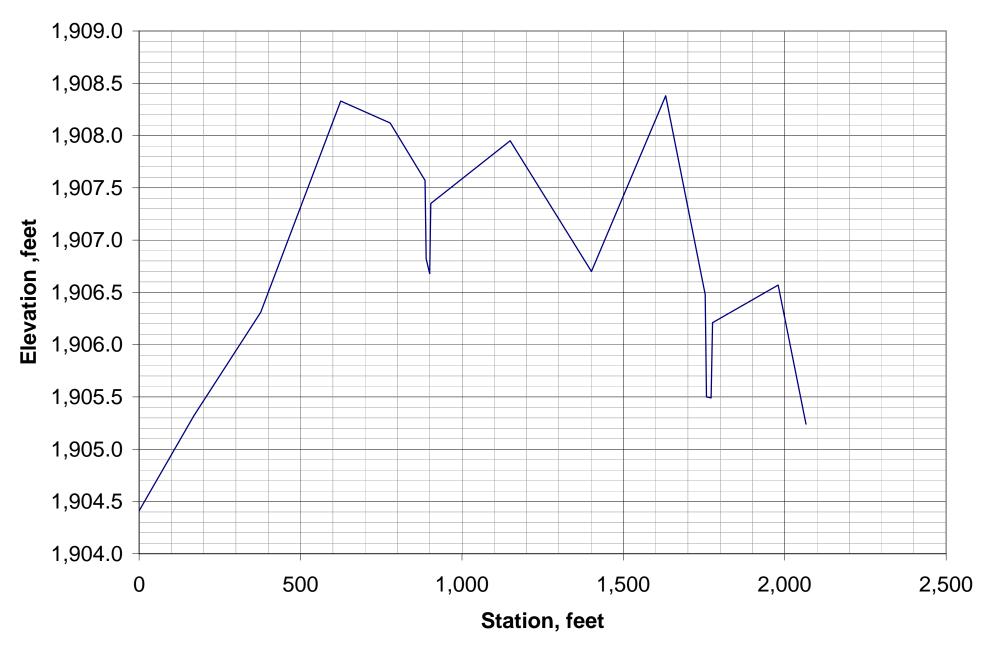
— Surveyed Cross Section 13



— Surveyed Cross Section 14

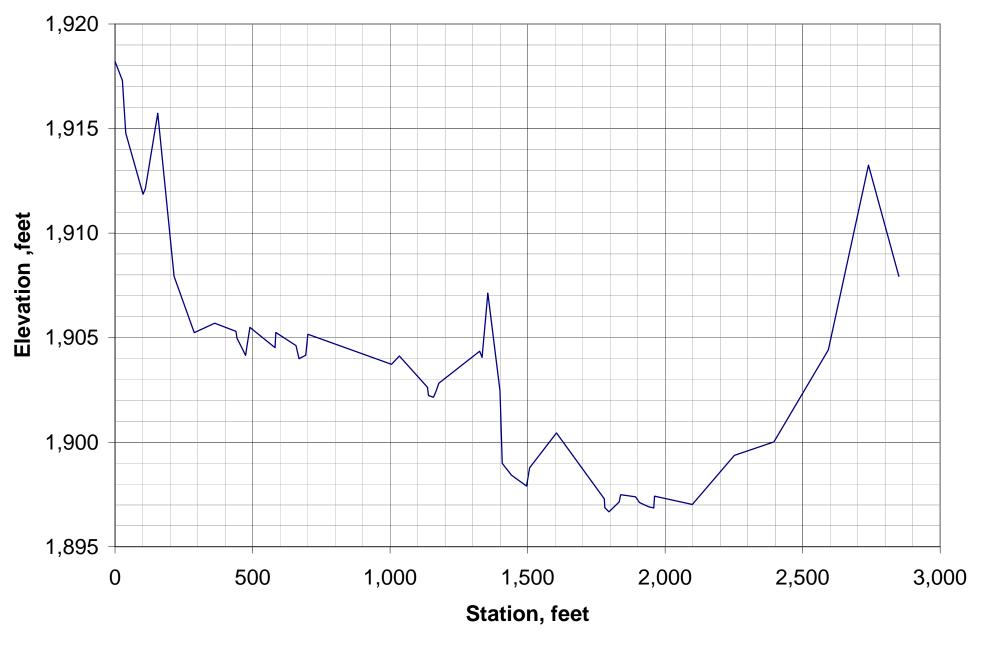


Surveyed Cross Section 16_N

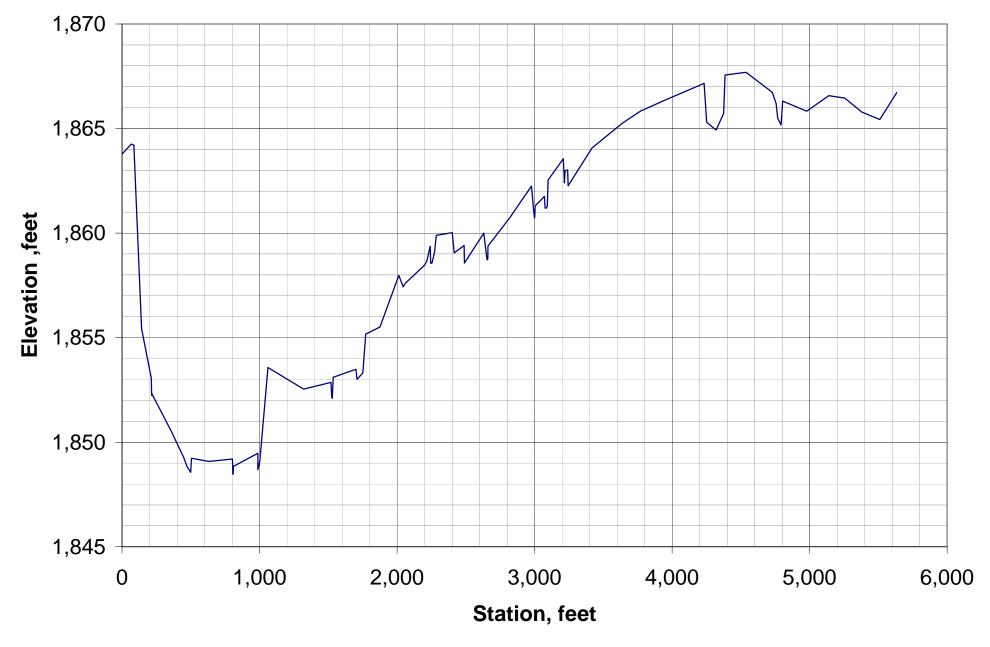


— Surveyed Cross Section 16_N

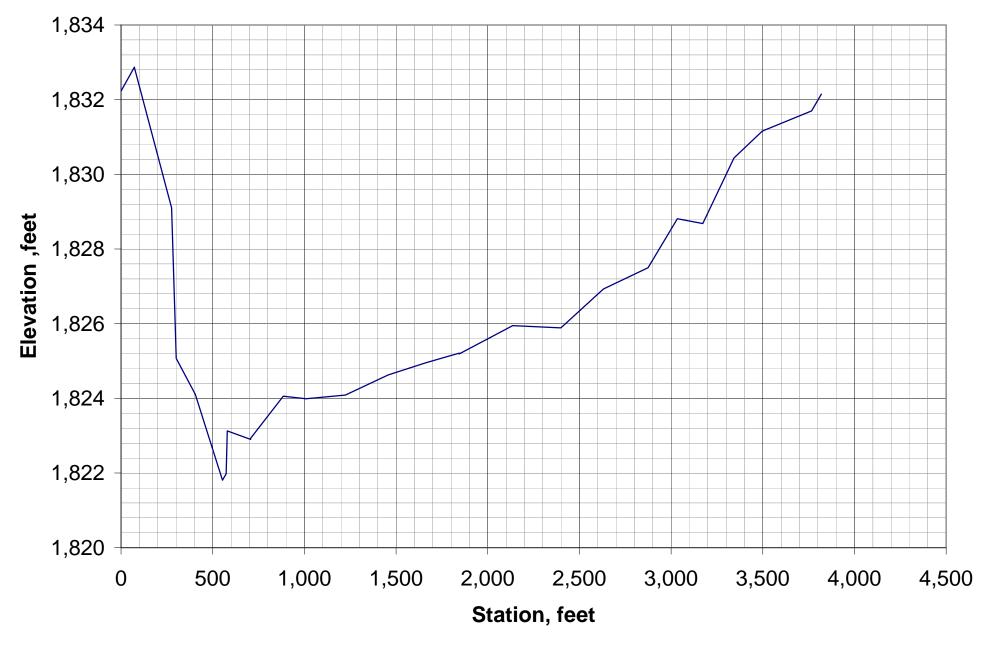
Surveyed Cross Section 16_S

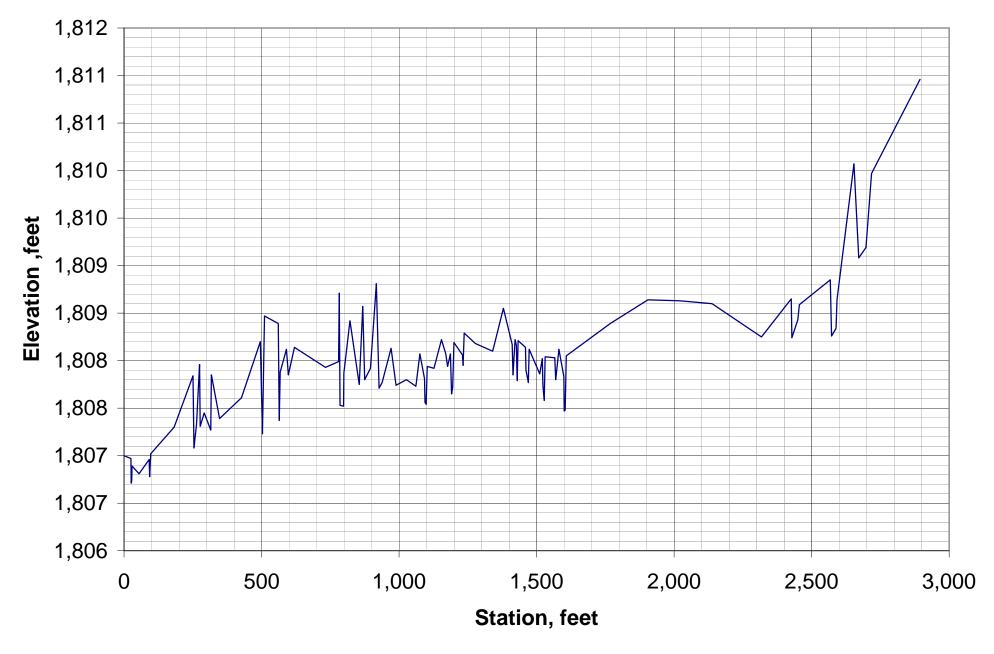


— Surveyed Cross Section 16_S



— Surveyed Cross Section 17





HY-8 Culvert Analysis Report

Table 1 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 1

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 1 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
2065.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
2067.43	100.00	100.00	0.00	1
2068.60	200.00	200.00	0.00	1
2069.58	300.00	300.00	0.00	1
2070.46	400.00	400.00	0.00	1
2071.27	500.00	500.00	0.00	1
2072.23	600.00	600.00	0.00	1
2073.34	700.00	700.00	0.00	1
2074.08	800.00	768.90	31.09	4
2074.65	900.00	819.99	80.00	4
2075.15	1000.00	862.53	137.32	3

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Trestle 1



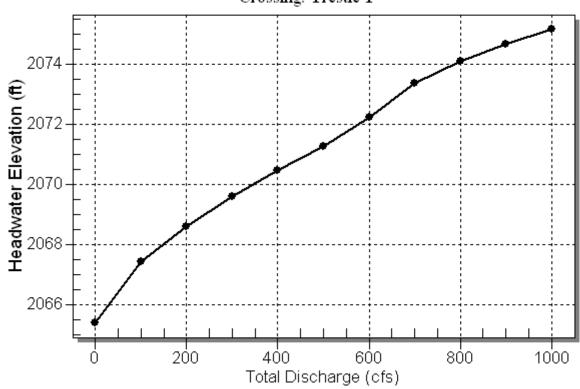


Table 2 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 1

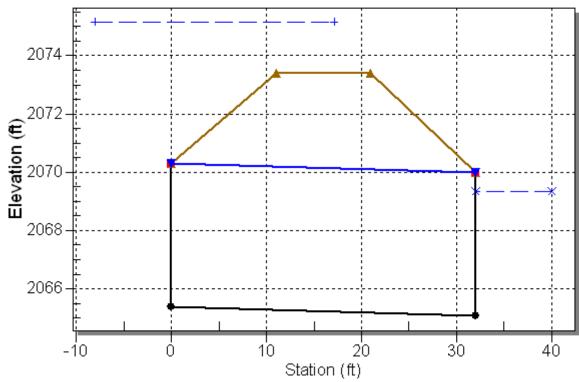
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	2065.40	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
100.00	100.00	2067.43	1.677	2.031	3-M2t	1.576	1.232	1.344	1.344	5.857	4.281
200.00	200.00	2068.60	0.000	3.201	2-M2c	2.503	1.974	1.974	1.937	7.978	5.228
300.00	300.00	2069.58	0.000	4.184	2-M2c	3.305	2.583	2.583	2.380	9.144	5.856
400.00	400.00	2070.46	0.000	5.062	2-M2c	4.047	3.130	3.130	2.748	10.062	6.332
500.00	500.00	2071.27	0.000	5.870	2-M2c	4.900	3.634	3.634	3.065	10.835	6.725
600.00	600.00	2072.23	0.000	6.830	7-M2c	4.900	4.104	4.104	3.346	11.511	7.065
700.00	700.00	2073.34	0.000	7.941	7-M2c	4.900	4.558	4.558	3.602	12.093	7.358
800.00	768.90	2074.08	0.000	8.685	7-M2c	4.900	4.870	4.870	3.837	12.432	7.623
900.00	819.99	2074.65	0.000	9.249	6-FFc	4.900	4.900	4.900	4.056	13.177	7.861
1000.00	862.53	2075.15	0.000	9.746	6-FFc	4.900	4.900	4.900	4.261	13.860	8.080

 $\label{eq:continuity} \text{Inlet Elevation (invert): 2065.40 ft}, \quad \text{Outlet Elevation (invert): 2065.08 ft}$

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0100

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 1

Crossing - Trestle 1, Design Discharge - 1000.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 1, Culvert Discharge - 862.5 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 2065.40 ft
Outlet Station: 32.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 2065.08 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 1

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 12.70 ft Barrel Rise: 4.90 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Inlet Edge Condition:
Inlet Depression: None

Table 3 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 1)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	2065.08	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
100.00	2066.42	1.34	4.28	0.84	0.74
200.00	2067.02	1.94	5.23	1.21	0.78
300.00	2067.46	2.38	5.86	1.49	0.80
400.00	2067.83	2.75	6.33	1.71	0.82
500.00	2068.14	3.06	6.72	1.91	0.83
600.00	2068.43	3.35	7.07	2.09	0.84
700.00	2068.68	3.60	7.36	2.25	0.85
800.00	2068.92	3.84	7.62	2.39	0.86
900.00	2069.14	4.06	7.86	2.53	0.86
1000.00	2069.34	4.26	8.08	2.66	0.87

Tailwater Channel Data - Trestle 1

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 12.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0100

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 2065.08 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 1

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 20.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2073.40 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 4 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 2

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 708.5 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
		3 ()	,	
2078.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
2080.77	361.50	361.50	0.00	1
2082.09	723.00	723.00	0.00	1
2083.19	1084.50	1084.50	0.00	1
2084.00	1446.00	1378.61	67.25	4
2084.50	1807.50	1570.21	237.68	3
2084.94	2169.00	1720.42	447.87	3
2085.38	2530.50	1822.37	707.97	4
2085.78	2892.00	1921.05	970.91	4
2086.16	3253.50	1998.01	1255.46	4
2086.56	3615.00	2038.37	1576.90	3

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Trestle 2

Total Rating Curve Crossing: Trestle 2

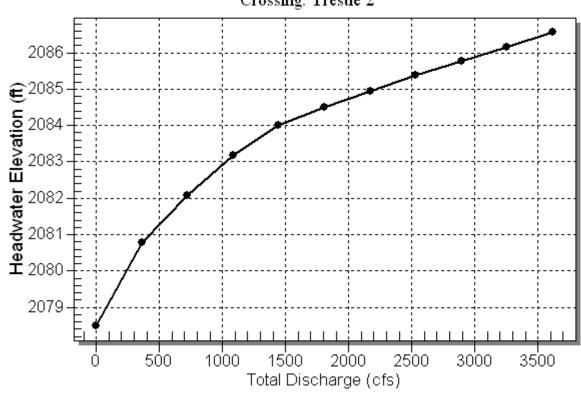


Table 5 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 708.5

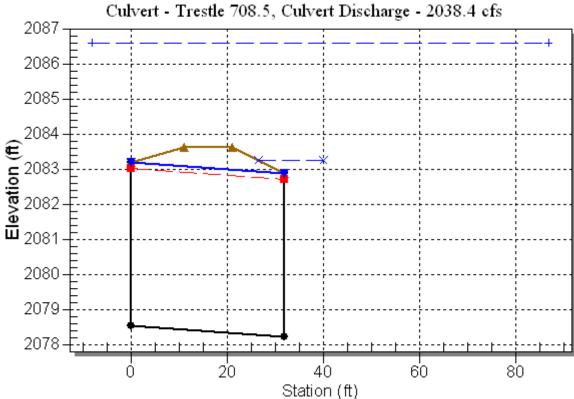
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	2078.50	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
361.50	361.50	2080.77	1.906	2.271	3-M2t	1.667	1.410	1.430	1.430	6.653	6.884
723.00	723.00	2082.09	0.000	3.586	2-M2c	2.579	2.236	2.236	2.120	8.509	8.639
1084.50	1084.50	2083.19	0.000	4.690	2-M2c	3.341	2.932	2.932	2.655	9.734	9.815
1446.00	1378.61	2084.00	0.000	5.500	2-M2c	3.896	3.441	3.441	3.108	10.543	10.712
1807.50	1570.21	2084.50	0.000	5.997	2-M2c	4.670	3.756	3.756	3.506	11.000	11.452
2169.00	1720.42	2084.94	0.000	6.442	7-M2c	4.670	3.989	3.989	3.864	11.348	12.084
2530.50	1822.37	2085.38	0.000	6.882	7-M2t	4.670	4.148	4.192	4.192	11.441	12.639
2892.00	1921.05	2085.78	0.000	7.276	7-M2t	4.670	4.301	4.495	4.495	11.246	13.134
3253.50	1998.01	2086.16	0.000	7.664	4-FFf	4.670	4.420	4.670	4.779	11.259	13.584
3615.00	2038.37	2086.56	0.000	8.063	4-FFf	4.670	4.483	4.670	5.047	11.486	13.994

Inlet Elevation (invert): 2078.50 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 2078.18 ft

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0100

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 708.5

Crossing - Trestle 2, Design Discharge - 3615.0 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 708.5

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 2078.50 ft
Outlet Station: 32.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 2078.18 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 708.5

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 38.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.67 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Inlet Edge Condition:
Inlet Depression: None

Table 6 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 2)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	2078.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
361.50	2079.61	1.43	6.88	1.78	1.09
723.00	2080.30	2.12	8.64	2.65	1.15
1084.50	2080.83	2.65	9.82	3.31	1.19
1446.00	2081.29	3.11	10.71	3.88	1.21
1807.50	2081.69	3.51	11.45	4.37	1.23
2169.00	2082.04	3.86	12.08	4.82	1.25
2530.50	2082.37	4.19	12.64	5.23	1.26
2892.00	2082.68	4.50	13.13	5.61	1.28
3253.50	2082.96	4.78	13.58	5.96	1.29
3615.00	2083.23	5.05	13.99	6.30	1.30

Tailwater Channel Data - Trestle 2

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 31.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0200

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 2078.18 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 2

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 100.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2083.60 ft

Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

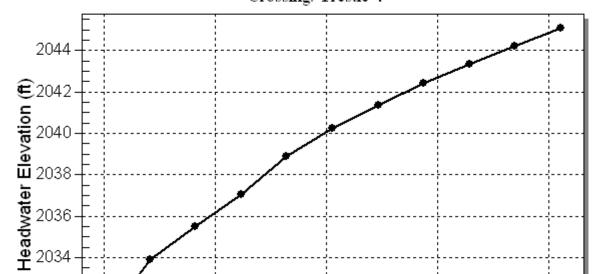
Table 7 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 4

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 709.4 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
		3 ()	, ,	
2030.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
2033.91	820.90	820.90	0.00	1
2035.51	1641.80	1641.80	0.00	1
2037.03	2462.70	2462.70	0.00	1
2038.89	3283.60	3240.01	43.56	4
2040.25	4104.50	3635.74	468.73	4
2041.38	4925.40	3901.21	1025.27	3
2042.40	5746.30	4123.82	1622.21	3
2043.35	6567.20	4319.69	2247.50	3
2044.24	7388.10	4494.99	2893.08	3
2045.08	8209.00	4656.07	3552.49	3

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Trestle 4

2032

Total Rating Curve Crossing: Trestle 4



4000 Total Discharge (cfs)

60'00

80,00

2000

Table 8 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 709.4

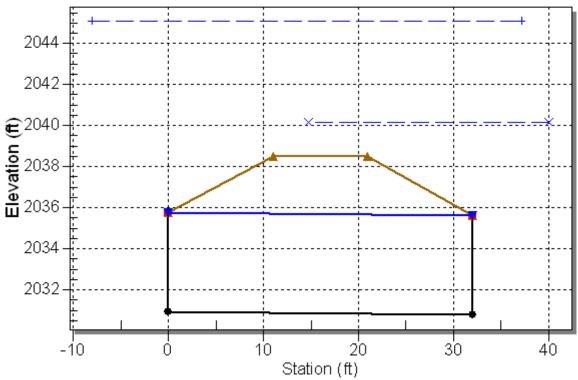
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
. ,				, , ,						. ,	. ,
0.00	0.00	2030.91	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
820.90	820.90	2033.91	2.232	3.000	3-M1t	2.578	1.646	2.600	2.600	4.644	4.028
1641.80	1641.80	2035.51	0.000	4.603	3-M2t	3.973	2.620	3.868	3.868	6.242	5.085
2462.70	2462.70	2037.03	0.000	6.125	4-FFf	4.830	3.439	4.830	4.862	7.498	5.793
3283.60	3240.01	2038.89	0.000	7.977	4-FFf	4.830	4.128	4.830	5.703	9.865	6.340
4104.50	3635.74	2040.25	0.000	9.341	4-FFf	4.830	4.465	4.830	6.446	11.070	6.790
4925.40	3901.21	2041.38	0.000	10.469	4-FFf	4.830	4.692	4.830	7.117	11.878	7.174
5746.30	4123.82	2042.40	0.000	11.492	4-FFf	4.830	4.830	4.830	7.733	12.556	7.511
6567.20	4319.69	2043.35	0.000	12.439	4-FFf	4.830	4.830	4.830	8.303	13.152	7.814
7388.10	4494.99	2044.24	0.000	13.328	4-FFf	4.830	4.830	4.830	8.840	13.686	8.086
8209.00	4656.07	2045.08	0.000	14.169	4-FFf	4.830	4.830	4.830	9.345	14.176	8.336

Inlet Elevation (invert): 2030.91 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 2030.79 ft

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0038

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 709.4

Crossing - Trestle 4, Design Discharge - 8209.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 709.4, Culvert Discharge - 4656.1 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 709.4

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 2030.91 ft Outlet Station: 32.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 2030.79 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 709.4

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 68.00 ft Barrel Rise: 4.83 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Inlet Edge Condition:
Inlet Depression: None

Table 9 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 4)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	2030.79	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
820.90	2033.39	2.60	4.03	0.49	0.47
1641.80	2034.66	3.87	5.09	0.72	0.50
2462.70	2035.65	4.86	5.79	0.91	0.51
3283.60	2036.49	5.70	6.34	1.07	0.52
4104.50	2037.24	6.45	6.79	1.21	0.53
4925.40	2037.91	7.12	7.17	1.33	0.54
5746.30	2038.52	7.73	7.51	1.45	0.55
6567.20	2039.09	8.30	7.81	1.55	0.55
7388.10	2039.63	8.84	8.09	1.65	0.56
8209.00	2040.13	9.34	8.34	1.75	0.56

Tailwater Channel Data - Trestle 4

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 68.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0030

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 2030.79 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 4

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 68.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2038.50 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

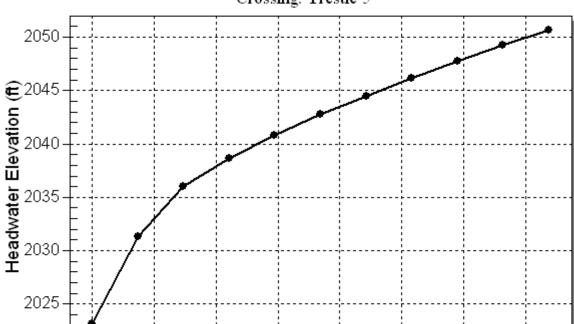
Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 10 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 5

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 709.5 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
2023.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
2031.30	737.40	737.40	0.00	1
2036.02	1474.80	1067.93	406.86	7
2038.64	2212.20	1176.11	1036.08	5
2040.81	2949.60	1261.47	1688.12	5
2042.74	3687.00	1336.37	2350.27	3
2044.51	4424.40	1404.79	3019.60	4
2046.16	5161.80	1468.39	3693.41	4
2047.72	5899.20	1528.04	4371.15	4
2049.21	6636.60	1584.63	5051.96	4
2050.65	7374.00	1638.43	5735.57	4

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Trestle 5





3000 4000 50 Total Discharge (cfs) 60'00

7000

5000

2000

1000

Table 11 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 709.5

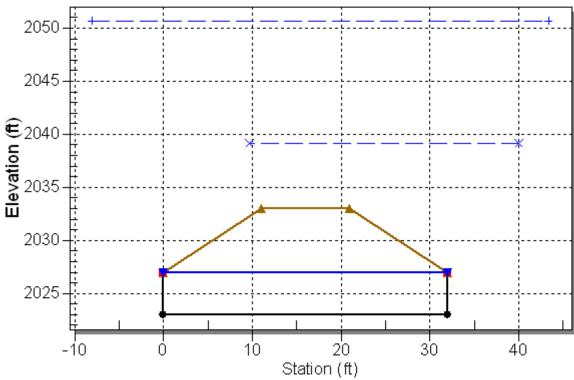
Total Discharge	Culvert Discharge	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity	Tailwater Velocity
(cfs)	(cfs)			Depth (ft)						(ft/s)	(ft/s)
0.00	0.00	2023.17	0.000	0.170	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
737.40	737.40	2031.30	0.000	8.301	4-FFf	4.000	3.854	4.000	5.809	10.687	3.155
1474.80	1067.93	2036.02	0.000	13.024	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	7.983	15.477	3.776
2212.20	1176.11	2038.64	0.000	15.638	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	9.561	17.045	4.188
2949.60	1261.47	2040.81	0.000	17.808	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	10.842	18.282	4.507
3687.00	1336.37	2042.74	0.000	19.735	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	11.938	19.368	4.770
4424.40	1404.79	2044.51	0.000	21.505	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	12.907	20.359	4.995
5161.80	1468.39	2046.16	0.000	23.159	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	13.781	21.281	5.194
5899.20	1528.04	2047.72	0.000	24.722	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	14.581	22.146	5.372
6636.60	1584.63	2049.21	0.000	26.214	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	15.321	22.966	5.534
7374.00	1638.43	2050.65	0.000	27.646	4-FFf	4.000	4.000	4.000	16.012	23.745	5.682

Inlet Elevation (invert): 2023.00 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 2023.00 ft

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0000

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 709.5

Crossing - Trestle 5, Design Discharge - 7374.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 709.5, Culvert Discharge - 1638.4 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 709.5

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 2023.00 ft
Outlet Station: 32.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 2023.00 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 709.5

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 17.25 ft Barrel Rise: 4.00 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0150 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Table 12 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 5)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	2023.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
737.40	2028.98	5.81	3.16	0.36	0.29
1474.80	2031.15	7.98	3.78	0.50	0.30
2212.20	2032.73	9.56	4.19	0.60	0.31
2949.60	2034.01	10.84	4.51	0.68	0.32
3687.00	2035.11	11.94	4.77	0.74	0.32
4424.40	2036.08	12.91	4.99	0.81	0.32
5161.80	2036.95	13.78	5.19	0.86	0.33
5899.20	2037.75	14.58	5.37	0.91	0.33
6636.60	2038.49	15.32	5.53	0.96	0.33
7374.00	2039.18	16.01	5.68	1.00	0.33

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 17.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0010

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 2023.17 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 5

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 25.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2033.00 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 13 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 6

Headwater Elevation	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 710.1	Roadway Discharge	Iterations
(ft)		Discharge (cfs)	(cfs)	
1989.80	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
1995.47	1179.70	1179.70	0.00	1
1998.80	2359.40	2359.40	0.00	1
2001.94	3539.10	3539.10	0.00	1
2004.25	4718.80	4309.12	409.35	5
2005.96	5898.50	4815.15	1083.31	4
2007.52	7078.20	5234.69	1843.46	4
2009.10	8257.90	5513.19	2744.67	4
2010.60	9437.60	5738.46	3699.11	4
2012.00	10617.30	5942.79	4674.48	4
2013.33	11797.00	6130.70	5666.27	4



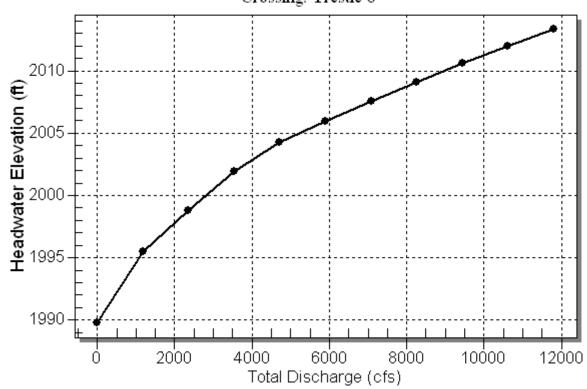


Table 14 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 710.1

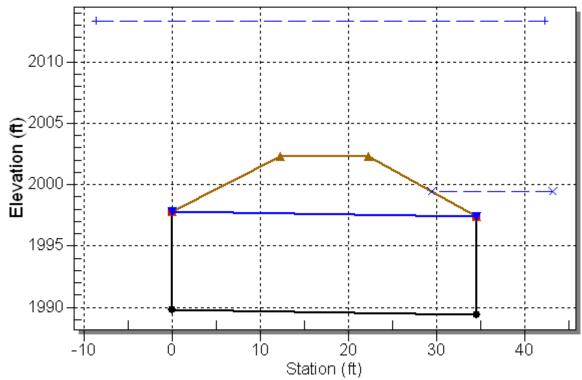
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
(013)	(013)			Doptii (it)						(103)	(103)
0.00	0.00	1989.80	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1179.70	1179.70	1995.47	0.000	5.672	2-M2c	3.891	3.545	3.545	3.128	10.734	8.667
2359.40	2359.40	1998.80	0.000	9.000	2-M2c	6.169	5.644	5.644	4.523	13.486	10.625
3539.10	3539.10	2001.94	0.000	12.138	7-M2c	8.000	7.404	7.404	5.574	15.419	11.913
4718.80	4309.12	2004.25	0.000	14.455	6-FFc	8.000	8.000	8.000	6.444	17.375	12.898
5898.50	4815.15	2005.96	0.000	16.159	6-FFc	8.000	8.000	8.000	7.198	19.416	13.704
7078.20	5234.69	2007.52	0.000	17.716	6-FFc	8.000	8.000	8.000	7.870	21.108	14.395
8257.90	5513.19	2009.10	0.000	19.301	4-FFf	8.000	8.000	8.000	8.480	22.231	14.999
9437.60	5738.46	2010.60	0.000	20.797	4-FFf	8.000	8.000	8.000	9.041	23.139	15.542
10617.30	5942.79	2012.00	0.000	22.199	4-FFf	8.000	8.000	8.000	9.562	23.963	16.035
11797.00	6130.70	2013.33	0.000	23.526	4-FFf	8.000	8.000	8.000	10.051	24.721	16.483

Inlet Elevation (invert): 1989.80 ft, $\;\;$ Outlet Elevation (invert): 1989.40 ft

Culvert Length: 34.50 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0116

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 710.1

Crossing - Trestle 6, Design Discharge - 11797.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 710.1, Culvert Discharge - 6130.7 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 710.1

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 1989.80 ft Outlet Station: 34.50 ft Outlet Elevation: 1989.40 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 710.1

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 31.00 ft Barrel Rise: 8.00 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Table 15 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 6)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	1989.40	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1179.70	1992.53	3.13	8.67	2.54	0.98
2359.40	1993.92	4.52	10.62	3.67	1.03
3539.10	1994.97	5.57	11.91	4.52	1.06
4718.80	1995.84	6.44	12.90	5.23	1.08
5898.50	1996.60	7.20	13.70	5.84	1.10
7078.20	1997.27	7.87	14.40	6.38	1.11
8257.90	1997.88	8.48	15.00	6.88	1.12
9437.60	1998.44	9.04	15.54	7.33	1.13
10617.30	1998.96	9.56	16.04	7.76	1.14
11797.00	1999.45	10.05	16.48	8.15	1.15

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 31.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0130

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 1989.40 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 6

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 50.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2002.30 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 16 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 7

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 710.8 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
(1.7)		Diserial go (ele)	(6.0)	
1960.75	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
1960.75	935.50	935.50	0.00	1
1971.59	1871.00	1647.46	223.47	8
1973.76	2806.50	1788.88	1017.49	5
1975.48	3742.00	1889.90	1852.06	4
1976.98	4677.50	1974.35	2703.09	4
1978.34	5613.00	2049.71	3563.23	4
1979.61	6548.50	2118.60	4429.85	4
1980.80	7484.00	2183.03	5300.93	4
1981.93	8419.50	2243.71	6175.76	4
1983.01	9355.00	2301.38	7053.60	4

Total Rating Curve Crossing: Trestle 7

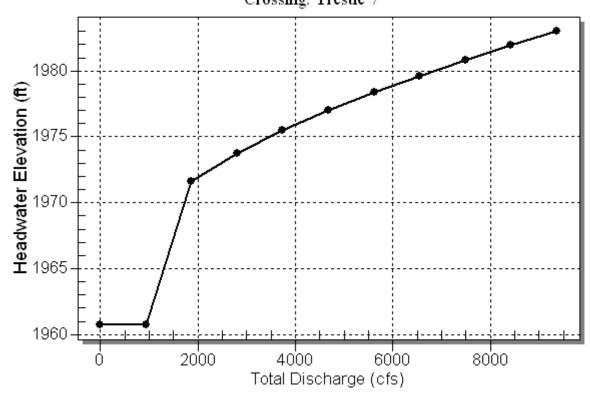


Table 17 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 710.8

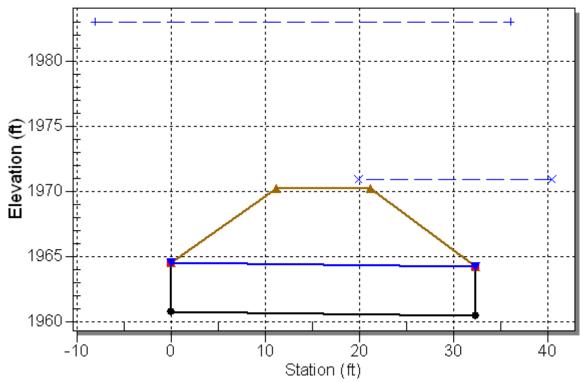
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	4000.75	0.000	0.000	O NIE	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
0.00 935.50	0.00 935.50	1960.75 1960.75	0.000	0.000	0-NF 1-S2n	0.000 2.559	0.000 3.573	0.000 3.055	0.000 3.288	0.000 12.344	0.000 7.268
1871.00	1647.46	1971.59	0.000	10.841	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	4.712	17.408	8.853
2806.50	1788.88	1973.76	0.000	13.010	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	5.775	18.902	9.898
3742.00	1889.90	1975.48	0.000	14.732	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	6.651	19.969	10.696
4677.50	1974.35	1976.98	0.000	16.231	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	7.407	20.862	11.352
5613.00	2049.71	1978.34	0.000	17.593	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	8.079	21.658	11.914
6548.50	2118.60	1979.61	0.000	18.857	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	8.689	22.386	12.405
7484.00	2183.03	1980.80	0.000	20.047	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	9.248	23.067	12.848
8419.50	2243.71	1981.93	0.000	21.177	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	9.767	23.708	13.249
9355.00	2301.38	1983.01	0.000	22.260	4-FFf	3.780	3.780	3.780	10.252	24.317	13.617

Inlet Elevation (invert): 1960.75 ft, $\;$ Outlet Elevation (invert): 1960.47 ft

Culvert Length: 32.35 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0087

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 710.8

Crossing - Trestle 7, Design Discharge - 9355.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 710.8, Culvert Discharge - 2301.4 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 710.8

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 1960.75 ft Outlet Station: 32.35 ft Outlet Elevation: 1960.47 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 710.8

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 26.00 ft Barrel Rise: 3.78 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0150 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Table 18 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 7)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	1960.70	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
935.50	1963.99	3.29	7.27	1.85	0.82
1871.00	1965.41	4.71	8.85	2.65	0.86
2806.50	1966.47	5.77	9.90	3.24	0.88
3742.00	1967.35	6.65	10.70	3.74	0.90
4677.50	1968.11	7.41	11.35	4.16	0.91
5613.00	1968.78	8.08	11.91	4.54	0.92
6548.50	1969.39	8.69	12.41	4.88	0.93
7484.00	1969.95	9.25	12.85	5.19	0.94
8419.50	1970.47	9.77	13.25	5.49	0.95
9355.00	1970.95	10.25	13.62	5.76	0.95

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 26.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0090

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 1960.70 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 7

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 50.00 ft

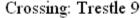
Crest Elevation: 1970.25 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 19 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 9

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 713.3 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
(11)		Bioonargo (olo)	(610)	
1841.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
1848.52	1616.40	899.99	716.26	8
1851.70	3232.80	1058.66	2174.05	6
1854.10	4849.20	1163.96	3685.18	5
1856.17	6465.60	1251.38	5213.49	4
1858.09	8082.00	1331.98	6750.02	4
1859.91	9698.40	1408.15	8290.24	4
1861.63	11314.80	1478.60	9836.19	4
1863.26	12931.20	1544.18	11387.00	4
1864.82	14547.60	1605.68	12941.91	4
1866.33	16164.00	1663.91	14500.08	4





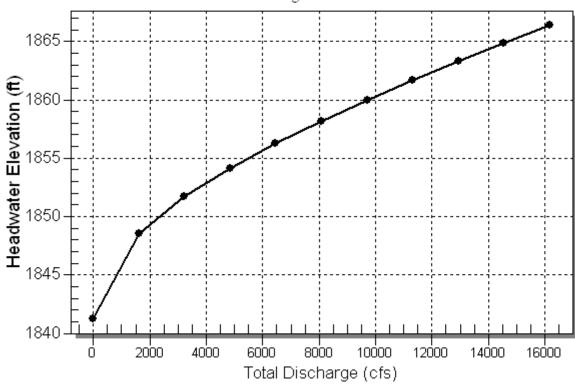


Table 20 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 713.3

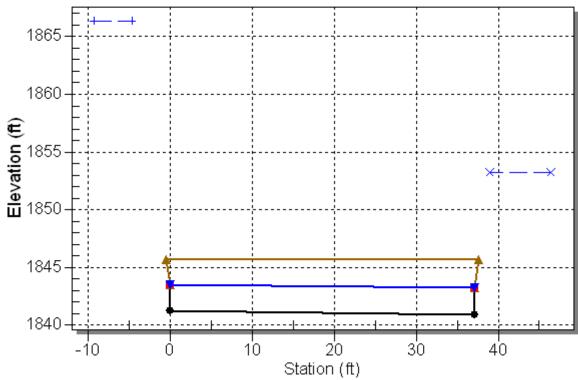
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
0.00	0.00	1841.20	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1616.40	899.99	1848.52	0.000	7.321	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	3.787	9.967	7.469
3232.80	1058.66	1851.70	0.000	10.501	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	5.499	11.724	9.186
4849.20	1163.96	1854.10	0.000	12.902	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	6.796	12.890	10.315
6465.60	1251.38	1856.17	0.000	14.974	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	7.871	13.858	11.179
8082.00	1331.98	1858.09	0.000	16.891	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	8.805	14.751	11.887
9698.40	1408.15	1859.91	0.000	18.710	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	9.638	15.594	12.491
11314.80	1478.60	1861.63	0.000	20.427	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	10.395	16.374	13.024
12931.20	1544.18	1863.26	0.000	22.059	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	11.091	17.101	13.499
14547.60	1605.68	1864.82	0.000	23.624	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	11.741	17.782	13.927
16164.00	1663.91	1866.33	0.000	25.129	4-FFf	2.300	2.300	2.300	12.348	18.426	14.324

Inlet Elevation (invert): 1841.20 ft, $\;\;$ Outlet Elevation (invert): 1840.90 ft

Culvert Length: 37.10 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0081

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 713.3

Crossing - Trestle 9, Design Discharge - 16164.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 713.3, Culvert Discharge - 1663.9 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 713.3

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 1841.20 ft
Outlet Station: 37.10 ft
Outlet Elevation: 1840.90 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 713.3

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 42.00 ft Barrel Rise: 2.30 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Table 21 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 9)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	1840.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1616.40	1844.70	3.79	7.47	1.73	0.76
3232.80	1846.41	5.50	9.19	2.50	0.80
4849.20	1847.71	6.80	10.31	3.10	0.82
6465.60	1848.78	7.87	11.18	3.59	0.84
8082.00	1849.71	8.80	11.89	4.01	0.85
9698.40	1850.55	9.64	12.49	4.39	0.86
11314.80	1851.30	10.39	13.02	4.73	0.87
12931.20	1852.00	11.09	13.50	5.05	0.88
14547.60	1852.65	11.74	13.93	5.35	0.89
16164.00	1853.26	12.35	14.32	5.62	0.89

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 42.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0073

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 1840.91 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 9

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 50.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 1845.70 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 38.00 ft

Table 22 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 10

Headwater Elevation	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 714.9 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge	Iterations
(ft)		Discharge (cis)	(cfs)	
1798.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
1803.27	1450.00	1450.00	0.00	1
1805.87	2900.00	2900.00	0.00	1
1808.16	4350.00	4350.00	0.00	1
1810.23	5800.00	5566.16	233.72	5
1812.06	7250.00	6274.63	975.39	4
1813.82	8700.00	6766.89	1933.10	4
1815.42	10150.00	7181.15	2968.84	4
1817.00	11600.00	7582.52	4017.10	4
1818.38	13050.00	7904.32	5145.64	4
1819.67	14500.00	8193.75	6306.24	4



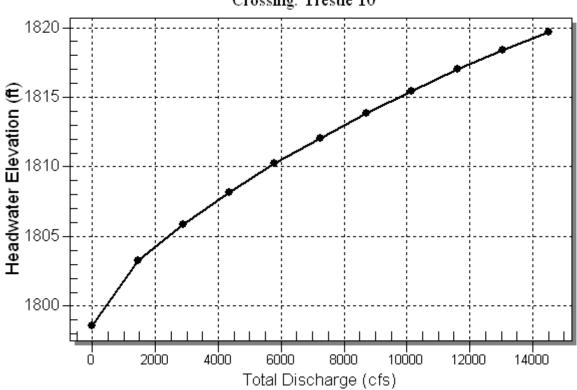


Table 23 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 714.9

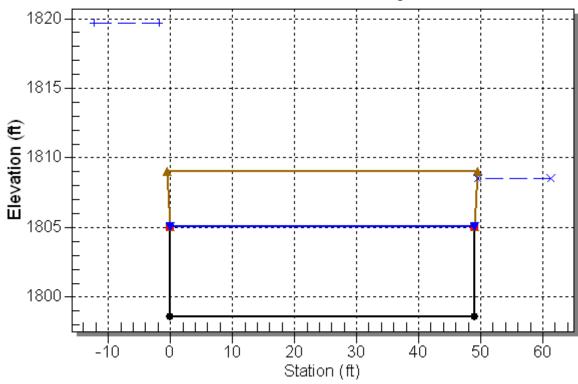
Total Discharge	Culvert Discharge	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity	Tailwater Velocity
(cfs)	(cfs)			Depth (ft)						(ft/s)	(ft/s)
0.00	0.00	1798.60	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1450.00	1450.00	1803.27	0.000	4.674	2-M2c	6.500	2.975	2.975	2.856	9.501	7.643
2900.00	2900.00	1805.87	0.000	7.269	2-M2c	6.500	4.618	4.618	4.220	11.936	9.561
4350.00	4350.00	1808.16	0.000	9.562	7-M2c	6.500	5.997	5.997	5.277	13.644	10.831
5800.00	5566.16	1810.23	0.000	11.628	6-FFc	6.500	6.500	6.500	6.165	16.064	11.810
7250.00	6274.63	1812.06	0.000	13.463	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	6.945	18.109	12.611
8700.00	6766.89	1813.82	0.000	15.225	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	7.644	19.529	13.299
10150.00	7181.15	1815.42	0.000	16.822	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	8.285	20.725	13.899
11600.00	7582.52	1817.00	0.000	18.398	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	8.880	21.883	14.432
13050.00	7904.32	1818.38	0.000	19.775	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	9.432	22.812	14.921
14500.00	8193.75	1819.67	0.000	21.067	4-FFf	6.500	6.500	6.500	9.953	23.647	15.366

Inlet Elevation (invert): 1798.60 ft, Outlet Elevation (invert): 1798.60 ft

Culvert Length: 49.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0000

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 714.9

Crossing - Trestle 10, Design Discharge - 14500.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 714.9, Culvert Discharge - 8193.7 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 714.9

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 1798.60 ft Outlet Station: 49.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 1798.60 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 714.9

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 55.00 ft Barrel Rise: 6.50 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0150 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Table 24 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 10)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	1798.60	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1450.00	1801.46	2.86	7.64	1.78	0.86
2900.00	1802.82	4.22	9.56	2.63	0.91
4350.00	1803.88	5.28	10.83	3.29	0.94
5800.00	1804.76	6.16	11.81	3.85	0.96
7250.00	1805.54	6.94	12.61	4.33	0.97
8700.00	1806.24	7.64	13.30	4.77	0.99
10150.00	1806.89	8.29	13.90	5.17	1.00
11600.00	1807.48	8.88	14.43	5.54	1.01
13050.00	1808.03	9.43	14.92	5.89	1.02
14500.00	1808.55	9.95	15.37	6.21	1.02

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 55.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0100

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 1798.60 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 10

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 60.00 ft

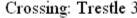
Crest Elevation: 1809.00 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 50.00 ft

Table 25 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 3

Headwater Elevation (ft)	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 708.7 Discharge (cfs)	Roadway Discharge (cfs)	Iterations
(1-)		2.00.1a.go (0.0)	(6.5)	
2066.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
2066.03	157.70	157.70	0.00	1
2066.03	315.40	315.40	0.00	1
2071.39	473.10	473.10	0.00	1
2073.78	630.80	630.80	0.00	1
2075.10	788.50	689.81	98.42	5
2075.70	946.20	705.90	240.14	4
2076.19	1103.90	716.36	387.45	4
2076.62	1261.60	725.13	536.42	4
2077.01	1419.30	732.65	686.31	3
2077.38	1577.00	739.72	837.26	4





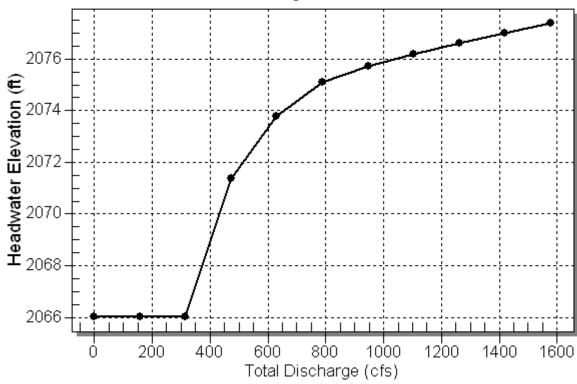


Table 26 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 708.7

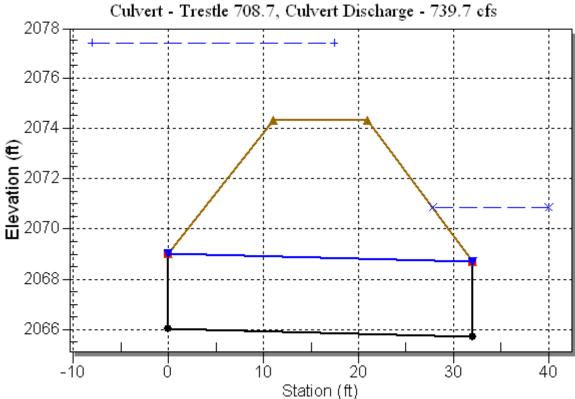
Total	Culvert	Headwater	Inlet Control	Outlet	Flow	Normal	Critical	Outlet Depth	Tailwater	Outlet	Tailwater
Discharge	Discharge	Elevation (ft)	Depth (ft)	Control	Type	Depth (ft)	Depth (ft)	(ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity	Velocity
(cfs)	(cfs)			Depth (ft)						(ft/s)	(ft/s)
0.00	0.00	2066.03	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
157.70	157.70	2066.03	0.000	0.000	1-S2n	1.155	1.577	1.273	1.624	8.850	4.739
315.40	315.40	2066.03	0.000	0.000	1-S2n	1.810	2.505	2.084	2.336	10.809	5.784
473.10	473.10	2071.39	0.000	5.365	6-FFc	2.365	3.000	3.000	2.868	11.264	6.475
630.80	630.80	2073.78	0.000	7.754	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.309	15.019	6.998
788.50	689.81	2075.10	0.000	9.066	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	3.689	16.424	7.432
946.20	705.90	2075.70	0.000	9.672	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	4.028	16.807	7.802
1103.90	716.36	2076.19	0.000	10.157	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	4.335	17.056	8.126
1261.60	725.13	2076.62	0.000	10.589	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	4.616	17.265	8.419
1419.30	732.65	2077.01	0.000	10.983	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	4.879	17.444	8.680
1577.00	739.72	2077.38	0.000	11.352	4-FFf	3.000	3.000	3.000	5.123	17.612	8.925

Inlet Elevation (invert): 2066.03 ft, $\;\;$ Outlet Elevation (invert): 2065.72 ft

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0097

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 708.7

Crossing - Trestle 3, Design Discharge - 1577.0 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 708.7

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 2066.03 ft Outlet Station: 32.00 ft Outlet Elevation: 2065.72 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 708.7

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 14.00 ft Barrel Rise: 3.00 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0150 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Inlet Edge Condition:
Inlet Depression: None

Table 27 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 3)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	2065.72	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
157.70	2067.34	1.62	4.74	0.97	0.75
315.40	2068.06	2.34	5.78	1.40	0.79
473.10	2068.59	2.87	6.47	1.72	0.81
630.80	2069.03	3.31	7.00	1.98	0.83
788.50	2069.41	3.69	7.43	2.21	0.84
946.20	2069.75	4.03	7.80	2.41	0.85
1103.90	2070.05	4.33	8.13	2.60	0.86
1261.60	2070.34	4.62	8.42	2.77	0.86
1419.30	2070.60	4.88	8.68	2.92	0.87
1577.00	2070.84	5.12	8.92	3.07	0.88

Tailwater Channel Data - Trestle 3

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 14.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0096

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 2065.72 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 3

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 50.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 2074.30 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Table 28 - Summary of Culvert Flows at Crossing: Trestle 8

Headwater Elevation	Total Discharge (cfs)	Trestle 711.9	Roadway Discharge	Iterations
(ft)		Discharge (cfs)	(cfs)	
1901.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	1
1907.12	1616.40	1616.40	0.00	1
1910.96	3232.80	3232.80	0.00	1
1913.63	4849.20	4183.56	665.57	5
1915.93	6465.60	4754.26	1711.29	5
1918.11	8082.00	5130.69	2951.28	5
1920.07	9698.40	5449.67	4248.22	3
1921.89	11314.80	5732.12	5582.67	4
1923.60	12931.20	5988.56	6942.63	4
1925.22	14547.60	6224.53	8323.06	4
1926.77	16164.00	6444.76	9719.23	4

Rating Curve Plot for Crossing: Trestle 8



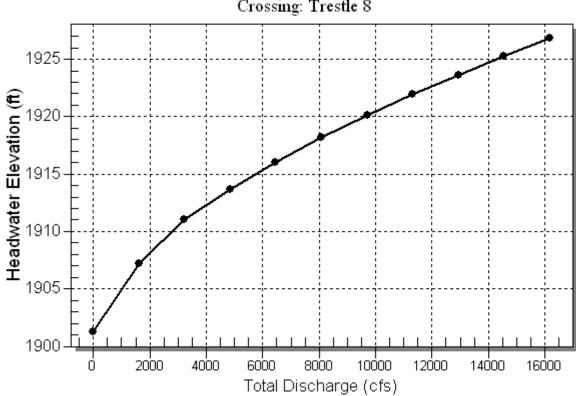


Table 29 - Culvert Summary Table: Trestle 711.9

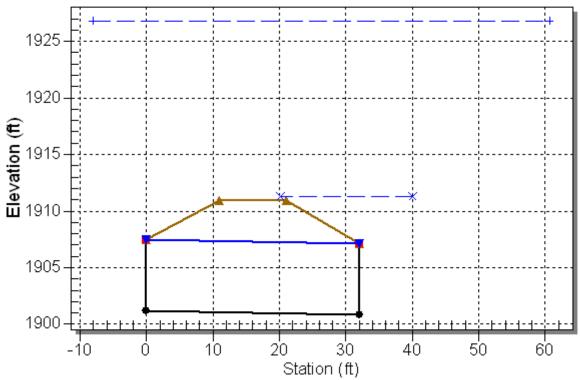
Total Discharge (cfs)	Culvert Discharge (cfs)	Headwater Elevation (ft)	Inlet Control Depth (ft)	Outlet Control Depth (ft)	Flow Type	Normal Depth (ft)	Critical Depth (ft)	Outlet Depth (ft)	Tailwater Depth (ft)	Outlet Velocity (ft/s)	Tailwater Velocity (ft/s)
(013)	(013)			Deptii (it)						(103)	(11/3)
0.00	0.00	1901.22	0.000	0.000	0-NF	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1616.40	1616.40	1907.12	0.000	5.900	2-M2c	3.968	3.699	3.699	3.202	10.923	10.558
3232.80	3232.80	1910.96	0.000	9.738	7-M2c	6.250	5.886	5.886	4.648	13.731	12.980
4849.20	4183.56	1913.63	0.000	12.411	6-FFc	6.250	6.250	6.250	5.741	16.734	14.573
6465.60	4754.26	1915.93	0.000	14.713	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	6.648	19.017	15.790
8082.00	5130.69	1918.11	0.000	16.888	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	7.435	20.523	16.791
9698.40	5449.67	1920.07	0.000	18.850	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	8.138	21.799	17.643
11314.80	5732.12	1921.89	0.000	20.667	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	8.776	22.928	18.391
12931.20	5988.56	1923.60	0.000	22.376	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	9.363	23.954	19.062
14547.60	6224.53	1925.22	0.000	23.998	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	9.910	24.898	19.666
16164.00	6444.76	1926.77	0.000	25.550	4-FFf	6.250	6.250	6.250	10.421	25.779	20.227

 $\label{eq:continuity} Inlet \ Elevation \ (invert): 1901.22 \ ft, \quad Outlet \ Elevation \ (invert): 1900.85 \ ft$

Culvert Length: 32.00 ft, Culvert Slope: 0.0116

Water Surface Profile Plot for Culvert: Trestle 711.9

Crossing - Trestle 8, Design Discharge - 16164.0 cfs Culvert - Trestle 711.9, Culvert Discharge - 6444.8 cfs



Site Data - Trestle 711.9

Site Data Option: Culvert Invert Data

Inlet Station: 0.00 ft

Inlet Elevation: 1901.22 ft
Outlet Station: 32.00 ft
Outlet Elevation: 1900.85 ft

Number of Barrels: 1

Culvert Data Summary - Trestle 711.9

Barrel Shape: User Defined

Barrel Span: 40.00 ft Barrel Rise: 6.25 ft

Barrel Material:

Barrel Manning's n: 0.0350 (top and sides)

Manning's n: 1.4lf (bottom)

Inlet Type:

Inlet Edge Condition:
Inlet Depression: None

Table 30 - Downstream Channel Rating Curve (Crossing: Trestle 8)

Flow (cfs)	Water Surface Elev (ft)	Depth (ft)	Velocity (ft/s)	Shear (psf)	Froude Number
0.00	1900.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1616.40	1904.05	3.20	10.56	3.66	1.17
3232.80	1905.50	4.65	12.98	5.31	1.23
4849.20	1906.59	5.74	14.57	6.56	1.27
6465.60	1907.50	6.65	15.79	7.59	1.29
8082.00	1908.28	7.43	16.79	8.49	1.31
9698.40	1908.99	8.14	17.64	9.29	1.33
11314.80	1909.63	8.78	18.39	10.02	1.34
12931.20	1910.21	9.36	19.06	10.69	1.35
14547.60	1910.76	9.91	19.67	11.32	1.36
16164.00	1911.27	10.42	20.23	11.90	1.37

Tailwater Channel Data - Trestle 8

Tailwater Channel Option: Trapezoidal Channel

Bottom Width: 35.00 ft

Side Slope (H:V): 4.00 (_:1)

Channel Slope: 0.0183

Channel Manning's n: 0.0350

Channel Invert Elevation: 1900.85 ft

Roadway Data for Crossing: Trestle 8

Roadway Profile Shape: Constant Roadway Elevation

Crest Length: 50.00 ft

Crest Elevation: 1910.97 ft Roadway Surface: Gravel

Roadway Top Width: 10.00 ft

Estimate Potential Scour at SunCatcherTM foundation

SES Solar One Initial Drainage Report

Stantec Proj. No. 2000024301

Estimate Potential Scour at SunCatcher ™ foundation

CSU Equation for pier	scour
	d

	d	d	y1	y1	b		V	V	У				
Location / Reach	(ft)	(m)	(ft)	(m)	(m)	Fr	(ft/s)	(m/s)	(m)	K1	K2	K3	K4
1	1.36	0.41	1.00	0.30	0.46	0.18	1.00	0.30	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
2	1.83	0.56	1.00	0.30	0.46	0.35	2.00	0.61	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
3	2.18	0.66	1.00	0.30	0.46	0.53	3.00	0.91	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
4	2.46	0.75	1.00	0.30	0.46	0.71	4.00	1.22	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
5	2.71	0.83	1.00	0.30	0.46	0.88	5.00	1.52	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
6	2.93	0.89	1.00	0.30	0.46	1.06	6.00	1.83	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
7	3.13	0.96	1.00	0.30	0.46	1.23	7.00	2.13	0.3	1	1	1.1	1
8	1.49	0.45	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.12	1.00	0.30	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
9	2.01	0.61	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.25	2.00	0.61	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
10	2.39	0.73	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.37	3.00	0.91	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
11	2.71	0.82	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.50	4.00	1.22	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
12	2.98	0.91	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.62	5.00	1.52	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
13	3.22	0.98	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.75	6.00	1.83	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
14	3.44	1.05	2.00	0.61	0.46	0.87	7.00	2.13	0.61	1	1	1.1	1
15	1.57	0.48	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.10	1.00	0.30	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
16	2.12	0.65	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.20	2.00	0.61	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
17	2.53	0.77	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.31	3.00	0.91	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
18	2.86	0.87	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.41	4.00	1.22	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
19	3.15	0.96	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.51	5.00	1.52	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
20	3.40	1.04	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.61	6.00	1.83	0.91	1	1	1.1	1
21	3.64	1.11	3.00	0.91	0.46	0.71	7.00	2.13	0.91	1	1	1.1	1

Date: 11/07/08

Date Checked:

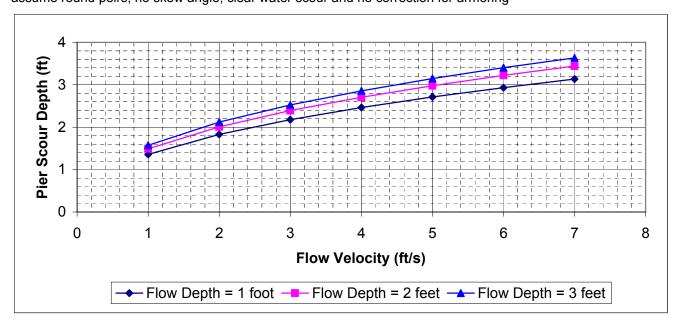
Date Revised:

By: cg

By:

By:

assume round peirs, no skew angle, clear water scour and no correction for armoring



SES Solar One

Initial Drainage Report

Stantec Proj. No. 2000024301

Estimate Potential Scour at SunCatcher ™ foundation

Date: 11/07/08 By: cg
Date Checked: By:

Date Revised: By:

CSU Equation for piers

$$d/y_1 = 2.0 K_1 K_2 K_3 K_4 (b/y_1)^{0.65} Fr^{0.43}$$
 (12)

where: d = maximum depth of scour below local streambed elevation (m)

 y_1 = flow depth directly upstream of the pier (m)

b = pier width (m) (Figure H-4)

Fr = Froude number: $V / (g y)^{0.5}$ (dimensionless)

Where: V = velocity of flow approaching the abutment (m/s)

g = acceleration due to gravity (9.81 m/s²)

y = flow depth at pier (m)

K1 through K4 are as defined below

Note that for the special case of round-nosed piers aligned with the flow:

 $d \le 2.4$ times the pier width for $Fr \le 0.8$

 $d \le 3.0$ times the pier width for Fr > 0.8

SES Solar One

Initial Drainage Report

Stantec Proj. No. 2000024301

Date Checked: By:
Date Revised: By:

Date: 11/07/08 By: cg

Estimate Potential Scour at SunCatcher ™ foundation

K_1 = Correction factor for pier nose shape:

For approach flow angle of attack \geq 5 degrees, K_4 = 1.0 (Figure H-4) For approach flow angle of attack \leq 5 degrees:

square nose	$K_4 = 1.1$
round nose	$K_1 = 1.0$
circular cylinder	$K_1 = 1.0$
group of cylinders	$K_1 = 1.0$
sharp nose	$K_4 = 0.9$

K_2 = Correction factor for angle of attack of flow

$$K_2 = (\cos \theta + L/b \sin \theta)^{0.65}$$

where: $K_2 = \text{correction factor from Table H-3}$

L = length of the pier which is being directly subjected to impinging flow at the

angle of attack (m) (Figure H-4)

 θ = flow angle of attack to pier (in degrees)

Maximum L/b = 12

Table H-3. K₂ vs. L/b

θ	L/b = 4	L/b = 8	L/b = 12
0	1	1	1
15	1.5	2	2.5
30	2	2.8	3.5
45	2.3	3.3	4.3
90	2.5	3.9	5

 K_3 = Correction factor for bed conditions, based on dune height, where dunes are repeating hills formed from moving sand across the channel bed.

Table H-4 K, based on bed conditions

Bed Conditions	Dune height	K_s
	(m)	
clear water scour	N/A	1.1
plane bed & antidune flow	N/A	1.1
small dimes	0.6 to 3	1.1
medium dunes	3 to 9	1.1 to 1.2
large dunes	9≥	1.3

SES Solar One

Initial Drainage Report

Stantec Proj. No. 2000024301

Estimate Potential Scour at SunCatcher ™ foundation

Date: 11/07/08 By: cg

By:

Date Checked: By:

Date Revised:

For gravel-bed rivers, the recommended value of K_3 is 1.1

 K_t = Correction factor for armoring of bed material (scour decreases with armoring)

$$K_4$$
 range = 0.7 to 1.0

$$K_4 = 1.0$$
, for $D_{50} \le 0.06$ m, or for $V_r \ge 1.0$

$$K_4 = [1 - 0.89 (1 - V_r)^2]^{0.5}$$
, for $D_{50} \ge 0.06 \text{ m}$,

where:

$$V_r = (V - V_i)/(V_{c00} - V_i)$$

 $V_i = 0.645 (D_{50}/b)^{0.053} V_{c50}$

$$V_c = 6.19 \text{ v}_1^{1/6} \text{ D}_c^{1/3}$$

and:

V = approach flow velocity (m/s)

 $V_r = velocity ratio$

 V_i = approach velocity when particles at a pier begin to move (m/s)

 V_{a00} = critical velocity for D90 bed material size (m/s)

 V_{ct0} = critical velocity for D50 bed material size (m/s)

g = acceleration due to gravity (9.81 m/s²)

D_o = critical particle size for the critical velocity, V_o (m)

 y_i = flow depth directly upstream of the pier (m)